

# Converting Colors

YUV(68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(68.2020, 3.8444,  
27.0098)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	63334C
RGB	99, 51, 76
RGB Percent	39%, 20%, 30%
CMY	0.6118, 0.8000, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.23, 0.61
HSL	329°, 32%, 29%
HSV	329°, 48%, 39%
XYZ	7.6339, 5.5421, 7.5049
YIQ	68.2020, 20.5830, 17.9510

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

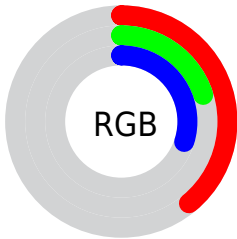
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	99, 51, 76
Decimal	6501196
CIE Lab	28.23, 25.10, -5.75
CIE LCh	28, 25.746, 347.097
Yxy	5.5421, 0.3691, 0.2680
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284691276 (0xFF63334C)
YUV	68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098
Hunter-Lab	23.5417, 16.6848, -2.4219

# Details

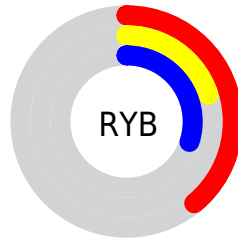
The YUV color **68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **81.7980, -3.8444, -27.0098**, and the grayscale version is **68.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **117.5120, 3.6916, 29.3690**, and **22.1200, 4.8708, 24.4508** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.7620, 4.5543, 32.6577**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.6420, 3.1345, 21.3620**.

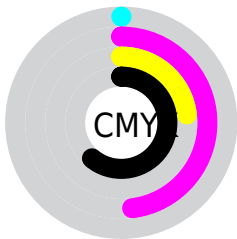
# Distribution



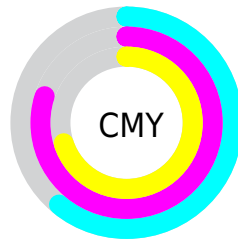
- Red (39%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



68.2020, 3.8444,  
27.0098

68.2020, 3.8444,  
27.0098

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

44.6040, 4.1392,  
25.7803

117.5120, 3.6916,  
29.3690

22.1200, 4.8708,  
24.4508

143.2240, 3.8336,  
30.4986

9.7680, -1.3646,  
17.7435

169.8220, 3.5388,  
31.7281

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

197.5340, 3.6807,  
32.8577

223.1420, 4.8600,  
27.9395

242.0860, 6.3666,

11.3256

■ 68.2020, 3.8444,  
27.0098

■ 68.2020, 3.8444,  
27.0098

■ 61.7620, 4.5543,  
32.6577

■ 74.6420, 3.1345,  
21.3620

■ 55.4360, 5.7011,  
38.2056

■ 80.9680, 1.9878,  
15.8141

■ 48.9960, 6.4110,  
43.8535

■ 87.4080, 1.2779,  
10.1662

■ 42.5560, 7.1209,  
49.5014

■ 93.8480, 0.5679,  
4.5183

■ 36.7030, 7.5414,  
54.6345

■ 100.2880, -0.1420,  
-1.1296

■ 35.5290, 8.1202,  
55.6641

■ 106.0270, -0.9993,  
-6.1627

■ 112.4670, -1.7092,  
-11.8106

■ 118.9070, -2.4192,  
-17.4584

■ 125.3470, -3.1291,  
-23.1063

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.6930, 12.4764, 11.6702



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



66.8300, -5.3392, 32.5981

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



63.6140, -18.0507, 2.9695



54.8550, 19.7915, -48.1078

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



81.7980, -3.8444, -27.0098

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.0910, 11.7871, -47.4378



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



61.3390, -11.0131, -14.3293

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



65.1860, -18.8257, 18.2539



53.8010, 1.5771, -39.2905



53.6470, 25.3170, -47.0484



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



66.6250, -11.1541, 31.0239



53.8010, 1.5771, -39.2905



54.8720, 17.3181, -48.1227

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



115.1200, 1.4198, 11.2958



63.0500, 17.7233, 8.7262



56.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



80.4580, 5.6902, 41.6943



65.5800, -6.2019, 29.3093



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



40.1000, 8.8247, 63.0563



86.0100, 19.2221, 135.0492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098



80.4580, 5.6902, 41.6943



84.4200, 6.2019, -29.3093



45.4240, 0.2840, 2.2592



40.1000, 8.8247, 63.0563

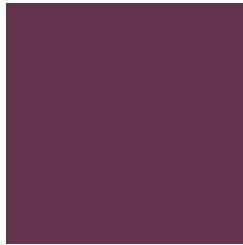


86.0100, 19.2221, 135.0492



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

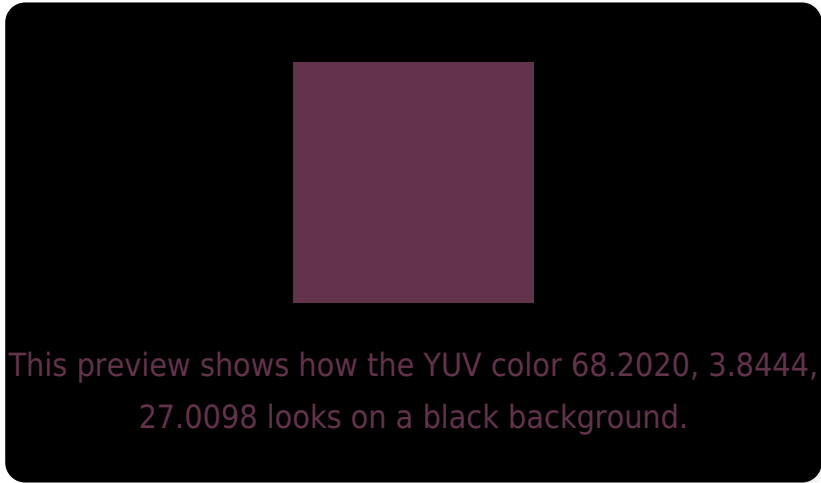
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

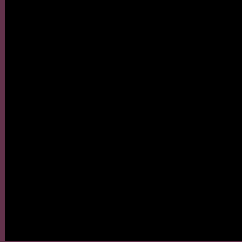
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.2020, 3.8444,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098

### Protanopia

67.0840, 9.3256, -4.4587

### Deuteranopia

67.8200, 3.0467, 2.7889



## Tritanopia

67.3130, -4.5913, 26.0355

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098

## Protanomaly

67.5800, 7.1091, 6.5073

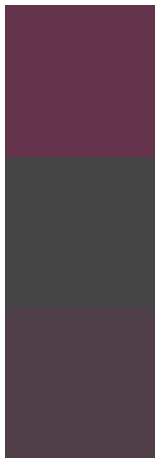
## Deuteranomaly

67.9890, 3.4564, 11.4106

## Tritanomaly

67.8230, -1.3917, 26.4652

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098

## Achromatopsia

68.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

68.1090, 1.4253, 9.5514

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 51, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 51, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 51, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 51, 76) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 51, 76) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 51, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 51, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 51, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 51, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 51, 76)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 68.2020, 3.8444, 27.0098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 51, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 51,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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