

# Converting Colors

YUV(71.3850, -30.7558,  
18.0794)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(71.3850, -30.7558,  
18.0794)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C4909
RGB	92, 73, 9
RGB Percent	36%, 29%, 4%
CMY	0.6392, 0.7137, 0.9647
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.90, 0.64
HSL	46°, 82%, 20%
HSV	46°, 90%, 36%
XYZ	6.8455, 7.0601, 1.2604
YIQ	71.3850, 31.8680, -15.8760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

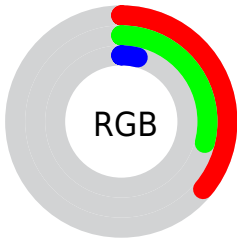
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	34, 92, 9
Decimal	6048009
CIELab	31.94, 1.38, 37.42
CIELCh	32, 37.444, 87.892
Yxy	7.0601, 0.4514, 0.4655
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284238089 (0xFF5C4909)
YUV	71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794
Hunter-Lab	26.5709, -0.5119, 15.7872

# Details

The YUV color **71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **29.6150, 30.7558, -18.0794**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120.9940, -31.0560, 21.0533**, and **30.1680, -14.8728, 10.3767** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.1850, -34.1082, 20.0088**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.5850, -27.4034, 16.1500**.

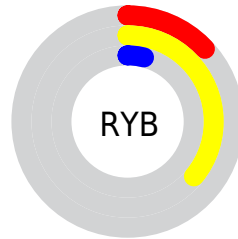
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (29%)

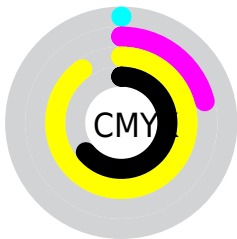
Blue (4%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (4%)

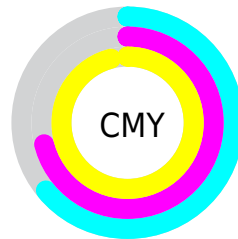


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (96%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



71.3850, -30.7558,  
18.0794

71.3850, -30.7558,  
18.0794

253.7460, -4.8048,  
1.0998

49.9700, -24.6352,  
14.9353

120.9940,  
-31.0560, 21.0533

30.1680, -14.8728,  
10.3767

147.4780,  
-31.7877, 22.3828

7.7080, -3.8000,  
5.5181

173.9620,  
-32.5193, 23.7123

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


201.9190,  
-33.9771, 24.6270


228.9080,  
-33.9716, 22.8827


247.2480,


-29.7023, 6.7985


 250.4400,  
-17.4719, 3.9991


 71.3850, -30.7558,  
18.0794


 71.3850, -30.7558,  
18.0794


 69.1850, -34.1082,  
20.0088

 73.5850, -27.4034,  
16.1500

 75.7850, -24.0510,  
14.2206

 78.0990, -20.2618,  
12.1912

 80.2990, -16.9094,  
10.2618

 83.0860, -13.8464,  
7.8176

■ 85.2860, -10.4940,  
5.8882

■ 87.4860, -7.1416,  
3.9588

■ 89.8000, -3.3524,  
1.9294

■ 92.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.3300, -23.8267, 35.6676



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



68.4360, -24.8649, -4.7674

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



63.8710, 18.7976, -56.0149



77.0740, 14.7535, 27.9991

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



29.6150, 30.7558, -18.0794

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.6230, 25.3289, -4.0544



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



64.7320, 29.7121, -56.7700

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



60.4510, 5.6937, -53.0155



61.6490, 35.6690, -54.0662



74.1550, 1.8956, 45.4681



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



65.0190, -15.7854, -23.6957



61.6490, 35.6690, -54.0662



77.9310, 18.2750, 18.4775

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



111.5420, -12.0992, 7.4177



35.9830, -3.9356, 49.1269



56.4860, -7.1416, 3.9588



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794



89.8840, -44.3128, 26.4117



75.9600, -33.0113, -5.2269



44.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147



82.7850, -40.8130, 23.8676



178.2840, -87.8940, 51.4939



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.6150, 30.7558, -18.0794



29.5290, 44.6022, -25.8969



25.0400, 33.0113, 5.2269



42.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147



27.2150, 40.8130, -23.8676



58.7160, 87.8940, -51.4939



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

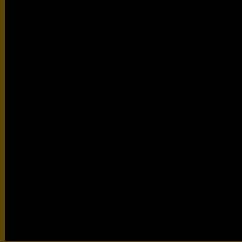
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.3850, -30.7558,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794

### Protanopia

71.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315

### Deuteranopia

71.8090, -30.4718, 20.3385



## Tritanopia

76.9420, -1.9434, 16.7139

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794

## Protanomaly

71.4770, -30.3082, 14.4907

## Deuteranomaly

71.5100, -30.3244, 19.7237

## Tritanomaly

75.1950, -12.4211, 17.3690

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794

## Achromatopsia

71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

71.3570, -11.5150, 6.7029

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 73, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 73, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 73, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 73, 9) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 73, 9) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 73, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 73, 9)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 73, 9); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 73, 9); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 73, 9) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 71.3850, -30.7558, 18.0794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 73, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 73,  
9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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