

Converting Colors

YUV(66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(66.7460, -8.2558,
-12.0552)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	354D32
RGB	53, 77, 50
RGB Percent	21%, 30%, 20%
CMY	0.7922, 0.6980, 0.8039
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.35, 0.70
HSL	113°, 21%, 25%
HSV	113°, 35%, 30%
XYZ	4.6978, 6.2949, 3.9851
YIQ	66.7460, -5.6370, -13.4850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

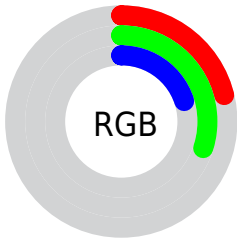
Format	Color
RYB	50, 77, 74
Decimal	3493170
CIELab	30.14, -15.41, 13.16
CIELCh	30, 20.259, 139.502
Yxy	6.2949, 0.3137, 0.4203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281683250 (0xFF354D32)
YUV	66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552
Hunter-Lab	25.0897, -10.4846, 8.1456

Details

The YUV color $[66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336633 . A complement of this color would be $[60.2540, 8.2558, 12.0552]$, and the grayscale version is $[67.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[114.8060, -9.2714, -12.9849]$, and $[23.1160, -9.4242, -10.6257]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[63.7410, -10.7183, -15.5589]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[69.7510, -5.7932, -8.5516]$.

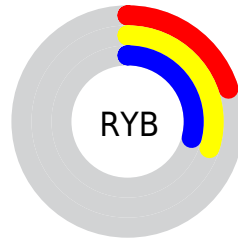
Distribution



Red (21%)

Green (30%)

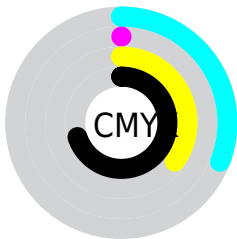
Blue (20%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (30%)

Blue (29%)

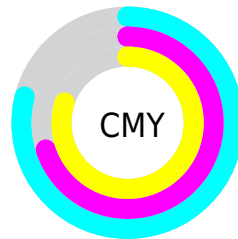


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (35%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (79%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 66.7460, -8.2558,
-12.0552

■ 66.7460, -8.2558,
-12.0552

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 44.2730, -7.5296,
-11.6404

■ 114.8060, -9.2714,
-12.9849

■ 23.1160, -9.4242,
-10.6257

■ 140.6920, -9.7082,
-12.8849

■ 0.5870, -0.2894,
-0.5148

■ 167.2790, -9.9975,
-13.3997

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 194.2790, -9.9975,
-13.3997

