

# Converting Colors

YUV(65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(65.5880, -21.9819,  
3.8693)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	464815
RGB	70, 72, 21
RGB Percent	27%, 28%, 8%
CMY	0.7255, 0.7176, 0.9176
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.71, 0.72
HSL	62°, 55%, 18%
HSV	62°, 71%, 28%
XYZ	4.9785, 5.9910, 1.6034
YIQ	65.5880, 15.1790, -16.2850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

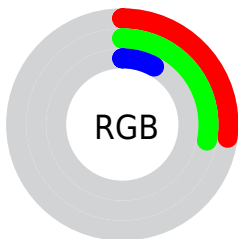
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	21, 72, 23
Decimal	4605973
CIE Lab	29.39, -8.57, 29.24
CIE LCh	29, 30.465, 106.332
Yxy	5.9910, 0.3960, 0.4765
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282796053 (0xFF464815)
YUV	65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693
Hunter-Lab	24.4764, -6.5269, 13.2494

# Details

The YUV color **65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **27.4120, 21.9819, -3.8693**, and the grayscale version is **66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.9580, -23.1503, 5.2988**, and **24.1990, -11.9301, -0.1745** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.7900, -25.0395, 4.5692**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **66.3860, -18.9243, 3.1695**.

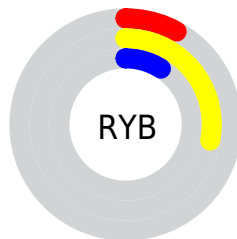
# Distribution



 Red (27%)

 Green (28%)

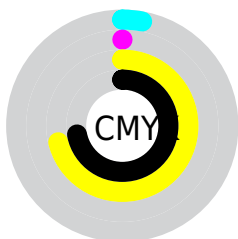
 Blue (8%)



 Red (8%)

 Yellow (28%)

 Blue (9%)

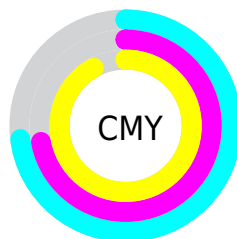



 Cyan (3%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (71%)

 Black (72%)



 Cyan (73%)

 Magenta (72%)

 Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.5880, -21.9819,  
3.8693

■ 65.5880, -21.9819,  
3.8693

■ 254.7720, -0.8736,  
0.2000

■ 43.4030, -21.3977,  
3.1546

■ 113.9580,  
-23.1503, 5.2988

■ 24.1990, -11.9301,  
-0.1745

■ 139.7300,  
-24.0239, 5.4988

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 166.5020,  
-24.8975, 5.6987


■ 193.6870,  
-25.4817, 6.4135


■ 221.8720,  
-26.0659, 7.1283


■ 248.2740,


-25.7711, 5.8987


 251.4660,  
-13.5407, 3.0993


 65.5880, -21.9819,  
3.8693


 65.5880, -21.9819,  
3.8693


 64.7900, -25.0395,  
4.5692


 66.3860, -18.9243,  
3.1695


 63.6930, -27.9496,  
4.6542

 67.4830, -16.0141,  
3.0844

 62.8950, -31.0072,  
5.3541

 68.3950, -12.5197,  
2.2846

 69.1930, -9.4621,  
1.5847

 69.9910, -6.4046,  
0.8849

■ 71.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

■ 71.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

■ 72.7980, 3.0576,  
-0.6998

■ 73.8950, 5.9678,  
-0.7849

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.2850, -22.3255, 20.7981



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



62.0460, -13.3337, -16.7033

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



58.1150, 22.1283, -50.9669



70.5770, 5.1385, 31.9430

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



27.4120, 21.9819, -3.8693

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.6870, 14.9443, 13.4295



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



57.1350, 28.5274, -50.1074

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



56.8950, 12.3768, -49.8969



67.6880, 23.3248, -14.6354



69.0480, -5.9397, 38.5459



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



57.0310, -3.9593, -36.8612



67.6880, 23.3248, -14.6354



71.1680, 8.7912, 27.0397

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



91.8340, -8.2992, 1.8996



37.4230, -8.0965, 30.3240



46.6320, -5.2416, 1.1997



176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



48.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693



83.9830, -34.5016, 6.1539



58.1130, -18.2967, -11.5001



35.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999



86.8170, -42.8008, 8.0535



198.4310, -97.8265, 17.1620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.4120, 21.9819, -3.8693



24.0170, 34.5016, -6.1539



34.8870, 18.2967, 11.5001



32.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999



12.4820, 42.6534, -7.4387

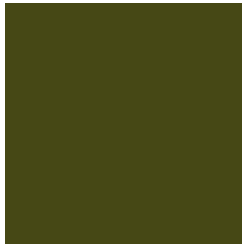


28.5690, 97.8265, -17.1620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

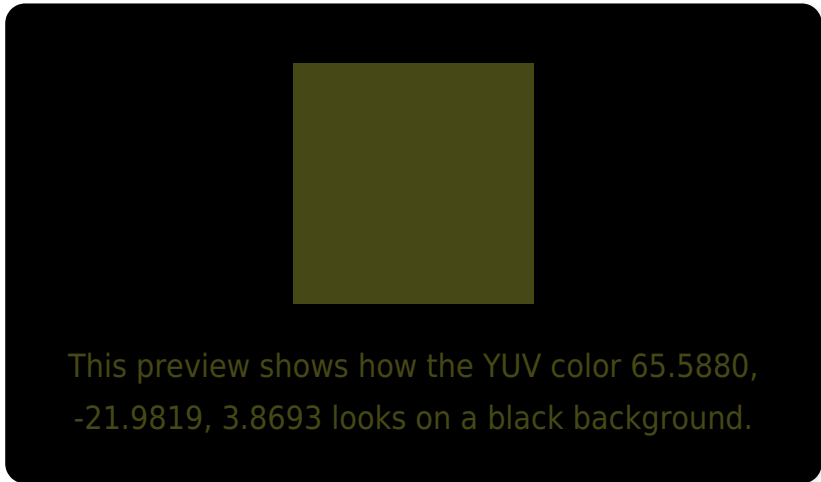
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

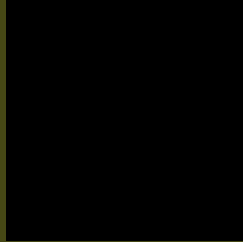
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.5880, -21.9819,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693

### Protanopia

66.1050, -22.7298, 10.4319

### Deuteranopia

67.3770, -21.8779, 17.2094



## Tritanopia

69.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693

## Protanomaly

65.7950, -22.5769, 8.0728

## Deuteranomaly

66.6430, -22.0090, 12.5911

## Tritanomaly

68.3720, -7.5784, 4.0588

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693

## Achromatopsia

66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

65.6490, -7.7150, 1.1848

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 72, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 72, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 72, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 72, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 72, 21) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 72, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 72, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 72, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 72, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 72, 21)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.5880, -21.9819, 3.8693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 72, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 72,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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