

# Converting Colors

YUV(70.4920, 20.4634,  
-30.2495)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495)  
contains.

<b>YUV(70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(70.4920, 20.4634,  
-30.2495)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	245070
RGB	36, 80, 112
RGB Percent	14%, 31%, 44%
CMY	0.8588, 0.6863, 0.5608
CMYK	0.68, 0.29, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	205°, 51%, 29%
HSV	205°, 68%, 44%
XYZ	6.5208, 7.2822, 16.3912
YIQ	70.4920, -36.4960, 0.6240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

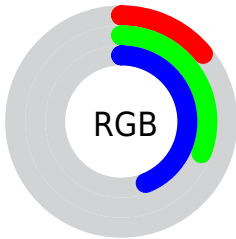
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	36, 64, 112
Decimal	2379888
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.44, -4.11, -22.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	32, 23.240, 259.815
Yxy	7.2822, 0.2160, 0.2412
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280569968 (0xFF245070)
YUV	70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495
Hunter-Lab	26.9856, -4.0919, -17.1230

# Details

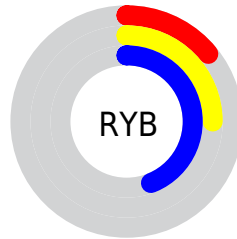
The YUV color **70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **77.5080, -20.4634, 30.2495**, and the grayscale version is **70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.3290, 21.0368, -27.4755**, and **28.4280, 17.5370, -24.9314** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.2680, 23.5319, -34.4380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.7160, 17.3950, -26.0609**.

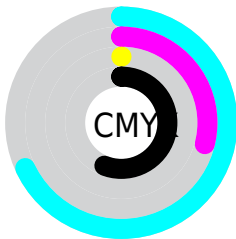
# Distribution



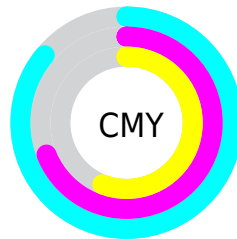
- Red (14%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70.4920, 20.4634,  
-30.2495

70.4920, 20.4634,  
-30.2495

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

43.3770, 21.5061,  
-38.0416

121.3290, 21.0368,  
-27.4755

28.4280, 17.5370,  
-24.9314

147.4430, 21.4736,  
-27.5755

13.0060, 14.2940,  
-11.4063

174.5570, 21.9104,  
-27.6755

2.9810, 8.8834,  
-2.6143

201.7850, 22.7840,  
-27.8754

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

227.9780, 13.3218,  
-26.2907

246.6280, 4.1274,

-17.2138

■ 70.4920, 20.4634,  
-30.2495

■ 70.4920, 20.4634,  
-30.2495

■ 64.2680, 23.5319,  
-34.4380

■ 76.7160, 17.3950,  
-26.0609

■ 58.6310, 26.3109,  
-39.1414

■ 82.3530, 14.6160,  
-21.3576

■ 52.1080, 29.5268,  
-43.9447

■ 88.8760, 11.4001,  
-16.5543

■ 50.9230, 30.1110,  
-44.6595

■ 95.1000, 8.3317,  
-12.3657

■ 101.3240, 5.2633,  
-8.1771

■ 106.9610, 2.4842,  
-3.4738

■ 113.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 119.7080, -3.8000,  
5.5181

■ 125.3450, -6.5791,  
10.2214

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.1640, 21.1181, -53.6408



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



76.7230, 16.8986, -6.7731

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



77.2920, -6.0600, 30.4389



71.0940, -9.4133, -14.1144

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



77.5080, -20.4634, 30.2495

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.7710, -16.1561, 1.9548



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



76.6090, -13.6112, 25.7759

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



78.1480, 2.3920, 26.1802



75.5170, -17.5099, 16.2096



67.0190, 0.9766, -33.3427



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



78.0730, 12.7820, 6.9520



75.5170, -17.5099, 16.2096



72.0300, -12.3398, -8.7963

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



129.2850, 7.7475, -11.6509



84.2600, -8.0162, -42.3240



63.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495



81.2540, 31.4268, -46.7038



48.1860, 31.4603, -10.6871



53.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591



54.1830, 32.4478, -47.5185



112.0990, 66.5062, -98.3108



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.7400, 8.0162, 42.3240



70.7350, 12.4556, 65.1304



99.8140, -31.4603, 10.6871



52.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



43.7460, 12.4502, 66.8748

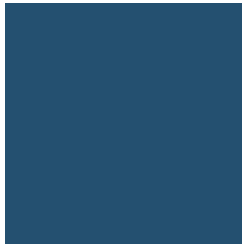


90.1550, 26.0526, 137.5531



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

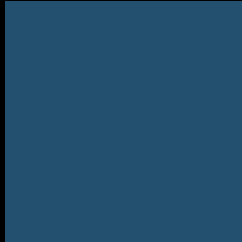
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

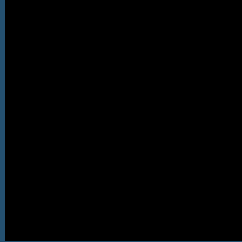
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495.



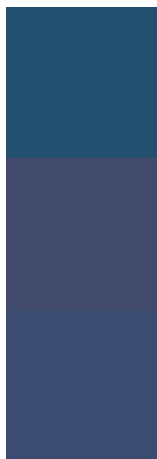
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 70.4920, 20.4634,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495

### Protanopia

76.0710, 15.7410, -8.8323

### Deuteranopia

75.4340, 18.5200, -13.5356



## Tritanopia

66.2600, 12.1968, -38.8160

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495

## Protanomaly

74.0700, 17.2205, -16.7244

## Deuteranomaly

73.3300, 19.5573, -19.5834

## Tritanomaly

68.0800, 15.2436, -36.0272

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495

## Achromatopsia

70.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

70.4700, 7.1633, -10.9362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 80, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 80, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 80, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 80, 112) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 80, 112) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 80, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 80, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 80, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 80, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 80,  
112) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 70.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 80, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 80,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor