

# Converting Colors

YUV(65.7840, -11.7255,  
121.2154)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(65.7840, -11.7255,  
121.2154)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC002A
RGB	204, 0, 42
RGB Percent	80%, 0%, 16%
CMY	0.2000, 1.0000, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.79, 0.20
HSL	348°, 100%, 40%
HSV	348°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	25.3198, 13.0045, 3.3661
YIQ	65.7840, 108.1020, 56.3100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

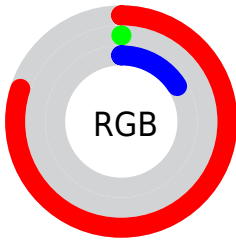
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	204, 0, 42
Decimal	13369386
CIELab	42.77, 68.40, 38.56
CIElCh	43, 78.519, 29.410
Yxy	13.0045, 0.6073, 0.3119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291559466 (0xFFCC002A)
YUV	65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154
Hunter-Lab	36.0618, 62.2205, 19.7090

# Details

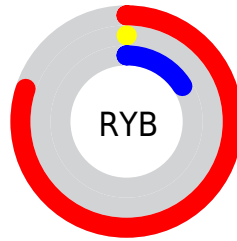
The YUV color **65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **138.2160, 11.7255, -121.2154**, and the grayscale version is **66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136.7590, -24.0382, 103.6974**, and **41.8600, -20.6370, 86.0688** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.3480, -10.5246, 109.3198**.

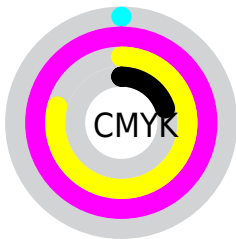
# Distribution



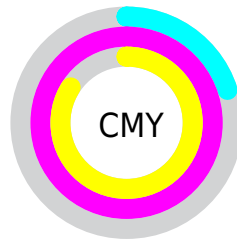
- Red (80%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 65.7840, -11.7255,  
121.2154

■ 65.7840, -11.7255,  
121.2154

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.8220, -16.1812,  
103.6421

■ 136.7590,  
-24.0382, 103.6974

■ 41.8600, -20.6370,  
86.0688

■ 157.1050,  
-22.2368, 85.8539

■ 32.5910, -16.0674,  
67.0107

■ 177.0920,  
-19.2724, 68.3253

■ 23.9630, -10.3348,  
48.2674

■ 197.0790,  
-16.3079, 50.7967

■ 14.5800, -6.2019,  
29.3093

■ 217.2940,  
-12.4699, 33.0682

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 237.9820, -9.3581,

14.9248

254.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

65.7840, -11.7255,  
121.2154

79.3480, -10.5246,  
109.3198

93.4990, -9.6130,  
96.9094

107.1770, -7.9753,  
84.9138

121.3280, -7.0637,  
72.5033

134.8920, -5.8628,  
60.6077

■ 148.4560, -4.6618,  
48.7121

■ 162.6070, -3.7503,  
36.3017

■ 176.2850, -2.1125,  
24.3061

■ 190.4360, -1.2009,  
11.8956

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.1620, 15.2031, 117.3759



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



91.6430, -45.1800, 71.3501

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



75.0510, -24.6751, -65.8197



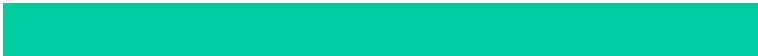
91.7190, 69.6515, -80.4376

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



138.2160, 11.7255, -121.2154

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.5970, 57.8797, -84.7156



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



85.1340, 6.3429, -74.6625

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



84.8470, -41.8296, -23.5448



93.2450, 34.8822, -81.7759



97.8520, 58.2470, -15.6562



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



95.5870, -47.1244, 41.5812



93.2450, 34.8822, -81.7759



94.4260, 67.3310, -82.8116

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



203.4340, -4.6510, 45.2234



71.0960, 65.5217, 77.9688



96.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



82.2870, -14.4385, 151.4693



95.0420, -46.8557, 95.5562



95.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



53.5100, -9.6184, 98.6537



12.2740, -2.1071, 22.5617



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154



82.2870, -14.4385, 151.4693



108.9580, 46.8557, -95.5562



95.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



53.5100, -9.6184, 98.6537



12.2740, -2.1071, 22.5617



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 65.7840, -11.7255,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154

### Protanopia

101.6580, -18.0724, 9.9469

### Deuteranopia

99.4740, -35.7297, 26.7713



## Tritanopia

71.5620, -35.2801, 116.1481

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154

## Protanomaly

88.8940, -15.7237, 50.0820

## Deuteranomaly

86.9850, -27.1076, 61.4032

## Tritanomaly

69.1630, -26.7024, 118.2520

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154

## Achromatopsia

66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

65.8360, -4.3561, 43.9938

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 0, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 0, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 0, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 0, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 0, 42) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 0, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 0, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 0, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 0, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 0, 42)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 65.7840, -11.7255, 121.2154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 0, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204, 0,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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