

# Converting Colors

YUV(68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676)  
contains.

<b>YUV(68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(68.6550, 77.5711,  
39.7676)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	720FE2
RGB	114, 15, 226
RGB Percent	45%, 6%, 89%
CMY	0.5529, 0.9412, 0.1137
CMYK	0.50, 0.93, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	268°, 88%, 47%
HSV	268°, 93%, 89%
XYZ	20.8377, 9.4100, 72.6696
YIQ	68.6550, -8.7270, 86.6090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

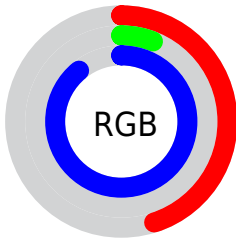
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	114, 15, 226
Decimal	7475170
CIE Lab	36.76, 74.07, -83.81
CIE LCh	37, 111.850, 311.468
Yxy	9.4100, 0.2025, 0.0914
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285665250 (0xFF720FE2)
YUV	68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676
Hunter-Lab	30.6758, 67.5704, -118.9823

# Details

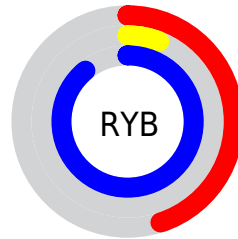
The YUV color **68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6600CC**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **172.3450, -77.5711, -39.7676**, and the grayscale version is **68.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129.8280, 61.7098, 40.4928**, and **32.1230, 67.4804, 9.5391** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.4580, 83.0912, 42.5713**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.7440, 69.1462, 35.3045**.

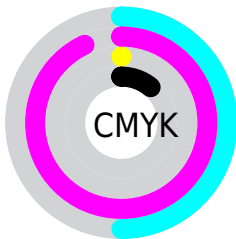
# Distribution



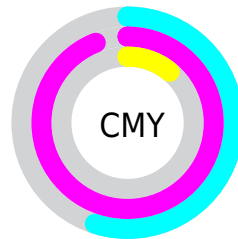
- Red (45%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



68.6550, 77.5711,  
39.7676

68.6550, 77.5711,  
39.7676

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

46.6770, 74.1092,  
30.1013

129.8280, 61.7098,  
40.4928

32.1230, 67.4804,  
9.5391

156.1200, 48.7478,  
44.6218

16.1880, 62.0253,  
-14.1969

181.8250, 36.0753,  
49.2655

13.1100, 50.2318,  
-11.4975

203.3440, 25.4664,  
45.3023

10.1460, 38.8750,  
-8.8980

220.3670, 17.0741,  
30.3731

11.5190, 26.3661,  
-10.1022

237.3900, 8.6817,

6.5490, 17.4773,

15.4440

-5.7435

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,  
-2.5144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 68.6550, 77.5711,  
39.7676

■ 68.6550, 77.5711,  
39.7676

■ 57.4580, 83.0912,  
42.5713

■ 85.7440, 69.1462,  
35.3045

■ 102.2460, 61.0107,  
31.3563

■ 119.3350, 52.5858,  
26.8932

■ 135.8370, 44.4504,  
22.9450

■ 152.9260, 36.0255,  
18.4819

■ 170.0150, 27.6006,  
14.0188

■ 186.5170, 19.4651,  
10.0706

■ 203.6060, 11.0402,  
5.6075

■ 220.1080, 2.9048,  
1.6593

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.0740, 84.7595, -72.8559



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



78.8360, 33.1119, 113.2768

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



78.8960, -38.8957, 62.3582



81.2990, 19.5726, -71.2992

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



172.3450, -77.5711, -39.7676

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.3830, -24.8388, -59.9719



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



77.3040, -38.1109, -2.8976

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



60.6970, -29.9236, 124.7997



63.3960, -31.2542, -55.5983



92.9780, 56.7058, -81.5417



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



77.7910, 4.5400, 130.8563



63.3960, -31.2542, -55.5983



77.0640, 5.8844, -67.5851

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



201.9610, 26.1482, 13.1892



105.3850, 59.4632, -79.2676



94.9960, 16.2710, 7.8965



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676



64.9500, 93.6947, 48.2789



100.0500, 62.0934, 104.3192



103.7490, 4.0677, 1.9741



44.8810, 64.6417, 33.4304



12.3490, 17.5759, 9.3409



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.8570, 17.8185, 118.5204



91.6350, 21.3789, 143.2711



140.9500, -62.0934, -104.3192



104.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627



63.2260, 14.6786, 98.9028

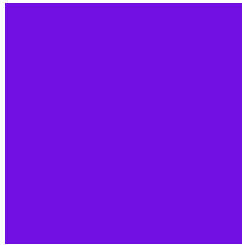


17.3160, 4.2812, 26.9099



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

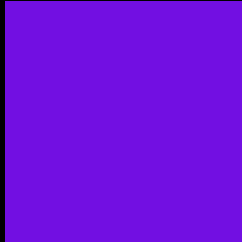
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

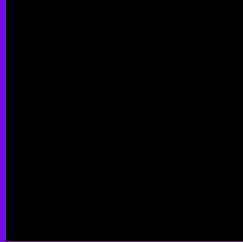
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.6550, 77.5711,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676

### Protanopia

69.4860, 53.0044, -60.9392

### Deuteranopia

70.0440, 39.9113, -61.4286



## Tritanopia

86.5090, 4.6791, -7.4624

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676

## Protanomaly

69.1220, 62.0579, -24.6630

## Deuteranomaly

69.5320, 53.4747, -25.0226

## Tritanomaly

79.9050, 31.1058, 9.7303

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676

## Achromatopsia

69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

68.5420, 28.3268, 14.4337

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 15, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 15, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 15, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 15, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 15, 226) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 15, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(114, 15, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 15, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 15, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 15,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 68.6550, 77.5711, 39.7676 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 15, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 15,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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