

Converting Colors

YUV(65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174)
contains.

YUV(65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(65.2880, -16.9040,
8.5174)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4B431F
RGB	75, 67, 31
RGB Percent	29%, 26%, 12%
CMY	0.7059, 0.7373, 0.8784
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.59, 0.71
HSL	49°, 42%, 21%
HSV	49°, 59%, 29%
XYZ	5.1561, 5.6091, 2.1072
YIQ	65.2880, 16.3240, -9.5000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

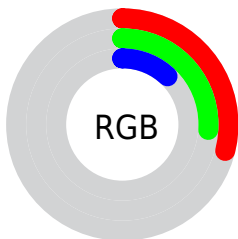
Format	Color
RYB	41, 75, 31
Decimal	4932383
CIELab	28.40, -2.12, 22.86
CIELCh	28, 22.960, 95.296
Yxy	5.6091, 0.4006, 0.4357
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283122463 (0xFF4B431F)
YUV	65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174
Hunter-Lab	23.6835, -2.5850, 11.3032

Details

The YUV color **65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **40.7120, 16.9040, -8.5174**, and the grayscale version is **65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.5440, -18.5092, 10.0469**, and **23.0580, -11.3676, 6.0881** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.9030, -19.6722, 9.7321**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.7870, -13.6990, 7.2028**.

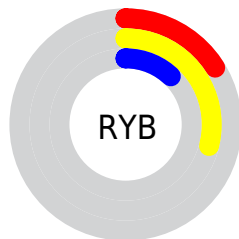
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (26%)

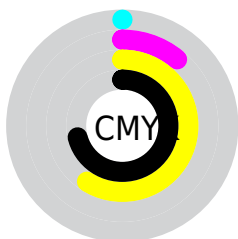
Blue (12%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (12%)

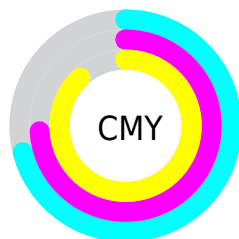


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (59%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.2880, -16.9040,
8.5174

■ 65.2880, -16.9040,
8.5174

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 42.8750, -17.1934,
8.0026

■ 113.5440,
-18.5092, 10.0469

■ 23.0580, -11.3676,
6.0881

■ 138.7290,
-19.0934, 10.7617

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 165.9140,
-19.6776, 11.4764

■ 192.8000,
-20.1144, 11.5764

■ 220.8710,
-21.1354, 12.3911

■ 246.4790,

-19.9561, 7.4729

■ 252.6060, -9.1728,
2.0995

■ 65.2880, -16.9040,
8.5174

■ 65.2880, -16.9040,
8.5174

■ 63.9030, -19.6722,
9.7321

■ 66.7870, -13.6990,
7.2028

■ 61.8170, -22.5878,
11.5615

■ 68.7590, -11.2202,
5.4734

■ 60.4320, -25.3560,
12.7761

■ 70.2580, -8.0152,
4.1587

■ 58.9330, -28.5610,
14.0908

■ 71.6430, -5.2470,
2.9441

■ 58.2320, -28.7084,
14.7055

■ 73.7290, -2.3314,
1.1147

■ 75.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 77.2000, 3.3524,
-1.9294

■ 78.5850, 6.1206,
-3.1440

■ 80.0840, 9.3256,
-4.4587

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.7070, -15.6316, 20.4280



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



63.2260, -12.9294, -6.3372

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



54.5300, 16.0077, -47.8228



69.1410, 6.3395, 20.0473

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



40.7120, 16.9040, -8.5174

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.5780, 13.5190, 3.8781



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



54.1370, 22.1175, -47.4781

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



52.5920, 8.5821, -46.1232



64.7000, 18.3889, -18.1539



68.4210, -1.6866, 27.6948

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



61.2400, -7.5133, -16.8735



64.7000, 18.3889, -18.1539



69.0910, 8.8291, 14.8292

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



93.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440



45.0680, -2.9915, 26.2504



46.2730, -4.0786, 1.5146



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174



82.2040, -26.2296, 12.9761



65.7980, -17.1554, -4.2078



37.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999



79.2190, -39.0550, 19.9789



179.1260, -88.3091, 44.6165

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40.7120, 16.9040, -8.5174



43.7960, 26.2296, -12.9761



40.2020, 17.1554, 4.2078



35.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



22.7810, 39.0550, -19.9789



50.8740, 88.3091, -44.6165

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

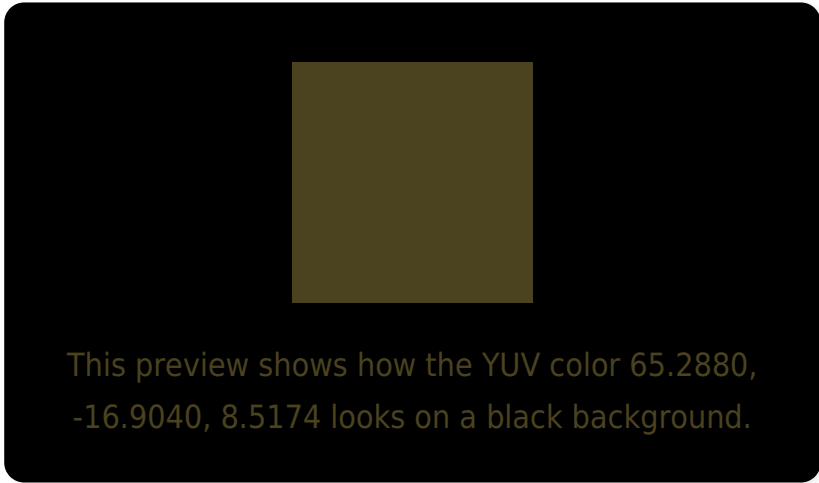
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

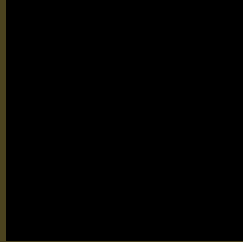
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174.

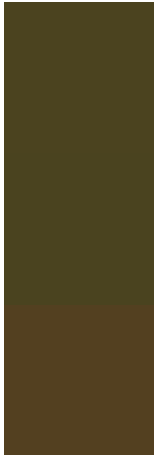


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.2880, -16.9040,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174

Protanopia

64.9890, -16.7566, 7.9026

Deuteranopia

66.0330, -16.7783, 14.8801



Tritanopia

68.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174

Protanomaly

64.9890, -16.7566, 7.9026

Deuteranomaly

65.7230, -16.6254, 12.5209

Tritanomaly

66.8610, -5.8475, 8.8919

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174

Achromatopsia

65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

65.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(75, 67, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(75, 67, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(75, 67, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(75, 67, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

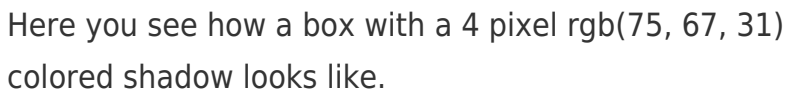
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(75, 67, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(75, 67, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(75, 67, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(75, 67, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 67, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(75, 67, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(75, 67, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(75, 67,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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