

Converting Colors

YUV(68.3330, 45.1918,
-28.3560)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(68.3330, 45.1918,
-28.3560)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2443A0
RGB	36, 67, 160
RGB Percent	14%, 26%, 63%
CMY	0.8588, 0.7373, 0.3725
CMYK	0.78, 0.58, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	225°, 63%, 38%
HSV	225°, 78%, 63%
XYZ	9.0799, 6.9274, 34.1163
YIQ	68.3330, -48.3290, 22.3510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

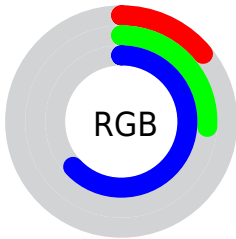
Format	Color
R_{YB}	36, 61, 160
Decimal	2376608
CIE _{Lab}	31.64, 23.22, -53.70
CIE _{LCh}	32, 58.506, 293.383
Yxy	6.9274, 0.1811, 0.1382
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280566688 (0xFF2443A0)
YUV	68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560
Hunter-Lab	26.3200, 15.5188, -58.4282

Details

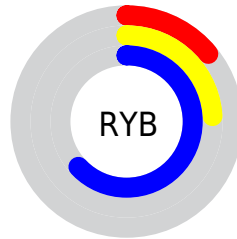
The YUV color **68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **127.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560**, and the grayscale version is **68.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **122.0290, 46.3277, -19.3194**, and **26.8730, 39.5026, -23.5676** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.5050, 51.0230, -32.0149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.1610, 39.3606, -24.6972**.

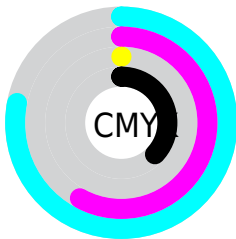
Distribution



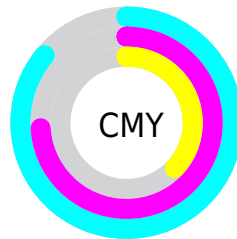
- Red (14%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.3330, 45.1918,
-28.3560

■ 68.3330, 45.1918,
-28.3560

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 41.5770, 45.0715,
-36.4630

■ 122.0290, 46.3277,
-19.3194

■ 26.8730, 39.5026,
-23.5676

■ 148.5670, 47.0485,
-17.1603

■ 9.4620, 36.2542,
-8.2982

■ 173.7540, 40.0543,
-13.8163

■ 10.2480, 24.0347,
-8.9875

■ 198.2740, 27.9659,
-9.8873

■ 5.2780, 15.1459,
-4.6288

■ 223.6800, 15.4408,
-5.8584

■ 1.3680, 5.2416,
-1.1997

■ 249.3740, 2.7736,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-2.9590

0.0000

■ 68.3330, 45.1918,
-28.3560

■ 68.3330, 45.1918,
-28.3560

■ 56.5050, 51.0230,
-32.0149

■ 80.1610, 39.3606,
-24.6972

■ 44.6770, 56.8542,
-35.6737

■ 91.9890, 33.5294,
-21.0384

■ 41.7200, 58.3120,
-36.5884

■ 103.8170, 27.6982,
-17.3795

■ 115.6450, 21.8670,
-13.7207

■ 127.4730, 16.0358,
-10.0618

■ 139.3010, 10.2046,
-6.4030

■ 151.1290, 4.3734,
-2.7441

■ 162.9570, -1.4578,
0.9147

■ 174.7850, -7.2890,
4.5736

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.3460, 48.6364, -59.9394



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



72.9950, 28.1035, 39.4694

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



67.0570, -33.0591, 56.9550



61.6590, 0.1681, -54.0749

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



127.6670, -45.1918, 28.3560

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



53.8560, -22.1140, -47.2317



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



70.4030, -34.7087, 25.9566

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



55.6930, -7.2436, 83.5842



66.0630, -32.5691, -7.0713



67.7180, 20.8450, -59.3887

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



60.8310, 20.2963, 70.3082



66.0630, -32.5691, -7.0713



59.2480, -6.5313, -51.9605

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



173.5160, 17.4936, -10.9765



119.3900, 4.7377, -73.1330



83.1160, 10.7888, -7.1177



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560



65.2920, 70.8480, -44.1061



59.4050, 49.5933, 6.6608



73.0860, 2.9156, -1.8294



37.4340, 52.0440, -32.8296



4.0580, 5.3944, -3.5589

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.6100, -4.7377, 73.1330



78.4780, -7.6307, 114.4678



136.5950, -49.5933, -6.6608



73.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



46.8610, -5.3545, 84.3139



4.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

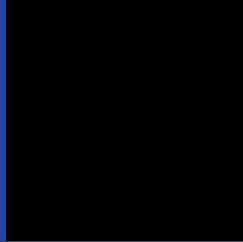
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.3330, 45.1918,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560

Protanopia

59.5920, 45.5571, -52.2622

Deuteranopia

59.5460, 35.2268, -52.2218



Tritanopia

58.7530, 14.4188, -51.5264

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560

Protanomaly

62.6470, 45.5300, -43.5404

Deuteranomaly

62.9260, 38.9835, -43.7851

Tritanomaly

62.0820, 25.5956, -43.0449

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560

Achromatopsia

68.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

68.1740, 16.1832, -10.6766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 67, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 67, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 67, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 67, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 67, 160) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 67, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 67, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 67, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 67, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 67,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 68.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 67, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 67,  
160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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