

# Converting Colors

YUV(69.8430, -15.2056,  
23.8167)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(69.8430, -15.2056,  
23.8167)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	613E27
RGB	97, 62, 39
RGB Percent	38%, 24%, 15%
CMY	0.6196, 0.7569, 0.8471
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.60, 0.62
HSL	24°, 43%, 27%
HSV	24°, 60%, 38%
XYZ	7.0186, 6.1331, 2.7333
YIQ	69.8430, 28.2430, 0.2670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

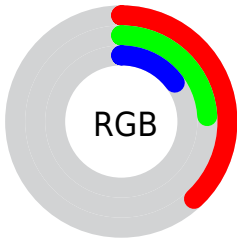
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	97, 77, 39
Decimal	6372903
CIELab	29.75, 12.59, 20.31
CIElCh	30, 23.896, 58.211
Yxy	6.1331, 0.4418, 0.3861
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284562983 (0xFF613E27)
YUV	69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167
Hunter-Lab	24.7651, 7.2491, 10.7917

# Details

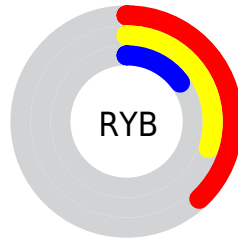
The YUV color **69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **66.1570, 15.2056, -23.8167**, and the grayscale version is **70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **118.9960, -17.2530, 27.1905**, and **25.5050, -12.5740, 19.7281** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.1810, -17.8372, 27.9053**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.5050, -12.5740, 19.7281**.

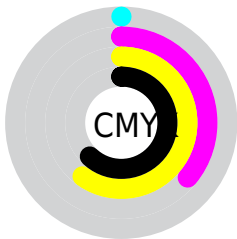
# Distribution



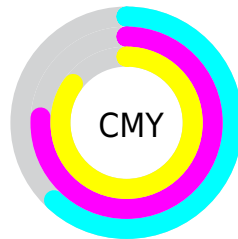
- Red (38%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 69.8430, -15.2056,  
23.8167

■ 69.8430, -15.2056,  
23.8167

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 47.0600, -14.3266,  
21.8724

■ 118.9960,  
-17.2530, 27.1905

■ 25.5050, -12.5740,  
19.7281

■ 144.5940,  
-17.5478, 28.4201

■ 7.2900, -3.1010,  
14.6547

■ 171.3770,  
-18.4269, 30.3644

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 198.6760,  
-18.5743, 30.9791

■ 224.4690,  
-17.9792, 26.7757

■ 244.5700,

-14.5780, 9.1471

253.7460, -4.8048,  
1.0998

69.8430, -15.2056,  
23.8167

69.8430, -15.2056,  
23.8167

65.1810, -17.8372,  
27.9053

74.5050, -12.5740,  
19.7281

60.6330, -20.0321,  
31.8939

79.0530, -10.3791,  
15.7395

55.9710, -22.6637,  
35.9824

83.7150, -7.7475,  
11.6509

51.8960, -25.5847,  
39.5562

87.7900, -4.8265,  
8.0772

51.3090, -25.2953,  
40.0710

92.4520, -2.1948,  
3.9886

■ 97.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 101.6620, 2.6316,  
-4.0886

■ 106.3240, 5.2633,  
-8.1771

■ 110.8720, 7.4581,  
-12.1657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.4230, -8.0965, 30.3240



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



68.9680, -18.2252, 12.3061

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



56.2070, 5.8139, -44.9085



71.4140, 15.5719, -1.2401

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



66.1570, 15.2056, -23.8167

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.5250, 20.4472, -25.0164



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



56.2910, 15.1395, -49.3672

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



63.7450, -6.7763, -19.9474



56.7130, 21.8335, -49.7373



72.4010, 8.6763, 17.1883



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



67.6570, -16.5929, 2.0548



56.7130, 21.8335, -49.7373



69.8260, 17.3408, -8.6174

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



114.1600, -5.9949, 9.5067



60.4460, 7.1751, 32.0579



57.1210, -3.5107, 6.0329



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167



83.0420, -23.6847, 36.7972



86.2790, -23.3085, 9.4023



46.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



59.3160, -29.2428, 46.2039



127.5250, -62.8698, 98.6406



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.1570, 15.2056, -23.8167



76.9580, 23.6847, -36.7972



49.7210, 23.3085, -9.4023



46.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



52.6840, 29.2428, -46.2039



112.4750, 62.8698, -98.6406



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 69.8430, -15.2056,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167

### Protanopia

69.4880, -13.5516, 6.5880

### Deuteranopia

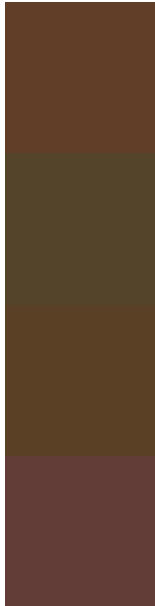
69.3750, -15.4679, 14.5801



## Tritanopia

71.4160, -4.1491, 24.1912

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167

## Protanomaly

69.7060, -14.1521, 12.5358

## Deuteranomaly

69.3970, -15.4787, 18.0688

## Tritanomaly

70.6780, -8.2223, 23.9614

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167

## Achromatopsia

70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

69.9750, -5.4107, 8.7919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 62, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 62, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 62, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 62, 39) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 62, 39) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 62, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 62, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 62, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 62, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 62, 39)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 69.8430, -15.2056, 23.8167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 62, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 62,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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