

Converting Colors

YUV(67.4060, 91.4978,
-40.6981)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981)
contains.

YUV(67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(67.4060, 91.4978,
-40.6981)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1537FD
RGB	21, 55, 253
RGB Percent	8%, 22%, 99%
CMY	0.9176, 0.7843, 0.0078
CMYK	0.92, 0.78, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	231°, 98%, 54%
HSV	231°, 92%, 99%
XYZ	19.4051, 9.9837, 93.8328
YIQ	67.4060, -83.8220, 54.3700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

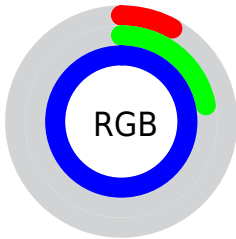
Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 51, 253
Decimal	1390589
CIE _{Lab}	37.81, 62.46, -97.54
CIE _{LCh}	38, 115.829, 302.634
Yxy	9.9837, 0.1575, 0.0810
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279580669 (0xFF1537FD)
YUV	67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981
Hunter-Lab	31.5969, 54.3301, -153.9545

Details

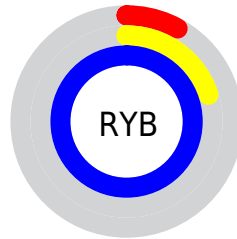
The YUV color **67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **206.5940, -91.4978, 40.6981**, and the grayscale version is **67.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.8840, 63.1612, -5.1603**, and **24.5780, 84.0180, -21.5549** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.5610, 99.8024, -44.3420**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.7950, 81.4461, -36.6542**.

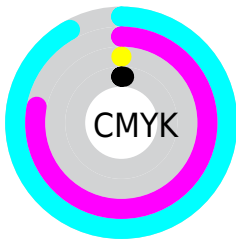
Distribution



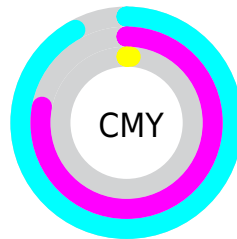
- Red (8%)
- Green (22%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (78%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 67.4060, 91.4978,
-40.6981

■ 67.4060, 91.4978,
-40.6981

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 43.7330, 88.8716,
-38.3538

■ 126.8840, 63.1612,
-5.1603

■ 24.5780, 84.0180,
-21.5549

■ 152.6110, 50.4778,
2.9722

■ 18.9240, 72.5085,
-16.5963

■ 178.3270, 37.7998,
9.3602

■ 15.8460, 60.7149,
-13.8969

■ 204.0430, 25.1218,
15.7483

■ 20.3990, 45.1593,
-17.8899

■ 230.0470, 12.3018,
21.0068

■ 16.9620, 34.5287,
-14.8757

■ 247.3690, 3.7621,

■ 10.5900, 25.3451,

6.6924

-9.2874

■ 6.2070, 16.1669,
-5.4435

■ 2.5250, 7.1362,
-2.2144

■ 67.4060, 91.4978,
-40.6981

■ 67.4060, 91.4978,
-40.6981

■ 50.5610, 99.8024,
-44.3420

■ 87.7950, 81.4461,
-36.6542

■ 107.8960, 71.5363,
-31.4808

■ 128.2850, 61.4845,
-27.4369

■ 148.0870, 51.7221,
-22.8783

■ 168.4760, 41.6703,
-18.8345

■ 189.1640, 31.4711,
-14.1758

■ 208.9660, 21.7088,
-9.6172

■ 229.3550, 11.6570,
-5.5733

■ 249.4560, 1.7472,
-0.3999

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.7050, 80.9974, -79.5483



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



79.1950, 48.7109, 103.3150

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



71.6850, -35.3407, 88.8533



80.2100, 7.7845, -70.3442

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



206.5940, -91.4978, 40.6981

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5050, -33.2800, -59.2019



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



83.3280, -41.0807, 16.3753

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



66.3780, -32.7244, 136.4805



63.3960, -31.2542, -55.5983



92.8010, 48.4121, -81.3865

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



82.1080, 17.2018, 129.7013



63.3960, -31.2542, -55.5983



75.7470, -6.7773, -66.4301

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



197.9640, 28.1187, -12.2464



179.6420, 18.9105, -139.1290



93.1250, 17.1934, -8.0026



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981



50.7890, 100.6760, -44.5420



71.6670, 89.3972, 26.6020



117.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293



38.2100, 75.3255, -33.5102



12.5790, 25.3506, -11.0318

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.2440, -19.3473, 139.2290



80.4630, -21.4273, 153.0689



202.3330, -89.3972, -26.6020



119.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921



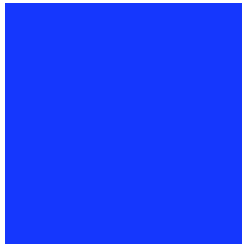
60.3010, -15.9244, 114.6230



20.1620, -5.5029, 38.4459

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

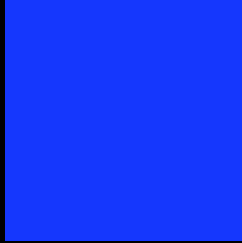
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981.

-40.6981.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981

Protanopia

70.1870, 53.1518, -61.5540

Deuteranopia

70.6310, 39.6219, -61.9434



Tritanopia

69.1540, 16.1931, -60.6481

Trichromacy



Original Color

67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981

Protanomaly

69.2000, 66.9494, -53.6724

Deuteranomaly

69.6100, 58.3663, -54.0320

Tritanomaly

68.4240, 43.6680, -52.9918

Monochromacy



Original Color

67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981

Achromatopsia

67.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

67.3210, 33.3657, -15.1905

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 55, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 55, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 55, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 55, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 55, 253) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 55, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 55, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 55, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 55, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 55,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 67.4060, 91.4978, -40.6981 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 55, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 55,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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