

# Converting Colors

YUV(65.7580, 33.6433,  
-57.6698)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(65.7580, 33.6433,  
-57.6698)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005686
RGB	0, 86, 134
RGB Percent	0%, 34%, 53%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6627, 0.4745
CMYK	1.00, 0.36, 0.00, 0.47
HSL	201°, 100%, 26%
HSV	201°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	7.6309, 8.3768, 23.7690
YIQ	65.7580, -66.6640, -3.3040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

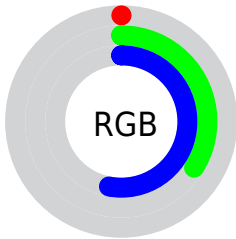
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 52, 134
Decimal	22150
CIELab	34.76, -3.08, -32.91
CIELCh	35, 33.058, 264.663
Yxy	8.3768, 0.1918, 0.2106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212230 (0xFF005686)
YUV	65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698
Hunter-Lab	28.9427, -3.5875, -28.4315

# Details

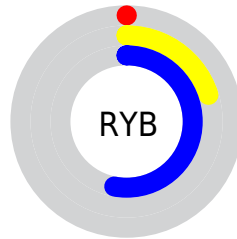
The YUV color **65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **68.2420, -33.6433, 57.6698**, and the grayscale version is **65.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123.9990, 31.5525, -40.3411**, and **33.6430, 24.8260, -29.5049** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **72.5800, 30.2801, -52.2517**.

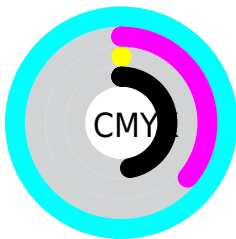
# Distribution



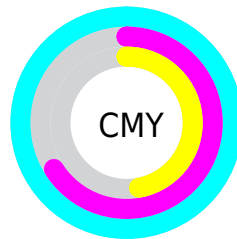
- Red (0%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.7580, 33.6433,  
-57.6698

■ 65.7580, 33.6433,  
-57.6698

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.2930, 28.9426,  
-43.2300

■ 123.9990, 31.5525,  
-40.3411

■ 33.6430, 24.8260,  
-29.5049

■ 151.5970, 31.2577,  
-39.1116

■ 19.1670, 20.1307,  
-16.8095

■ 179.1240, 31.9839,  
-38.6967

■ 6.0930, 15.7302,  
-5.3436

■ 204.8980, 24.7003,  
-35.8675

■ 2.2970, 6.2626,  
-2.0145

■ 230.2930, 12.1806,  
-33.5830

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 245.1330, 4.8644,

-20.2876

253.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

65.7580, 33.6433,  
-57.6698

72.5800, 30.2801,  
-52.2517

79.7010, 26.7694,  
-46.2188

85.9360, 23.6956,  
-40.2859

93.0570, 20.1849,  
-34.2530

99.8790, 16.8217,  
-28.8349

■ 106.7010, 13.4584,  
-23.4168

■ 113.8220, 9.9478,  
-17.3839

■ 120.0570, 6.8739,  
-11.4510

■ 127.1780, 3.3632,  
-5.4181

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.1400, 27.5390, -59.7588



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



82.4440, 23.4451, -6.5284

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



81.0440, -9.8817, 42.9344



72.2620, -10.9752, -26.5398

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



68.2420, -33.6433, 57.6698

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.0280, -22.6918, -1.7786



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



80.8290, -20.6217, 34.3530

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



82.6380, 2.6435, 38.9055



79.6500, -25.9565, 18.7239



64.4290, 5.7045, -56.5042



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



84.5560, 16.9809, 13.5444



79.6500, -25.9565, 18.7239



74.7640, -15.6597, -17.3330

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



146.8860, 12.8742, -22.7020



84.0160, -18.2489, -73.6820



70.9750, 7.9003, -14.0101



214.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698



84.8790, 43.4437, -74.4389



27.0160, 52.7431, -23.6930



63.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591



63.5410, 32.7643, -55.7255



1.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8700, 17.8121, 73.7820



64.3810, 22.9832, 95.2589



106.9840, -52.7431, 23.6930



62.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



48.3320, 17.0913, 71.6228



1.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

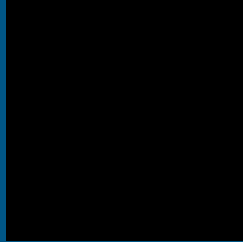
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698.

-57.6698.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

80.8020, 23.7616, -14.7354

### Deuteranopia

77.8760, 28.1621, -26.2013

### Tritanopia

64.5890, 16.4716, -56.6446

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

75.3270, 27.4468, -30.1048

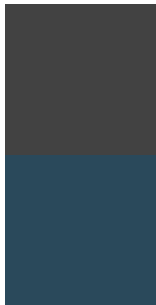
## Deuteranomaly

73.3800, 30.3787, -37.1673

## Tritanomaly

64.8970, 22.7288, -56.9147

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

65.7830, 12.4320, -20.8577

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 86, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 86, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 86, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 86, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 86, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 86, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 86, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 86, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 134)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.7580, 33.6433, -57.6698 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 86, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 86,  
134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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