

# Converting Colors

YUV(70.5250, -22.4438,  
105.6566)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(70.5250, -22.4438,  
105.6566)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BF1219
RGB	191, 18, 25
RGB Percent	75%, 7%, 10%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9294, 0.9020
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.87, 0.25
HSL	358°, 83%, 41%
HSV	358°, 91%, 75%
XYZ	21.8776, 11.5792, 2.0016
YIQ	70.5250, 100.8610, 38.8530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

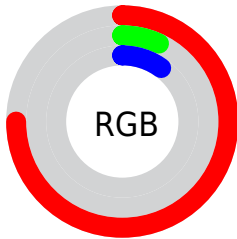
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">191, 18, 25</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12522009</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">40.54, 62.72, 44.70</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">41, 77.018, 35.475</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">11.5792, 0.6170, 0.3266</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290712089 (0xFFBF1219)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">34.0282, 55.2132, 20.3321</a>

# Details

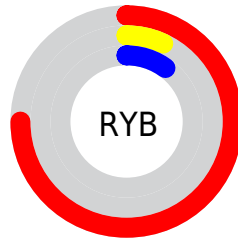
The YUV color **70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **138.4750, 22.4438, -105.6566**, and the grayscale version is **71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135.9950, -32.0425, 104.3674**, and **38.2720, -18.8681, 78.6915** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.0210, -24.6604, 116.6226**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7300, -20.0799, 94.0758**.

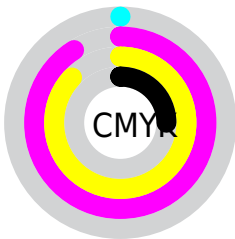
# Distribution



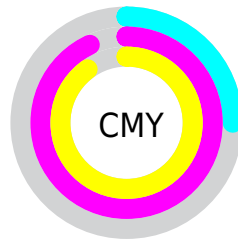
- Red (75%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Black (25%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (90%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 70.5250, -22.4438,  
105.6566


 70.5250, -22.4438,  
105.6566


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 47.6550, -23.0009,  
97.6496


 135.9950,  
-32.0425, 104.3674

 38.2720, -18.8681,  
78.6915


 155.1670,  
-29.6623, 87.5535


 29.0030, -14.2985,  
59.6334

 175.0400,  
-27.1347, 70.1249

 20.6740, -8.7133,  
41.5049

 195.0270,  
-24.1703, 52.5963

 10.8780, -4.8699,  
22.0320

 215.1280,  
-20.7691, 34.9677

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 235.3430,

-16.9311, 17.2392

■ 252.0360,  
-11.3567, 2.5994

■ 70.5250, -22.4438,  
105.6566

■ 70.5250, -22.4438,  
105.6566

■ 58.0210, -24.6604,  
116.6226

■ 83.7300, -20.0799,  
94.0758

■ 97.0490, -17.2792,  
82.3950

■ 110.2540,  
-14.9152, 70.8142

■ 123.4590,  
-12.5513, 59.2335

■ 137.3650,  
-10.0399, 47.0379

■ 150.5700, -7.6760,  
35.4571

■ 163.7750, -5.3121,  
23.8763

■ 177.0940, -2.5113,  
12.1956

■ 190.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



70.0170, 8.3726, 114.8721



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



88.6200, -43.6897, 59.9693

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



73.5980, -17.5498, -64.5454



84.8230, 68.6143, -74.3898

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



138.4750, 22.4438, -105.6566

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.2600, 59.0318, -80.9120



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



82.5240, 11.5737, -72.3735

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



74.4260, -36.6920, -38.0846



90.1790, 38.3658, -79.0870



94.9750, 51.7773, 6.1609



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



90.2050, -44.4711, 30.5152



90.1790, 38.3658, -79.0870



88.3450, 66.8779, -77.4786

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



200.9620, -8.8553, 40.3753



86.7580, 51.3913, 83.5272



97.1880, -5.0227, 24.3911



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



74.9930, -32.0415, 150.8501



115.5130, -48.0739, 66.2021



87.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.9260, -20.6695, 96.5349



9.3830, -4.1328, 18.9581



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566



74.9930, -32.0415, 150.8501



93.4870, 48.0739, -66.2021



87.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.9260, -20.6695, 96.5349



9.3830, -4.1328, 18.9581



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 70.5250, -22.4438,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566

### Protanopia

94.0190, -25.6454, 12.2613

### Deuteranopia

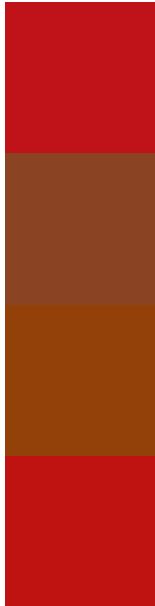
90.7810, -44.7550, 28.2561



## Tritanopia

70.3310, -28.2642, 105.8267

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566

## Protanomaly

85.2820, -24.2960, 46.2337

## Deuteranomaly

83.4330, -36.6955, 56.6253

## Tritanomaly

70.2000, -26.2276, 105.9416

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566

## Achromatopsia

71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

71.0650, -8.4130, 38.5310

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 18, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 18, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 18, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 18, 25) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 18, 25) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 18, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 18, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 18, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 18, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 18,  
25) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 70.5250, -22.4438, 105.6566 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 18, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 18,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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