

Converting Colors

YUV(66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776)
contains.

YUV(66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(66.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B473C
RGB	59, 71, 60
RGB Percent	23%, 28%, 24%
CMY	0.7686, 0.7216, 0.7647
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.15, 0.72
HSL	125°, 9%, 25%
HSV	125°, 17%, 28%
XYZ	4.8725, 5.7625, 5.1304
YIQ	66.1580, -3.6210, -5.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

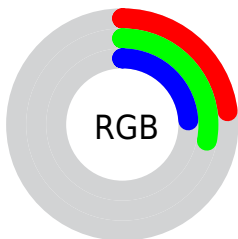
Format	Color
RYB	59, 70, 71
Decimal	3884860
CIELab	28.81, -7.39, 5.01
CIELCh	29, 8.926, 145.831
Yxy	5.7625, 0.3091, 0.3655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282074940 (0xFF3B473C)
YUV	66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776
Hunter-Lab	24.0053, -5.7781, 4.1321

Details

The YUV color **66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **63.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776**, and the grayscale version is **66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **113.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924**, and **23.5710, -2.7465, -5.7628** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63.2670, -5.0616, -9.8812**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **69.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740**.

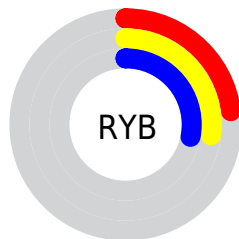
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (28%)

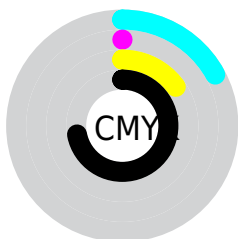
Blue (24%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (28%)

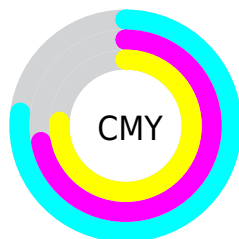


Cyan (17%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 66.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 44.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 113.7450, -3.3253,
-6.7924

■ 23.5710, -2.7465,
-5.7628

■ 139.6310, -3.7621,
-6.6924

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 166.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072

■ 193.3320, -3.6147,
-7.3072

■ 220.9190, -3.9041,
-7.8220

■ 249.3320, -3.6147,

-7.3072

■ 66.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 66.1580, -3.0359,
-6.2776

■ 63.2670, -5.0616,
-9.8812

■ 69.0490, -1.0102,
-2.6740

■ 60.4900, -6.6506,
-13.5847

■ 71.8260, 0.5788,
1.0296

■ 57.5990, -8.6763,
-17.1883

■ 74.7170, 2.6045,
4.6332

■ 54.8220, -10.2652,
-20.8919

■ 77.4940, 4.1935,
8.3368

■ 51.9310, -12.2910,
-24.4955

■ 80.6840, 6.0718,
12.5551

■ 48.8550, -13.7325,
-28.8138

■ 83.4610, 7.6607,
16.2587

■ 45.9640, -15.7583,
-32.4174

■ 86.3520, 9.6865,
19.8623

■ 43.1870, -17.3472,
-36.1210

■ 89.1290, 11.2754,
23.5659

■ 42.3610, -17.9260,
-37.1506

■ 92.0200, 13.3011,
27.1695

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.8060, -5.8204, 0.1701



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



65.7490, 0.6167, -11.1809

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



67.3780, 6.7156, -7.3475



68.5670, -3.2375, 11.7807

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



63.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.0660, -0.0325, 10.4661



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



68.1940, 5.8204, -0.1701

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



66.2310, 6.2951, -12.4806



68.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776



68.5730, -5.7055, 10.0215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



65.3080, 2.8062, -13.4251



68.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776



68.7950, -2.3639, 11.5808

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



90.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740



69.3330, -5.0942, 0.5850



44.7610, -0.8682, -1.5444



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776



84.3810, -4.6248, -9.9811



66.8420, -0.4151, -6.8774



34.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



59.0250, -25.1553, -51.7649



135.4150, -57.3926, -118.7590

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



80.6190, 4.6248, 9.9811



63.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774



33.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



39.9750, 25.1553, 51.7649



91.5850, 57.3926, 118.7590

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

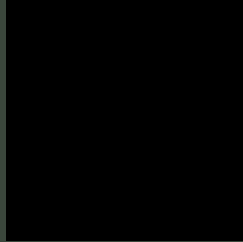
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776.



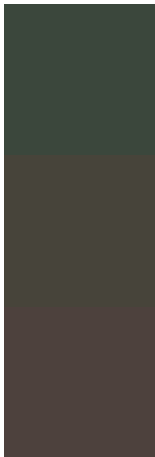
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 66.1580, -3.0359,

-6.2776.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776

Protanopia

67.7570, -4.8102, 2.8441

Deuteranopia

68.1320, -3.5161, 7.7772



Tritanopia

67.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776

Protanomaly

67.2620, -4.0732, -0.2298

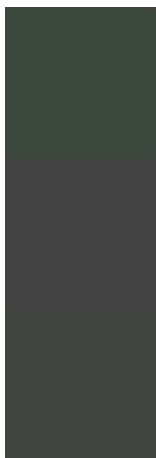
Deuteranomaly

67.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442

Tritanomaly

66.8960, 1.0373, -6.0478

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776

Achromatopsia

66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

66.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 71, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 71, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 71, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 71, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 71, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 71, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(59, 71, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 71, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 71, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 71, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 66.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 71, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 71,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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