

Converting Colors

YUV(66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(66.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 384747 |
| RGB | 56, 71, 71 |
| RGB Percent | 22%, 28%, 28% |
| CMY | 0.7804, 0.7216, 0.7216 |
| CMYK | 0.21, 0.00, 0.00, 0.72 |
| HSL | 180°, 12%, 25% |
| HSV | 180°, 21%, 28% |
| XYZ | 5.0215, 5.8022, 6.8165 |
| YIQ | 66.5150, -8.9400, -3.1800 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

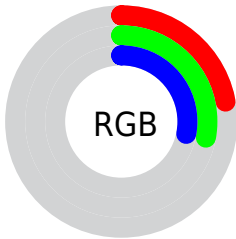
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 56, 64, 71 |
| Decimal | 3688263 |
| CIELab | 28.91, -5.95, -1.99 |
| CIELCh | 29, 6.276, 198.457 |
| Yxy | 5.8022, 0.2847, 0.3289 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281878343 (0xFF384747) |
| YUV | 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217 |
| Hunter-Lab | 24.0877, -4.9423, 0.0831 |

Details

The YUV color **66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **60.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217**, and the grayscale version is **67.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **114.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364**, and **23.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.4220, 3.2430, -13.5251**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **68.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182**.

Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (28%)

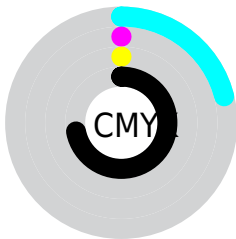
Blue (28%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (28%)

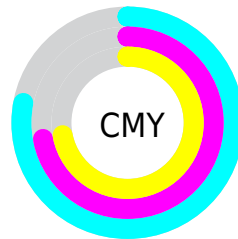


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (72%)



Cyan (78%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 66.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 44.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 114.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 23.8140, 2.0637,
-8.6069

■ 139.9170, 2.5059,
-10.4512

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 166.5040, 2.2165,
-10.9660

■ 193.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 221.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 249.6180, 2.6533,

-11.0660

■ 66.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 66.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 64.4220, 3.2430,
-13.5251

■ 68.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

■ 62.3290, 4.2748,
-17.8285

■ 70.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 60.2360, 5.3067,
-22.1320

■ 72.7940, -0.8844,
3.6887

■ 58.1430, 6.3385,
-26.4354

■ 74.8870, -1.9163,
7.9921

■ 55.7510, 7.5178,
-31.3536

■ 76.9800, -2.9481,
12.2955

■ 53.6580, 8.5496,
-35.6571

■ 79.3720, -4.1274,
17.2138

■ 51.5650, 9.5815,
-39.9605

■ 81.4650, -5.1592,
21.5172

■ 49.7710, 10.4659,
-43.6492

■ 83.5580, -6.1911,
25.8206

■ 85.6510, -7.2229,
30.1241

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



66.8420, -0.4151, -6.8774



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



66.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



69.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036



68.1810, -4.5262, 5.1033

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



60.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.7190, -3.8055, 7.2624



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



69.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



68.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146



69.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069



67.8600, -4.3680, 0.9998

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



67.5090, 4.6791, -7.4624



69.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069



68.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



90.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887



64.8050, -4.3409, -7.7220



45.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



46.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



85.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399



61.8190, 4.5262, -5.1033



34.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



69.3990, 14.5933, -60.8629



159.1270, 33.4614, -139.5544

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.1950, 4.3409, 7.7220



78.4990, 6.6560, 11.8404



64.5940, -4.2368, 5.6181



33.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



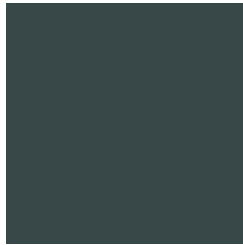
40.8870, 28.6497, 50.9651



93.7510, 65.6918, 116.8594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

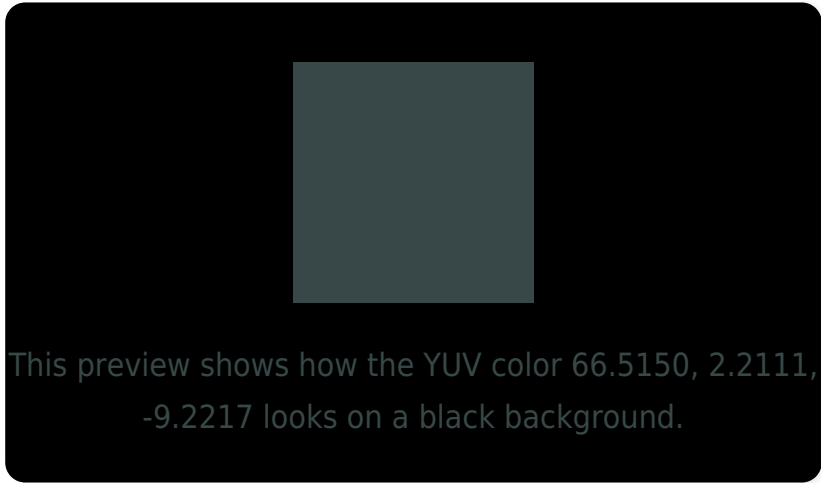
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

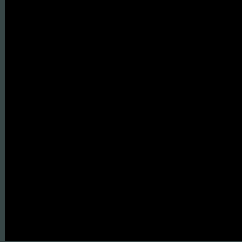
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

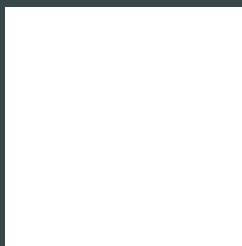
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217.



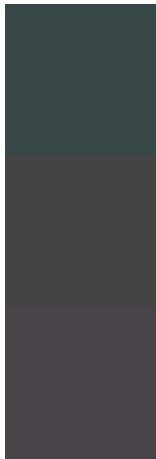
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217.

-9.2217.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217

Protanopia

68.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148

Deuteranopia

68.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



Tritanopia

66.7970, 4.5371, -8.5920

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217

Protanomaly

67.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739

Deuteranomaly

68.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Tritanomaly

66.5690, 3.6635, -8.3920

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217

Achromatopsia

67.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

66.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(56, 71, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(56, 71, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(56, 71, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(56, 71, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(56, 71, 71) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(56, 71, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(56, 71, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(56, 71, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 71, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(56, 71, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 66.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(56, 71, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(56, 71,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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