

Converting Colors

YUV(69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616)
contains.

YUV(69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(69.3630, 13.1320,
34.7616)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D2C60
RGB	109, 44, 96
RGB Percent	43%, 17%, 38%
CMY	0.5725, 0.8275, 0.6235
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.12, 0.57
HSL	312°, 42%, 30%
HSV	312°, 60%, 43%
XYZ	9.3187, 5.8971, 11.7134
YIQ	69.3630, 22.0480, 29.9520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

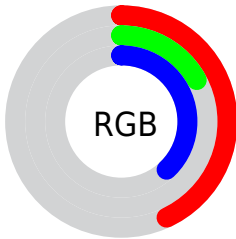
Format	Color
R_{YB}	109, 44, 96
Decimal	7154784
CIE _{Lab}	29.15, 35.94, -17.27
CIE _{LCh}	29, 39.873, 334.330
Yxy	5.8971, 0.3460, 0.2190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285344864 (0xFF6D2C60)
YUV	69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616
Hunter-Lab	24.2840, 26.0003, -11.5999

Details

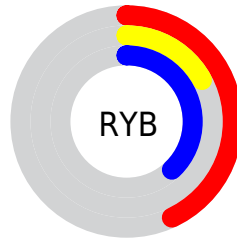
The YUV color **69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **83.6370, -13.1320, -34.7616**, and the grayscale version is **69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **119.7870, 13.4160, 37.0208**, and **23.2270, 12.7061, 31.3729** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **62.6780, 15.4417, 40.6244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.0480, 10.8223, 28.8989**.

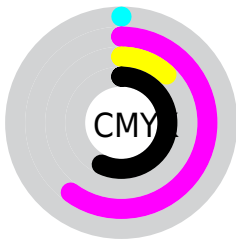
Distribution



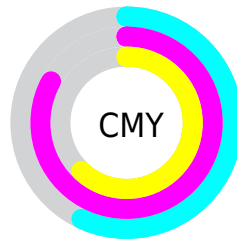
- Red (43%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.3630, 13.1320,
34.7616

■ 69.3630, 13.1320,
34.7616

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 44.1780, 13.7162,
34.0469

■ 119.7870, 13.4160,
37.0208

■ 23.2270, 12.7061,
31.3729

■ 146.3850, 13.1212,
38.2504

■ 14.9670, 6.9183,
21.0769

■ 173.2110, 13.7000,
39.2800

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 200.9230, 13.8420,
40.4095

■ 222.7150, 15.9165,
28.3139

■ 239.7380, 7.5242,

13.3848

■ 69.3630, 13.1320,
34.7616

■ 69.3630, 13.1320,
34.7616

■ 62.6780, 15.4417,
40.6244

■ 76.0480, 10.8223,
28.8989

■ 55.9930, 17.7515,
46.4871

■ 82.7330, 8.5126,
23.0362

■ 49.1940, 19.6244,
52.4499

■ 89.5320, 6.6397,
17.0734

■ 42.5090, 21.9341,
58.3126

■ 96.2170, 4.3300,
11.2107

■ 102.9020, 2.0203,
5.3479

■ 109.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.6850, -2.3097,
-5.8627

■ 122.3700, -4.6194,
-11.7255

■ 129.1690, -6.4923,
-17.6882

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.8520, 24.7230, 3.6378



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



66.0200, -0.0099, 49.9715

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



64.1240, -31.6131, 13.0463



59.8760, 21.2601, -52.5113

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



83.6370, -13.1320, -34.7616

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9290, 7.4300, -49.9267



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



60.3920, -24.8433, -11.7448

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



65.5810, -27.8944, 33.6935



52.1070, -5.9688, -45.6978



60.5090, 31.3011, -53.0664

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



65.3870, -10.0508, 50.5266



52.1070, -5.9688, -45.6978



59.3230, 16.6028, -52.0263

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



127.1680, 5.3402, 13.8847



55.2970, 26.4756, 1.4935



61.8530, 3.0305, 8.0219



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



80.1450, 20.6345, 55.1238



65.7150, -0.8455, 37.9609



50.2500, 0.8628, 3.2887



45.6990, 23.8124, 62.5310



95.5990, 49.4977, 131.0247

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616



80.1450, 20.6345, 55.1238



87.3990, 1.2823, -38.0609



50.2500, 0.8628, 3.2887



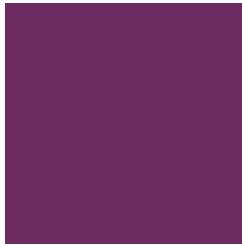
45.6990, 23.8124, 62.5310



95.5990, 49.4977, 131.0247

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

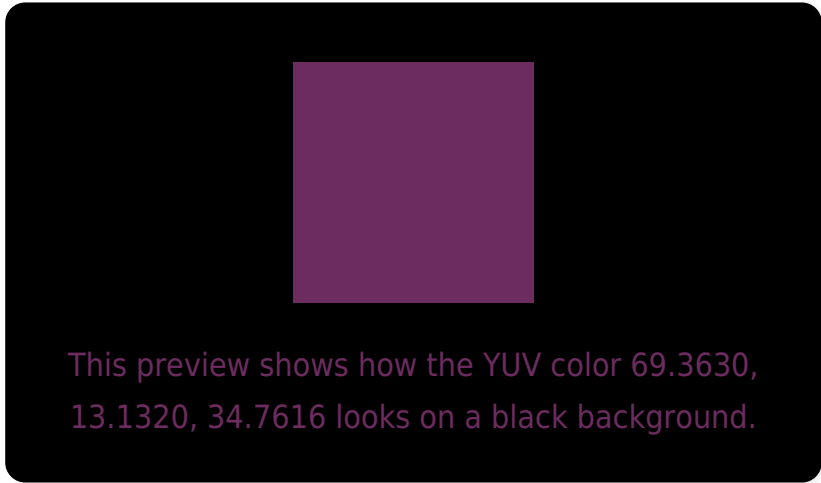
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

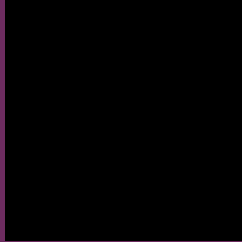
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.3630, 13.1320,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616

Protanopia

68.0900, 23.6196, -15.8649

Deuteranopia

69.5400, 11.0728, -4.8586



Tritanopia

69.7050, -5.7706, 30.9537

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616

Protanomaly

68.2880, 20.0710, 2.3784

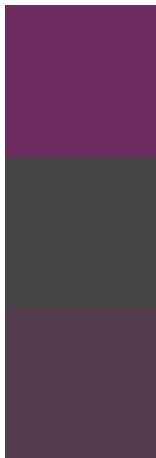
Deuteranomaly

69.1550, 11.7556, 9.5111

Tritanomaly

69.2520, 1.3548, 32.2280

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616

Achromatopsia

69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

69.3420, 4.7614, 12.8551

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 44, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 44, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 44, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 44, 96) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 44, 96) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 44, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 44, 96)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 44, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 44, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 44,  
96) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 69.3630, 13.1320, 34.7616 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 44, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109, 44,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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