

# Converting Colors

YUV(69.0710, -17.7830,  
10.4617)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(69.0710, -17.7830,  
10.4617)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	514621
RGB	81, 70, 33
RGB Percent	32%, 27%, 13%
CMY	0.6824, 0.7255, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.59, 0.68
HSL	46°, 42%, 22%
HSV	46°, 59%, 32%
XYZ	5.8580, 6.2395, 2.3344
YIQ	69.0710, 18.4330, -9.1750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

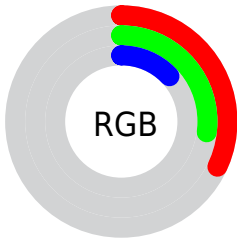
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	47, 81, 33
Decimal	5326369
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	30.01, -0.81, 23.76
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	30, 23.778, 91.953
Yxy	6.2395, 0.4059, 0.4323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283516449 (0xFF514621)
YUV	69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617
Hunter-Lab	24.9789, -1.8515, 11.9442

# Details

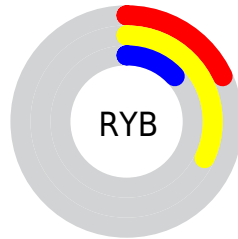
The YUV color **69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **44.9290, 17.7830, -10.4617**, and the grayscale version is **69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **117.6260, -19.5356, 12.6060**, and **26.3140, -12.9728, 7.6176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.9850, -20.6986, 12.2912**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71.1570, -14.8674, 8.6323**.

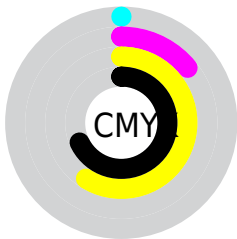
# Distribution



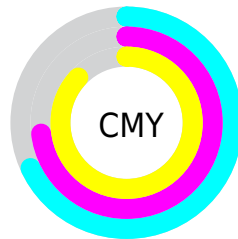
- Red (32%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (68%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.0710, -17.7830,  
10.4617

■ 69.0710, -17.7830,  
10.4617

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 46.4730, -17.4882,  
9.2322

■ 117.6260,  
-19.5356, 12.6060

■ 26.3140, -12.9728,  
7.6176

■ 143.5120,  
-19.9724, 12.7060

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 169.9960,  
-20.7040, 14.0355

■ 197.1810,  
-21.2882, 14.7503

■ 225.3660,  
-21.8724, 15.4650

■ 249.1690,

-19.8033, 5.1138

252.9480, -7.8624,  
1.7996

69.0710, -17.7830,  
10.4617

69.0710, -17.7830,  
10.4617

66.9850, -20.6986,  
12.2912

71.1570, -14.8674,  
8.6323

64.8990, -23.6142,  
14.1206

73.2430, -11.9518,  
6.8029

62.8130, -26.5298,  
15.9500

75.3290, -9.0362,  
4.9735

61.3140, -29.7348,  
17.2646

76.8280, -5.8312,  
3.6588

60.6130, -29.8822,  
17.8794

79.0280, -2.4788,  
1.7294

■ 81.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 83.2000, 3.3524,  
-1.9294

■ 85.2860, 6.2680,  
-3.7588

■ 87.3720, 9.1836,  
-5.5882

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.0170, -15.7844, 22.7871



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



66.8950, -14.2452, -4.2929

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



57.2200, 16.1605, -50.1819



73.0700, 7.3605, 19.2326

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



44.9290, 17.7830, -10.4617

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.9090, 14.8349, 1.8338



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



56.9410, 22.7071, -49.9373

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



55.3530, 7.7140, -47.6676



67.3190, 19.5627, -21.3278



72.2470, -1.1078, 28.7244



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



65.1970, -8.9711, -15.9588



67.3190, 19.5627, -21.3278



73.1340, 10.2869, 13.9145

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



99.8990, -6.8522, 4.4736



48.6060, -2.2708, 28.4095



50.8710, -4.3734, 2.7441



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617



86.4710, -27.8402, 16.2499



71.6410, -19.0500, -3.1932



39.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147



78.9420, -38.9184, 22.8529



174.4410, -85.9994, 50.4792



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9290, 17.7830, -10.4617



48.5290, 27.8402, -16.2499



42.3590, 19.0500, 3.1932



38.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



26.0580, 38.9184, -22.8529



57.5590, 85.9994, -50.4792



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

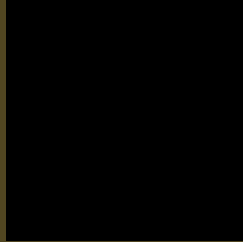
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.0710, -17.7830,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617

### Protanopia

68.7610, -17.6302, 8.1026

### Deuteranopia

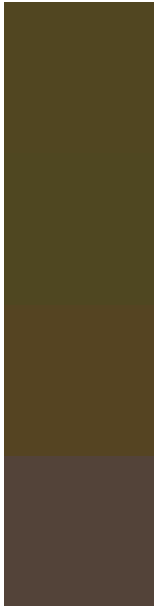
69.2180, -17.3625, 15.5948



## Tritanopia

71.9520, -0.4693, 10.5661

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617

## Protanomaly

69.0600, -17.7776, 8.7174

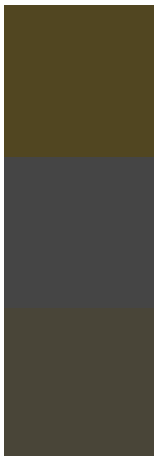
## Deuteranomaly

69.2070, -17.3571, 13.8505

## Tritanomaly

70.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617

## Achromatopsia

69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

68.7140, -6.2680, 3.7588

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 70, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 70, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 70, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 70, 33) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 70, 33) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 70, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 70, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 70, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 70, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 70, 33)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 69.0710, -17.7830, 10.4617 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 70, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 70,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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