

# Converting Colors

YUV(65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259)  
contains.

|  |    |
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# Color

**YUV(65.2840, -7.0420,  
65.5259)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | 8C1E33                    |
| RGB         | 140, 30, 51               |
| RGB Percent | 55%, 12%, 20%             |
| CMY         | 0.4510, 0.8824, 0.8000    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.79, 0.64, 0.45    |
| HSL         | 349°, 65%, 33%            |
| HSV         | 349°, 79%, 55%            |
| XYZ         | 11.8770, 6.7430, 3.8075   |
| YIQ         | 65.2840, 58.8190, 29.8510 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

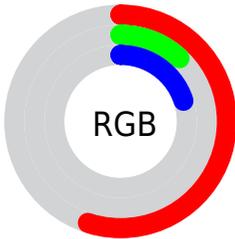
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 140, 30, 51                  |
| Decimal                             | 9182771                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 31.21, 46.46, 16.00          |
| CIE LCh                             | 31, 49.141, 19.005           |
| Yxy                                 | 6.7430, 0.5296,<br>0.3007    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4287372851<br>(0xFF8C1E33)   |
| YUV                                 | 65.2840, -7.0420,<br>65.5259 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 25.9673, 36.2002,<br>9.4836  |

# Details

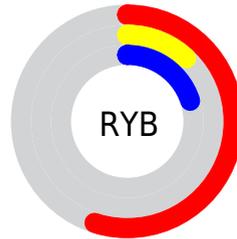
The YUV color **65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **104.7160, 7.0420, -65.5259**, and the grayscale version is **65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120.4540, -11.5628, 68.8848**, and **25.5010, -9.6140, 50.4266** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.8120, -7.7953, 73.8329**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.7560, -6.2887, 57.2190**.

# Distribution



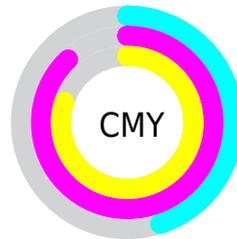
- Red (55%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

65.2840, -7.0420,  
65.5259

65.2840, -7.0420,  
65.5259

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

36.6090, -3.2582,  
65.2409

120.4540,  
-11.5628, 68.8848

25.5010, -9.6140,  
50.4266

147.5360,  
-12.5892, 71.4439

17.2710, -7.5286,  
34.8423

174.1230,  
-12.8786, 70.9291

5.9800, -2.9481,  
12.2955

193.5230, -9.6248,  
53.9153

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

213.0370, -5.9342,  
36.8016

233.3660, -1.6594,

18.9730

253.2390, 0.8682,  
1.5444

■ 65.2840, -7.0420,  
65.5259

■ 65.2840, -7.0420,  
65.5259

■ 55.8120, -7.7953,  
73.8329

■ 74.7560, -6.2887,  
57.2190

■ 46.2260, -8.9854,  
82.2398

■ 84.3420, -5.0986,  
48.8121

■ 44.9380, -8.8434,  
83.3694

■ 93.8140, -4.3453,  
40.5051

■ 103.2860, -3.5920,  
32.1982

■ 112.8720, -2.4019,  
23.7913

■ 122.3440, -1.6486,  
15.4843

■ 131.8160, -0.8953,  
7.1774

■ 141.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 150.8740, 1.0481,  
-9.5365

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.8220, 10.4408, 58.0381



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



68.3320, -26.7857, 51.4518

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



54.1000, -18.7833, -42.1837



65.2340, 41.7896, -57.2102

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



104.7160, 7.0420, -65.5259

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.1770, 31.4647, -58.9142



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



58.7410, -0.8583, -51.5159

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



66.4060, -32.7382, 0.5209



64.0020, 16.7610, -56.1298



67.1280, 39.3769, -29.9303

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



68.9960, -34.0150, 36.8375



64.0020, 16.7610, -56.1298



66.5390, 39.1743, -58.3547

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



151.7690, -2.8441, 25.6356



68.8520, 35.0760, 43.1028



73.6430, -1.7960, 16.0991



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



65.4780, -11.0817, 101.3128



82.2610, -25.7647, 50.6371



64.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



42.6170, -8.6852, 79.2659



1.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259



65.4780, -11.0817, 101.3128



87.7390, 25.7647, -50.6371



64.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



42.6170, -8.6852, 79.2659

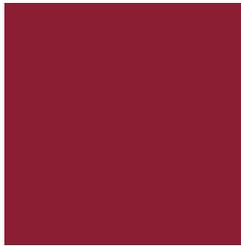


1.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

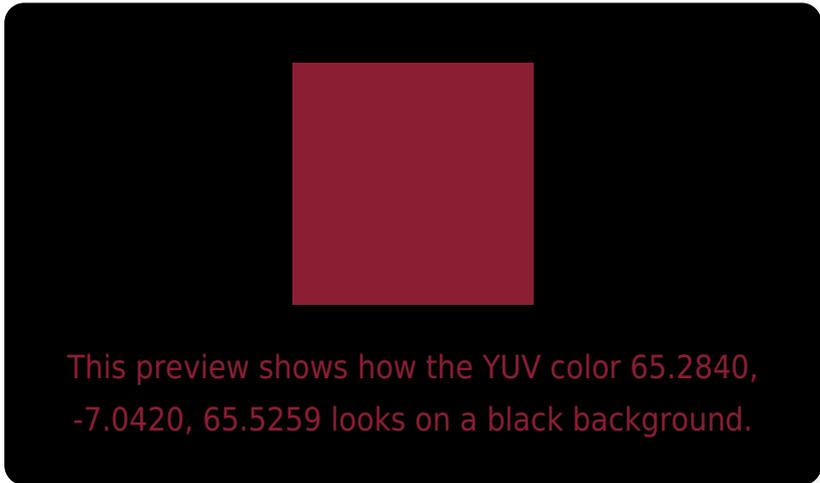
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.2840, -7.0420,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259

### Protanopia

75.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442

### Deuteranopia

74.6030, -14.5943, 14.3802



## Tritanopia

65.3950, -15.4777, 64.5516

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259

## Protanomaly

72.0140, -4.4439, 25.4207

## Deuteranomaly

71.4080, -12.0331, 32.9682

## Tritanomaly

65.4920, -12.5676, 64.4665

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259

## Achromatopsia

65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

64.8720, -2.4019, 23.7913

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 30, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 30, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 30, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 30, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 30, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 30, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 30, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 30, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 30, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 30,  
51) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.2840, -7.0420, 65.5259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 30, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 30,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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