

# Converting Colors

YUV(65.5370, -11.1107,  
17.0691)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(65.5370, -11.1107,  
17.0691)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	553C2B
RGB	85, 60, 43
RGB Percent	33%, 24%, 17%
CMY	0.6667, 0.7647, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.49, 0.67
HSL	24°, 33%, 25%
HSV	24°, 49%, 33%
XYZ	5.7982, 5.3374, 3.0101
YIQ	65.5370, 20.3570, 0.0130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

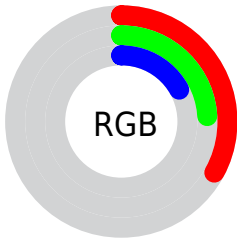
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	85, 72, 43
Decimal	5585963
CIELab	27.68, 8.57, 14.83
CIElCh	28, 17.128, 59.963
Yxy	5.3374, 0.4099, 0.3773
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283776043 (0xFF553C2B)
YUV	65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691
Hunter-Lab	23.1029, 4.3688, 8.4470

# Details

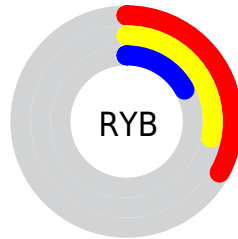
The YUV color **65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **62.4630, 11.1107, -17.0691**, and the grayscale version is **66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.6190, -12.1372, 19.6281**, and **22.2270, -10.9579, 14.7099** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.6900, -13.1582, 20.4429**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.3840, -9.0633, 13.6952**.

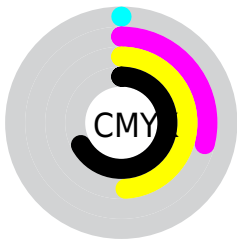
# Distribution



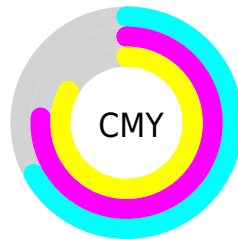
- Red (33%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (83%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.5370, -11.1107,  
17.0691

■ 65.5370, -11.1107,  
17.0691

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 43.0530, -10.3791,  
15.7395

■ 113.6190,  
-12.1372, 19.6281

■ 22.2270, -10.9579,  
14.7099

■ 139.6900,  
-13.1582, 20.4429

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 165.9890,  
-13.3056, 21.0576

■ 193.1740,  
-13.8898, 21.7724

■ 220.7720,  
-14.1846, 23.0020

■ 243.3790,

-11.5258, 10.1916

254.3160, -2.6208,  
0.5999

65.5370, -11.1107,  
17.0691

65.5370, -11.1107,  
17.0691

61.6900, -13.1582,  
20.4429

69.3840, -9.0633,  
13.6952

57.7290, -15.6424,  
23.9167

73.3450, -6.5791,  
10.2214

53.8820, -17.6898,  
27.2905

77.3060, -4.0949,  
6.7476

49.9210, -20.1741,  
30.7643

81.1530, -2.0474,  
3.3738

46.0740, -22.2215,  
34.1381

85.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 45.3730, -22.3689,  
34.7529

■ 88.9610, 2.4842,  
-3.4738

■ 92.8080, 4.5317,  
-6.8476

■ 96.7690, 7.0159,  
-10.3214

■ 101.2030, 8.7739,  
-14.2100

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.1230, -6.4696, 21.8171



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



64.7270, -12.6834, 8.1324

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



58.3450, 3.2809, -25.7356



66.4590, 10.6197, 0.4745

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



62.4630, 11.1107, -17.0691

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



63.7560, 13.4313, -14.6950



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



56.8370, 10.4334, -33.1830

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



61.0600, -4.4666, -14.0846



59.1950, 14.2009, -28.2350



67.5700, 5.6350, 12.6551



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



63.3240, -11.4987, 1.4699



59.1950, 14.2009, -28.2350



66.0670, 11.7990, -4.4438

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



102.1920, -4.5317, 6.8476



58.4080, 4.7289, 23.3212



51.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691



79.6970, -17.1056, 26.5757



77.8640, -17.1880, 6.2583



41.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



57.2340, -28.2164, 43.6448



126.0300, -62.1328, 95.5667



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.4630, 11.1107, -17.0691



74.7160, 17.3950, -26.0609



50.1360, 17.1880, -6.2583



41.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



49.7660, 28.2164, -43.6448



108.9700, 62.1328, -95.5667



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

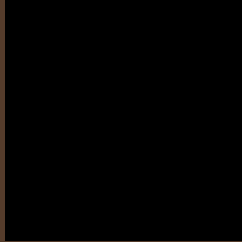
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691.



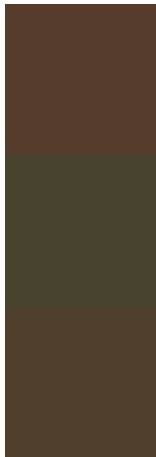
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.5370, -11.1107,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691

### Protanopia

65.1010, -9.9098, 5.1734

### Deuteranopia

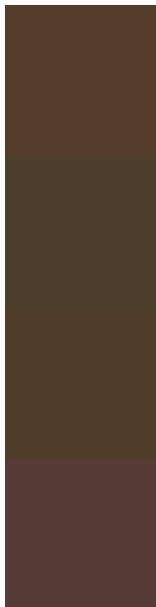
65.3900, -11.5313, 11.9360



## Tritanopia

67.1270, -2.5276, 17.4286

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691

## Protanomaly

65.3080, -10.5048, 9.3769

## Deuteranomaly

65.4010, -11.5367, 13.6803

## Tritanomaly

66.6170, -5.7272, 16.9989

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691

## Achromatopsia

66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

66.0070, -3.9475, 6.1329

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 60, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 60, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 60, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 60, 43) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 60, 43) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 60, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 60, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 60, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 60, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 60, 43)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 60, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 60,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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