■ 222.4530,
-10.5763, -14.4293

■ 246.0560, -8.4086,

-9.6961

■ 66.7460, -8.2558,
-12.0552

■ 66.7460, -8.2558,
-12.0552

■ 63.7410, -10.7183,
-15.5589

■ 69.7510, -5.7932,
-8.5516

■ 60.8500, -12.7440,
-19.1624

■ 72.6420, -3.7675,
-4.9480

■ 57.8450, -15.2066,
-22.6661

■ 75.6470, -1.3050,
-1.4444

■ 55.1390, -17.8165,
-25.5549

■ 78.3530, 1.3050,
1.4444

■ 52.2480, -19.8423,
-29.1585

■ 81.3580, 3.7675,
4.9480

■ 49.2430, -22.3048,
-32.6621

■ 84.2490, 5.7932,
8.5516

■ 47.8900, -23.6098,
-34.1065

■ 87.2540, 8.2558,
12.0552

■ 90.2590, 10.7183,
15.5589

■ 93.1500, 12.7440,
19.1624

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.7540, -13.6827, 1.9697



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



63.6500, 0.6656, -26.8800

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



66.4280, 17.5370, -24.9314



72.0850, -5.4649, 26.2355

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



60.2540, 8.2558, 12.0552

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.7130, 2.1135, 22.1767



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



71.4520, 14.5672, -5.6584

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



59.4920, 17.0124, -43.4045



72.8840, 9.4242, 10.6257



71.4560, -11.5638, 22.4021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



60.1200, 7.8288, -37.8162



72.8840, 9.4242, 10.6257



72.6550, -3.2809, 25.7356

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



95.1690, -3.0413, -4.5332



72.1610, -10.9254, 4.2438



48.4080, -2.1731, -2.9888



179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



83.2630, -12.4547, -18.6477



66.9890, -3.4456, -14.8994



36.6470, -1.3050, -1.4444



63.1630, -31.1394, -45.7470



142.7840, -70.3925, -102.4196

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.2540, 8.2558, 12.0552



73.7370, 12.4547, 18.6477



60.0110, 3.4456, 14.8994



35.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



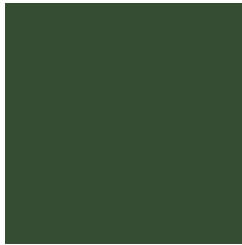
38.8370, 31.1394, 45.7470



87.2160, 70.3925, 102.4196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

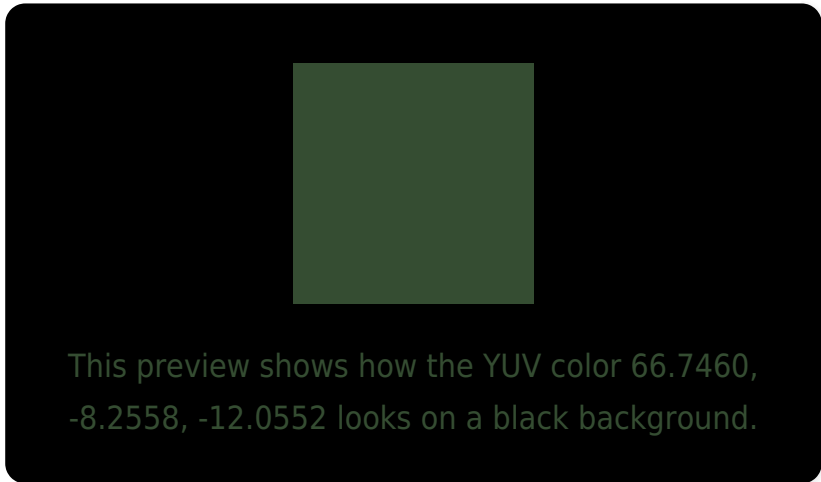
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

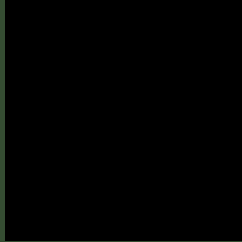
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552.



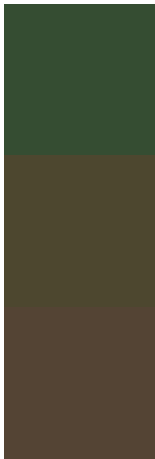
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 66.7460, -8.2558,

-12.0552.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552

Protanopia

70.0580, -11.3676, 6.0881

Deuteranopia

70.9600, -9.3473, 11.4361



Tritanopia

69.1990, 4.8319, -9.8215

Trichromacy



Original Color

66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552

Protanomaly

68.6550, -10.1829, -0.5744

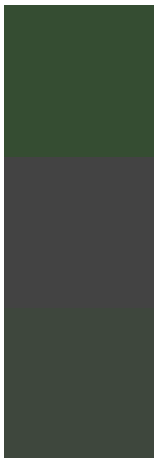
Deuteranomaly

69.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291

Tritanomaly

67.9340, 0.0325, -10.4661

Monochromacy



Original Color

66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552

Achromatopsia

67.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

67.1690, -3.0413, -4.5332

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 77, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 77, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 77, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 77, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 77, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 77, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 77, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 77, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 77, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 77, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 66.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 77, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 77,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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