

# Converting Colors

YUV(70.9150, -14.7481,  
-29.7435)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(70.9150, -14.7481,  
-29.7435)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	255E29
RGB	37, 94, 41
RGB Percent	15%, 37%, 16%
CMY	0.8549, 0.6314, 0.8392
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 0.56, 0.63
HSL	124°, 44%, 26%
HSV	124°, 61%, 37%
XYZ	5.1659, 8.5588, 3.4776
YIQ	70.9150, -16.9590, -28.5670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

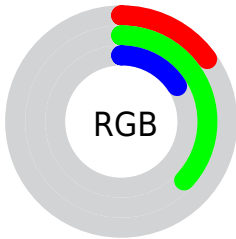
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	37, 90, 94
Decimal	2448937
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	35.12, -30.95, 24.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	35, 39.588, 141.427
Yxy	8.5588, 0.3003, 0.4975
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280639017 (0xFF255E29)
YUV	70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435
Hunter-Lab	29.2555, -19.6777, 13.4311

# Details

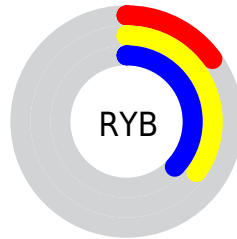
The YUV color **70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **60.0850, 14.7481, 29.7435**, and the grayscale version is **71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.4590, -16.4953, -29.3435**, and **27.5890, -13.6014, -24.1956** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.1980, -17.3526, -34.3766**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.6320, -12.1436, -25.1103**.

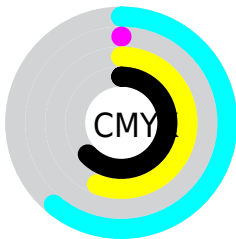
# Distribution



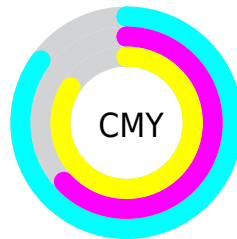
- Red (15%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (63%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



70.9150, -14.7481,  
-29.7435

70.9150, -14.7481,  
-29.7435

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

45.3490, -12.9901,  
-33.6321

121.4590,  
-16.4953, -29.3435

27.5890, -13.6014,  
-24.1956

147.9320,  
-17.2215, -29.7584

15.2620, -7.5242,  
-13.3848

174.7040,  
-18.0951, -29.5584

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

202.8780,  
-18.6739, -30.5880

230.1770,  
-18.8213, -29.9732

241.7410,

-10.7183, -15.5589

253.7180, -2.3260,  
-0.6297

70.9150, -14.7481,  
-29.7435

70.9150, -14.7481,  
-29.7435

67.1980, -17.3526,  
-34.3766

74.6320, -12.1436,  
-25.1103

63.2960, -19.3729,  
-39.7246

78.5340, -10.1233,  
-19.7623

59.5790, -21.9774,  
-44.3578

82.2510, -7.5187,  
-15.1291

55.9760, -24.1452,  
-49.0910

86.2670, -5.0616,  
-9.8812

89.9840, -2.4571,  
-5.2480

■ 93.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

■ 97.6030, 2.1677,  
4.7332

■ 101.3200, 4.7722,  
9.3664

■ 105.3360, 7.2294,  
14.6143

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.6170, -29.3912, 0.3359



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



65.1470, 3.3785, -57.1339

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



68.7730, 37.5799, -60.3139



80.5120, -9.6194, 52.1710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



60.0850, 14.7481, 29.7435

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.6650, 5.0952, 45.8978



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



81.7080, 29.7240, -13.7759

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



70.6990, 29.7284, -62.0030



84.9640, 18.2587, 23.7106



80.6020, -22.9748, 42.4450



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



68.2420, 12.6987, -59.8482



84.9640, 18.2587, 23.7106



81.1790, -4.5252, 51.5860

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



113.1420, -5.4930, -11.5255



86.3060, -24.3079, 3.2396



55.7450, -3.3253, -6.7924



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435



85.9270, -23.1350, -46.4170



74.1070, -2.5178, -32.5428



44.0490, -1.0102, -2.6740



65.4820, -28.3386, -57.4277



141.0570, -61.1601, -123.7070



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.0850, 14.7481, 29.7435



69.0730, 23.1350, 46.4170



56.8930, 2.5178, 32.5428



43.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



44.5180, 28.3386, 57.4277

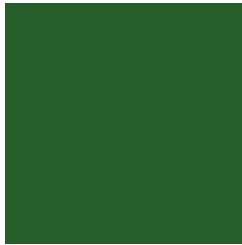


96.0570, 61.5969, 123.6070



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

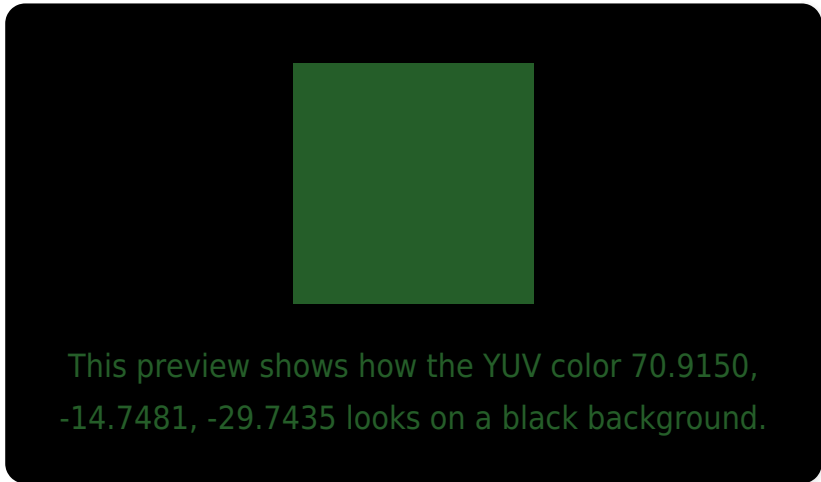
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435

### Protanopia

79.5610, -20.9826, 10.0320

### Deuteranopia

81.1150, -17.8047, 17.4391



## Tritanopia

77.7350, 8.5116, -23.4466

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435

## Protanomaly

76.0430, -18.7552, -4.4227

## Deuteranomaly

77.6460, -16.5875, 0.3105

## Tritanomaly

75.1340, -0.0661, -25.5505

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435

## Achromatopsia

71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

70.8540, -5.3510, -10.3960

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 94, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 94, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 94, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 94, 41) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 94, 41) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 94, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 94, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 94, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 94, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 94, 41)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 70.9150, -14.7481, -29.7435 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 94, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 94,  
41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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