

# Converting Colors

YUV(69.3490, 27.4359,  
-26.6161)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(69.3490, 27.4359,  
-26.6161)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	274A7D
RGB	39, 74, 125
RGB Percent	15%, 29%, 49%
CMY	0.8471, 0.7098, 0.5098
CMYK	0.69, 0.41, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	216°, 52%, 32%
HSV	216°, 69%, 49%
XYZ	6.9872, 6.8096, 20.3482
YIQ	69.3490, -37.2310, 8.4410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

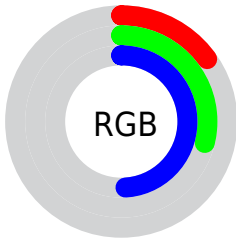
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	39, 64, 125
Decimal	2574973
CIE Lab	31.37, 5.28, -32.67
CIE LCh	31, 33.097, 279.174
Yxy	6.8096, 0.2046, 0.1994
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280765053 (0xFF274A7D)
YUV	69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161
Hunter-Lab	26.0951, 2.1281, -27.9658




# Details

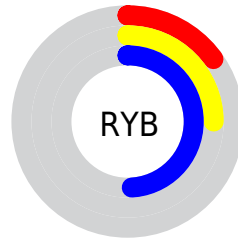
The YUV color **69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **94.6510, -27.4359, 26.6161**, and the grayscale version is **69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120.0120, 28.5881, -22.8125**, and **26.8610, 24.2255, -23.5571** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.6520, 31.2306, -30.3898**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.3450, 23.4939, -22.2276**.

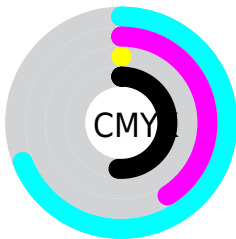
# Distribution







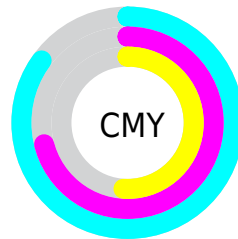
-  Red (15%)
-  Green (29%)
-  Blue (49%)






-  Red (15%)
-  Yellow (25%)
-  Blue (49%)



-  Cyan (69%)
-  Magenta (41%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (51%)



-  Cyan (85%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.3490, 27.4359,  
-26.6161

■ 69.3490, 27.4359,  
-26.6161

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.9240, 28.6315,  
-36.7673

■ 120.0120, 28.5881,  
-22.8125

■ 26.8610, 24.2255,  
-23.5571

■ 146.5390, 29.3143,  
-22.3977

■ 8.9770, 21.7033,  
-7.8728

■ 173.6530, 29.7511,  
-22.4977

■ 4.7080, 12.9620,  
-4.1289

■ 200.2680, 26.9829,  
-21.2830

■ 0.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 225.0760, 14.7525,  
-18.4837

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 248.4220, 3.2430,

-13.5251

■ 69.3490, 27.4359,  
-26.6161

■ 69.3490, 27.4359,  
-26.6161

■ 61.6520, 31.2306,  
-30.3898

■ 77.3450, 23.4939,  
-22.2276

■ 53.0690, 35.4620,  
-34.2635

■ 85.6290, 19.4099,  
-18.9686

■ 45.3720, 39.2566,  
-38.0372

■ 93.6250, 15.4679,  
-14.5801

■ 44.1870, 39.8408,  
-38.7520

■ 101.9090, 11.3839,  
-11.3212

■ 109.9050, 7.4418,  
-6.9327

■ 117.6020, 3.6472,  
-3.1590

■ 125.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

■ 133.8820, -4.3788,  
4.4885

■ 142.4650, -8.6102,  
8.3622

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.4550, 29.8487, -53.8960



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



76.2780, 18.5969, 8.5262

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



72.6430, -15.1070, 38.9011



56.3500, -1.1585, -48.5419

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



94.6510, -27.4359, 26.6161

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5150, -18.0019, -12.7297



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



72.2750, -23.7996, 26.9458

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



73.1670, -3.0403, 41.9495



70.1110, -25.1977, 8.6727



60.3030, 10.2036, -52.8857



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



76.3680, 12.1436, 25.1103



70.1110, -25.1977, 8.6727



62.6250, -8.1961, -31.2431

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



141.0940, 10.7997, -10.6064



95.1820, -3.0477, -49.2716



68.6770, 6.5682, -6.7327



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161



75.6750, 43.0512, -41.8110



50.8970, 36.5328, -4.2947



59.5590, 2.1894, -2.2442



45.1160, 40.8618, -39.5667



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.7040, 2.6109, 49.3716



74.6350, 4.1239, 77.4961



113.1030, -36.5328, 4.2947



59.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



44.2000, 3.8454, 73.4926



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

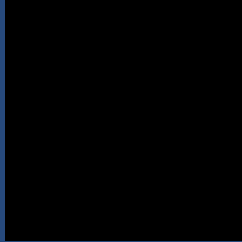
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.3490, 27.4359,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161

### Protanopia

71.8340, 25.2248, -17.3944

### Deuteranopia

68.7510, 27.7308, -27.8456



## **Tritanopia**

58.1660, 14.7082, -51.0116

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161

## Protanomaly

71.0400, 26.1093, -21.0831

## Deuteranomaly

69.0500, 27.5833, -27.2308

## Tritanomaly

62.0730, 19.1910, -42.1600

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161

## Achromatopsia

69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

69.1650, 9.7787, -9.7917

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(39, 74, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(39, 74, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(39, 74, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(39, 74, 125) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(39, 74, 125) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(39, 74, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(39, 74, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(39, 74, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 74, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(39, 74,  
125) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 69.3490, 27.4359, -26.6161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(39, 74, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(39, 74,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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