

Converting Colors

YUV(65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(65.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B4444
RGB	59, 68, 68
RGB Percent	23%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.7686, 0.7333, 0.7333
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.00, 0.73
HSL	180°, 7%, 25%
HSV	180°, 13%, 27%
XYZ	4.9141, 5.4814, 6.2679
YIQ	65.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

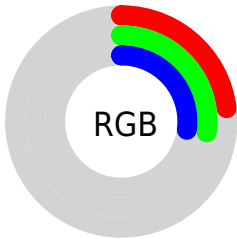
Format	Color
R _Y B	59, 64, 68
Decimal	3884100
CIE Lab	28.06, -3.66, -1.25
CIE LCh	28, 3.872, 198.839
Yxy	5.4814, 0.2949, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282074180 (0xFF3B4444)
YUV	65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330
Hunter-Lab	23.4124, -3.5055, 0.5159

Details

The YUV color **65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **61.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330**, and the grayscale version is **65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478**, and **22.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **67.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296**.

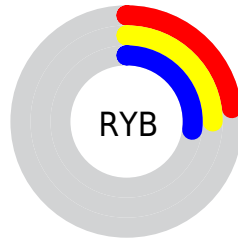
Distribution



 Red (23%)

 Green (27%)

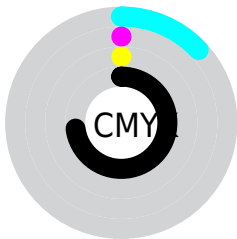
 Blue (27%)




 Red (23%)

 Yellow (25%)

 Blue (27%)

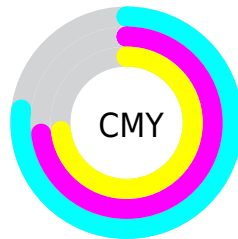


 Cyan (13%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (73%)



 Cyan (77%)

 Magenta (73%)

 Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 65.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 43.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 113.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 22.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

■ 138.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 165.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 192.0100, 1.4741,
-6.1478

■ 219.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 248.7110, 1.6215,

-6.7625

■ 65.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 65.3090, 1.3267,
-5.5330

■ 63.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 67.4020, 0.2948,
-1.2296

■ 61.1230, 3.3904,
-14.1399

■ 69.4950, -0.7370,
3.0739

■ 59.3290, 4.2748,
-17.8285

■ 71.2890, -1.6215,
6.7625

■ 57.2360, 5.3067,
-22.1320

■ 73.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

■ 55.1430, 6.3385,
-26.4354

■ 75.4750, -3.6852,
15.3694

■ 53.0500, 7.3704,
-30.7388

■ 77.5680, -4.7170,
19.6729

■ 50.9570, 8.4022,
-35.0423

■ 79.6610, -5.7489,
23.9763

■ 49.1630, 9.2866,
-38.7310

■ 81.4550, -6.6333,
27.6650

■ 47.6680, 10.0237,
-41.8048

■ 83.5480, -7.6652,
31.9684

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.2660, -0.1311, -4.6183



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



65.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



66.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



66.5120, -3.2104, 3.0590

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



61.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



66.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



66.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146



66.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



66.3160, -2.6208, 0.5999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



65.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



66.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



66.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



88.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



64.2830, -2.6045, -4.6332



45.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



84.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069



62.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738



32.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



67.9970, 14.2985, -59.6334



157.0240, 33.0192, -137.7100

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



80.7820, 4.0515, 7.2072



64.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



31.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444



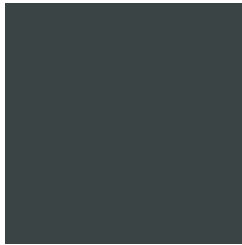
40.0610, 28.0709, 49.9355



92.5120, 64.8236, 115.3150

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

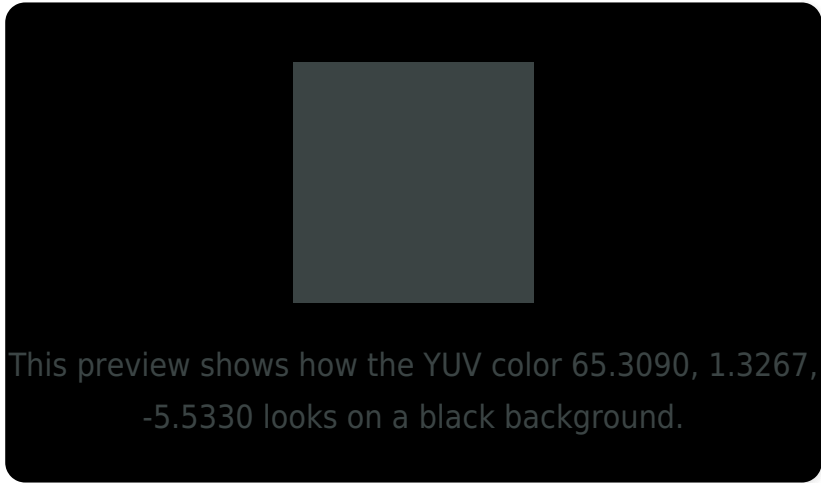
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

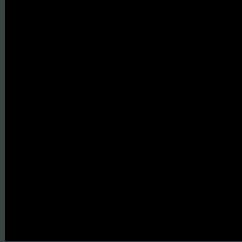
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

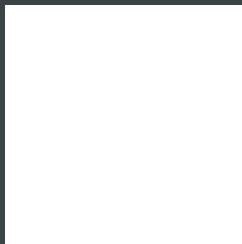
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330.



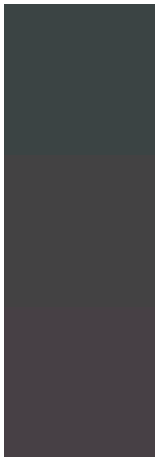
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330.

-5.5330.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Protanopia

66.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

Deuteranopia

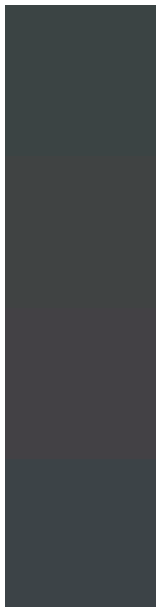
66.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035



Tritanopia

65.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Protanomaly

66.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443

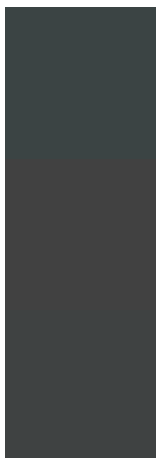
Deuteranomaly

66.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296

Tritanomaly

65.3630, 2.7790, -4.7034

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330

Achromatopsia

65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

65.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 68, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 68, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 68, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 68, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 68, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 68, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 68, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 68, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 68, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 68, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 68, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 68,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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