

Converting Colors

YUV(69.6660, -23.4993,
23.9719)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719)
contains.

YUV(69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(69.6660, -23.4993,
23.9719)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	614116
RGB	97, 65, 22
RGB Percent	38%, 25%, 9%
CMY	0.6196, 0.7451, 0.9137
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.77, 0.62
HSL	34°, 63%, 23%
HSV	34°, 77%, 38%
XYZ	6.9649, 6.3799, 1.6234
YIQ	69.6660, 32.8750, -6.5890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

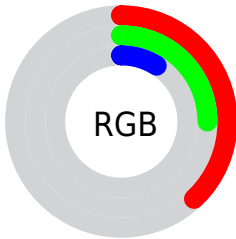
Format	Color
RYB	78, 97, 22
Decimal	6373654
CIELab	30.35, 9.44, 30.69
CIElCh	30, 32.111, 72.900
Yxy	6.3799, 0.4653, 0.4262
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284563734 (0xFF614116)
YUV	69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719
Hunter-Lab	25.2585, 5.0180, 13.8702

Details

The YUV color **69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **49.3340, 23.4993, -23.9719**, and the grayscale version is **70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **119.2320, -25.2574, 27.8605**, and **26.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.1780, -26.7098, 27.0309**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.1540, -20.2889, 20.9129**.

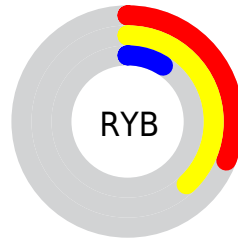
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (25%)

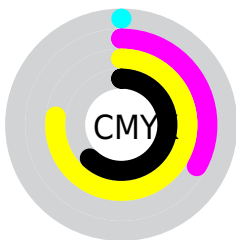
Blue (9%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (9%)

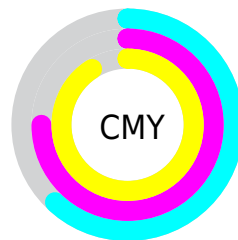


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (77%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 69.6660, -23.4993,
23.9719

■ 69.6660, -23.4993,
23.9719

■ 254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 46.7690, -23.0571,
22.1276

■ 119.2320,
-25.2574, 27.8605

■ 26.6680, -13.1473,
16.9542

■ 144.7160,
-25.9890, 29.1901

■ 6.5780, -3.2430,
13.5251

■ 171.4990,
-26.8680, 31.1344

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 199.5700,
-27.8890, 31.9491

■ 224.0640,
-27.1466, 27.1309

■ 244.2790,

-23.3085, 9.4023

■ 251.5800,
-13.1039, 2.9993

■ 69.6660, -23.4993,
23.9719

■ 69.6660, -23.4993,
23.9719

■ 66.1780, -26.7098,
27.0309

■ 73.1540, -20.2889,
20.9129

■ 62.8040, -29.4834,
29.9899

■ 76.5280, -17.5153,
17.9539

■ 61.8750, -30.5044,
30.8046

■ 80.0160, -14.3049,
14.8950

■ 84.0910, -11.3839,
11.3212

■ 87.5790, -8.1734,
8.2622

■ 90.9530, -5.3998,
5.3032

■ 94.4410, -2.1894,
2.2442

■ 97.9290, 1.0210,
-0.8147

■ 101.3030, 3.7946,
-3.7737

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.2190, -15.3910, 36.6419



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



68.0290, -24.1713, 6.1136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



58.6560, 11.5086, -51.4413



73.5450, 16.9863, 11.8000

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



49.3340, 23.4993, -23.9719

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.1110, 25.0883, -20.2683



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



60.1040, 22.1337, -52.7112

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



55.1050, 0.4412, -48.3271



59.3520, 29.4065, -52.0517



72.7450, 7.0277, 32.6726

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



65.9070, -19.1812, -7.8114



59.3520, 29.4065, -52.0517



73.2880, 20.0710, 2.3784

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



114.6500, -9.1945, 9.0769



48.1870, 3.3588, 42.8090



57.2520, -5.5472, 5.9180



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719



82.4260, -36.1990, 37.3374



86.9550, -32.0228, 4.4245



46.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



71.0560, -35.0306, 35.9079



152.1790, -75.0242, 77.0190

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.3340, 23.4993, -23.9719



50.9870, 36.4884, -36.8226



32.0450, 32.0228, -4.4245



45.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295



40.9440, 35.0306, -35.9079



87.2340, 75.3136, -76.5042

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

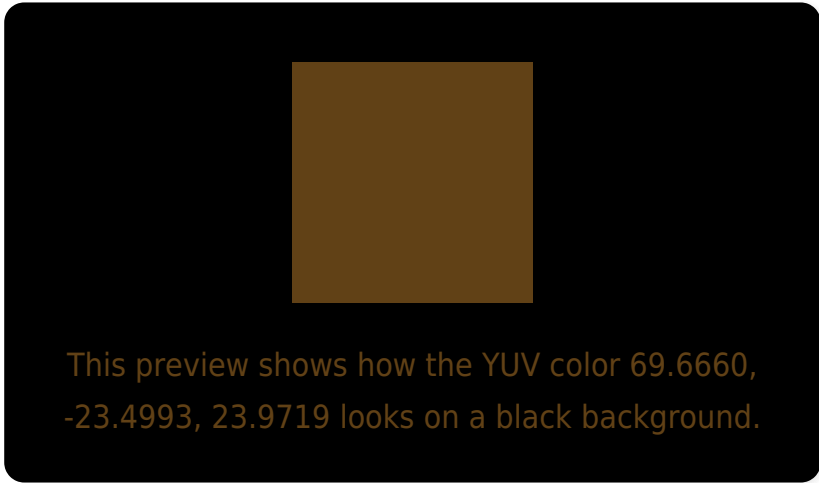
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

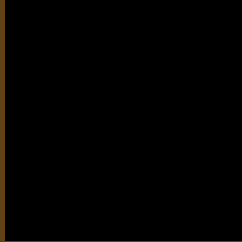
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.6660, -23.4993,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719

Protanopia

68.9200, -22.1456, 9.7172

Deuteranopia

69.2200, -23.7725, 18.2241



Tritanopia

73.1170, -4.0017, 23.5764

Trichromacy



Original Color

69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719

Protanomaly

68.8390, -22.5986, 15.0502

Deuteranomaly

69.5300, -23.9253, 20.5832

Tritanomaly

71.5810, -11.1324, 24.0465

Monochromacy



Original Color

69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719

Achromatopsia

70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

69.8780, -8.3209, 8.8770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 65, 22)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 65, 22)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 65, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 65, 22) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 65, 22) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 65, 22) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 65, 22) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 65, 22); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 65, 22);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 65, 22)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 69.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 65, 22) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 65,  
22) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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