

Converting Colors

YUV(68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(68.9150, -4.3951,
9.7215)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50413C
RGB	80, 65, 60
RGB Percent	31%, 25%, 24%
CMY	0.6863, 0.7451, 0.7647
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.25, 0.69
HSL	15°, 14%, 27%
HSV	15°, 25%, 31%
XYZ	6.0142, 5.8123, 5.0799
YIQ	68.9150, 10.5450, 1.6250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

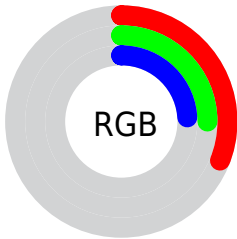
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 67, 60
Decimal	5259580
CIE Lab	28.93, 5.56, 5.47
CIE LCh	29, 7.803, 44.538
Yxy	5.8123, 0.3557, 0.3438
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283449660 (0xFF50413C)
YUV	68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215
Hunter-Lab	24.1087, 2.3384, 4.3833

Details

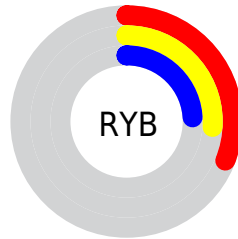
The YUV color **68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **71.0850, 4.3951, -9.7215**, and the grayscale version is **69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **117.3990, -5.1267, 11.0511**, and **25.4310, -3.6635, 8.3920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.4810, -6.1531, 13.6102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329**.

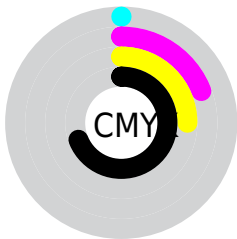
Distribution



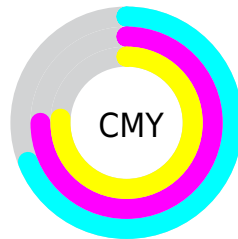
- Red (31%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (69%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 68.9150, -4.3951,
9.7215

■ 68.9150, -4.3951,
9.7215

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 46.6160, -4.2477,
9.1068

■ 117.3990, -5.1267,
11.0511

■ 25.4310, -3.6635,
8.3920

■ 142.6980, -5.2741,
11.6659

■ 0.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 169.6980, -5.2741,
11.6659

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 196.5840, -5.7109,
11.7658

■ 224.2960, -5.5689,
12.8954

■ 249.4090, -3.6526,

4.9033

■ 68.9150, -4.3951,
9.7215

■ 68.9150, -4.3951,
9.7215

■ 64.4810, -6.1531,
13.6102

■ 73.3490, -2.6371,
5.8329

■ 60.0470, -7.9112,
17.4988

■ 77.7830, -0.8790,
1.9443

■ 55.6130, -9.6692,
21.3874

■ 82.2170, 0.8790,
-1.9443

■ 51.1790, -11.4272,
25.2760

■ 86.6510, 2.6371,
-5.8329

■ 46.7450, -13.1853,
29.1646

■ 91.0850, 4.3951,
-9.7215

■ 42.3110, -14.9433,
33.0533

■ 95.5190, 6.1531,
-13.6102

■ 37.8770, -16.7014,
36.9419

■ 99.9530, 7.9112,
-17.4988

■ 35.6600, -17.5804,
38.8862

■ 104.3870, 9.6692,
-21.3874

■ 108.8210, 11.4272,
-25.2760

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.1970, -2.0691, 10.3512



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



68.5510, -5.6946, 6.5328

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



66.7170, -0.8465, -8.5218



68.4710, 5.6838, -3.0441

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



71.0850, 4.3951, -9.7215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5520, 6.1369, -8.3771



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



66.2050, 2.3639, -11.5808

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



66.7670, -3.3361, -3.3037



66.1880, 4.8373, -11.5659



69.3470, 3.7729, 3.2037

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



67.8280, -5.8312, 3.6588



66.1880, 4.8373, -11.5659



67.8730, 5.9786, -4.2736

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



99.8650, -1.9054, 4.5034



67.6900, 3.6038, 10.7959



50.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



87.2640, -7.0322, 15.5545



74.7850, -7.2890, 4.5736



38.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443



46.6570, -23.0019, 51.1668



103.4140, -50.9831, 112.7699

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.0850, 4.3951, -9.7215



90.7360, 7.0322, -15.5545



65.2150, 7.2890, -4.5736



39.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



57.7560, 23.2913, -50.6520



128.5860, 50.9831, -112.7699

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

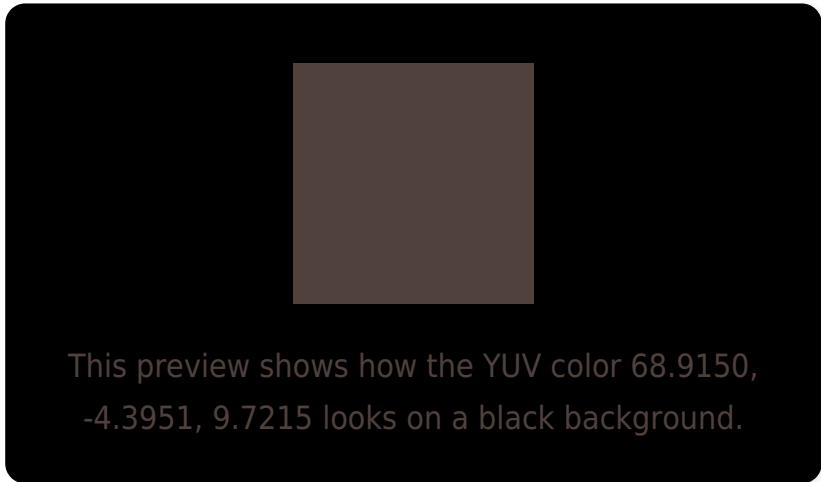
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

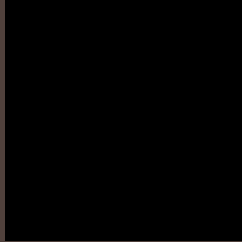
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 68.9150, -4.3951,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215

Protanopia

68.2130, -3.0630, 2.4442

Deuteranopia

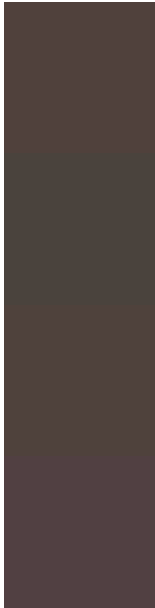
68.9040, -4.3897, 7.9772



Tritanopia

69.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513

Trichromacy



Original Color

68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215

Protanomaly

68.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033

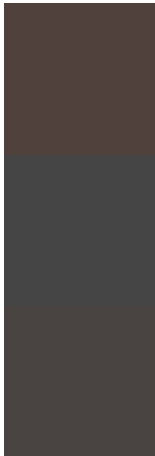
Deuteranomaly

69.2030, -4.5371, 8.5920

Tritanomaly

69.3110, -1.6323, 10.2513

Monochromacy



Original Color

68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215

Achromatopsia

69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

69.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 65, 60)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 65, 60)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 65, 60) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 65, 60) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 65, 60) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 65, 60) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 65, 60)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 65, 60); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 65, 60);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 65, 60)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 68.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 65, 60) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 65,  
60) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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