

Converting Colors

YUV(65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(65.4750, -3.6852,
15.3694)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	533A3A
RGB	83, 58, 58
RGB Percent	33%, 23%, 23%
CMY	0.6745, 0.7725, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.67
HSL	0°, 18%, 28%
HSV	0°, 30%, 33%
XYZ	5.8441, 5.1706, 4.6930
YIQ	65.4750, 14.9000, 5.3000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

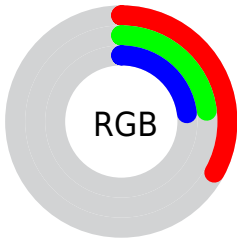
Format	Color
RYB	83, 58, 58
Decimal	5454394
CIELab	27.22, 11.07, 4.39
CIELCh	27, 11.910, 21.610
Yxy	5.1706, 0.3721, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283644474 (0xFF533A3A)
YUV	65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694
Hunter-Lab	22.7390, 6.0825, 3.6807

Details

The YUV color **65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **75.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694**, and the grayscale version is **66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138**, and **22.1650, -3.5323, 13.0103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.8670, -4.8644, 20.2876**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512**.

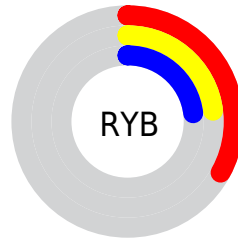
Distribution



 Red (33%)

 Green (23%)

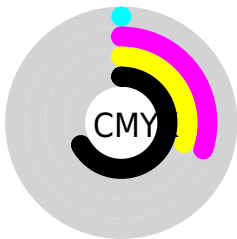
 Blue (23%)



 Red (33%)

 Yellow (23%)

 Blue (23%)

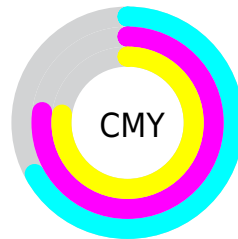


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (30%)

 Yellow (30%)

 Black (67%)



 Cyan (67%)

 Magenta (77%)

 Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 65.4750, -3.6852,
15.3694

■ 65.4750, -3.6852,
15.3694

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 42.8770, -3.3904,
14.1399

■ 113.3720, -4.1274,
17.2138

■ 22.1650, -3.5323,
13.0103

■ 138.9700, -4.4222,
18.4433

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 165.8560, -4.8590,
18.5433

■ 193.1550, -5.0064,
19.1581

■ 220.5680, -4.7170,
19.6729

■ 244.3710, -2.6479,

9.3216

■ 65.4750, -3.6852,
15.3694

■ 65.4750, -3.6852,
15.3694

■ 59.8670, -4.8644,
20.2876

■ 71.0830, -2.5059,
10.4512

■ 53.5580, -6.1911,
25.8206

■ 77.3920, -1.1793,
4.9182

■ 47.9500, -7.3704,
30.7388

■ 83.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 42.3420, -8.5496,
35.6571

■ 88.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

■ 36.7340, -9.7289,
40.5753

■ 94.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 30.4250, -11.0555,
46.1083

■ 100.5250, 3.6852,
-15.3694

■ 24.8170, -12.2348,
51.0265

■ 106.1330, 4.8644,
-20.2876

■ 111.7410, 6.0437,
-25.2059

■ 118.0500, 7.3703,
-30.7389

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



65.9030, 0.5408, 13.2401



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



64.8400, -7.3161, 13.2953

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



62.1040, -4.4883, -7.1072



63.0400, 9.3473, -11.4361

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



75.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.7680, 8.4954, -18.2135



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



60.6130, 0.1908, -14.5696

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



63.2360, -8.0043, 0.6700



59.9590, 5.4432, -19.2580



64.7530, 8.0098, -2.4144

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



64.4760, -8.6157, 10.1065



59.9590, 5.4432, -19.2580



62.3170, 9.2107, -14.3100

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



99.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478



68.3250, 7.2348, 12.8700



49.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



80.3620, -5.6015, 23.3615



72.5190, -7.1579, 9.1918



38.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



31.3950, -15.4777, 64.5516



69.3680, -34.1984, 142.6283

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694



95.6380, 5.6015, -23.3615



67.8940, 7.4473, -8.6770



39.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



73.6050, 15.4777, -64.5516



162.6320, 34.1984, -142.6283

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

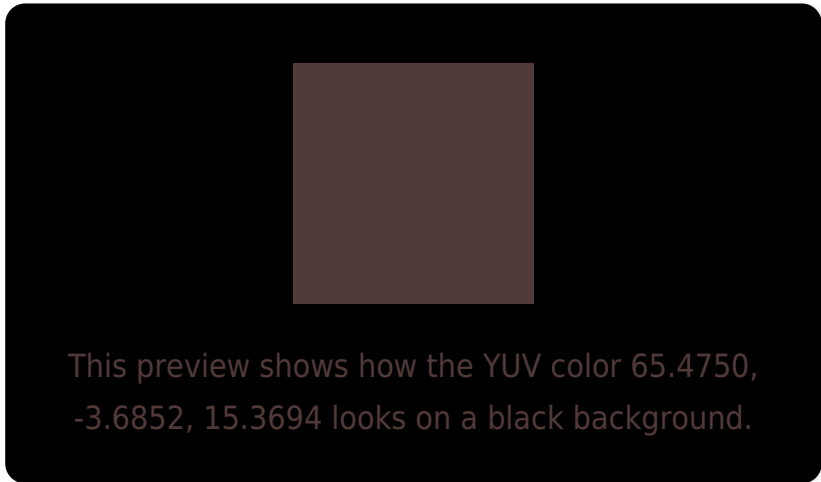
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

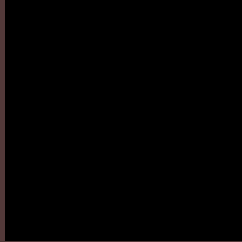
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694.

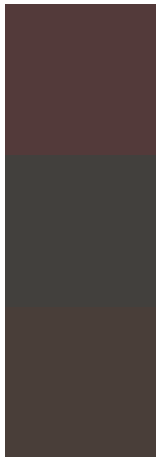


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.4750, -3.6852,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694

Protanopia

64.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295

Deuteranopia

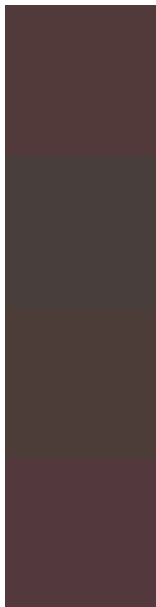
64.7190, -3.8055, 7.2624



Tritanopia

65.3440, -1.6486, 15.4843

Trichromacy



Original Color

65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694

Protanomaly

64.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477

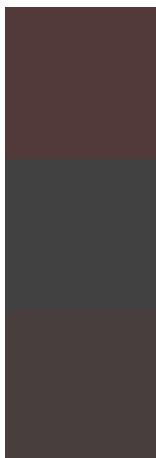
Deuteranomaly

65.3280, -4.1057, 10.2363

Tritanomaly

65.2300, -2.0854, 15.5843

Monochromacy



Original Color

65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694

Achromatopsia

65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

64.9900, -1.4741, 6.1478

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 58, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 58, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 58, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 58, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 58, 58) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 58, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(83, 58, 58)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 58, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 58, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 58, 58)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 58, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 58,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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