

Converting Colors

YUV(71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545)
contains.

YUV(71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(71.4920, -6.1586,
15.3545)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	59413B
RGB	89, 65, 59
RGB Percent	35%, 25%, 23%
CMY	0.6510, 0.7451, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.34, 0.65
HSL	12°, 20%, 29%
HSV	12°, 34%, 35%
XYZ	6.7995, 6.2202, 4.9799
YIQ	71.4920, 16.2300, 3.2220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

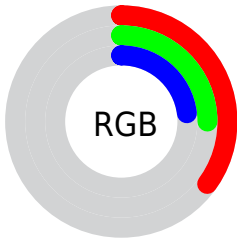
Format	Color
R_{YB}	89, 67, 59
Decimal	5849403
CIE Lab	29.96, 9.45, 7.72
CIE LCh	30, 12.205, 39.235
Yxy	6.2202, 0.3778, 0.3456
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284039483 (0xFF59413B)
YUV	71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545
Hunter-Lab	24.9403, 5.0192, 5.6196




Details

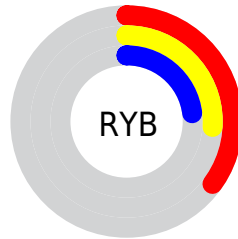
The YUV color **71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **76.5080, 6.1586, -15.3545**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120.2750, -7.0376, 17.2988**, and **27.4100, -5.1321, 12.7954** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.3570, -8.0640, 19.8579**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.6270, -4.2531, 10.8511**.

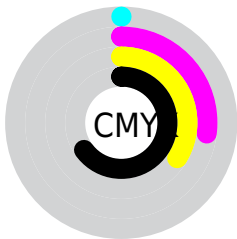
Distribution







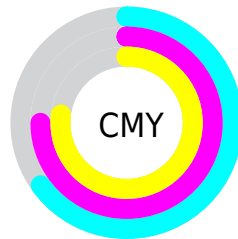
-  Red (35%)
-  Green (25%)
-  Blue (23%)






-  Red (35%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Blue (23%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (27%)
-  Yellow (34%)
-  Black (65%)



-  Cyan (65%)
-  Magenta (75%)
-  Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71.4920, -6.1586,
15.3545

■ 71.4920, -6.1586,
15.3545

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 48.8940, -5.8637,
14.1250

■ 120.2750, -7.0376,
17.2988

■ 27.4100, -5.1321,
12.7954

■ 145.5740, -7.1850,
17.9136

■ 6.2790, -3.0955,
12.9103

■ 172.7590, -7.7692,
18.6284

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 200.0580, -7.9166,
19.2431

■ 228.3570, -8.0640,
19.8579

■ 249.1810, -4.5262,

5.1033

■ 71.4920, -6.1586,
15.3545

■ 71.4920, -6.1586,
15.3545

■ 66.3570, -8.0640,
19.8579

■ 76.6270, -4.2531,
10.8511

■ 61.2220, -9.9694,
24.3613

■ 81.7620, -2.3477,
6.3477

■ 56.0870, -11.8749,
28.8647

■ 86.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 50.9520, -13.7803,
33.3681

■ 92.0320, 1.4632,
-2.6591

■ 45.3440, -14.9596,
38.2863

■ 97.7540, 3.0793,
-7.6773

■ 40.2090, -16.8650,
42.7897

■ 102.7750, 4.5479,
-12.0807

■ 37.1770, -18.3283,
45.4488

■ 107.9100, 6.4534,
-16.5841

■ 113.0450, 8.3588,
-21.0875

■ 118.1800, 10.2643,
-25.5909

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.2300, -2.0854, 15.5843



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



71.0740, -8.9105, 11.3361

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



67.1680, -1.5618, -12.4253



70.0730, 9.3310, -6.2030

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



76.5080, 6.1586, -15.3545

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.1320, 9.7949, -15.0248



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



66.3890, 3.2592, -18.7582

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



68.9580, -6.3883, -4.3482



66.5290, 7.6272, -19.7579



71.7430, 6.5357, 3.7334

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



70.3400, -9.0416, 6.7178



66.5290, 7.6272, -19.7579



69.4640, 9.6312, -9.1769

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



108.3490, -2.6371, 5.8329



70.7060, 6.0609, 16.0438



54.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



88.0370, -9.3852, 23.6466



80.2970, -10.4994, 7.6325



40.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443



44.3200, -21.8498, 54.9704



97.8540, -48.2420, 120.2770

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.5080, 6.1586, -15.3545



95.9630, 9.3852, -23.6466



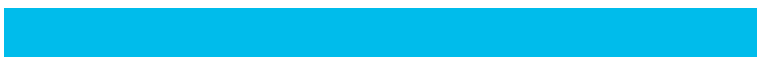
67.7030, 10.4994, -7.6325



41.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



62.6800, 21.8498, -54.9704



137.1460, 48.2420, -120.2770

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

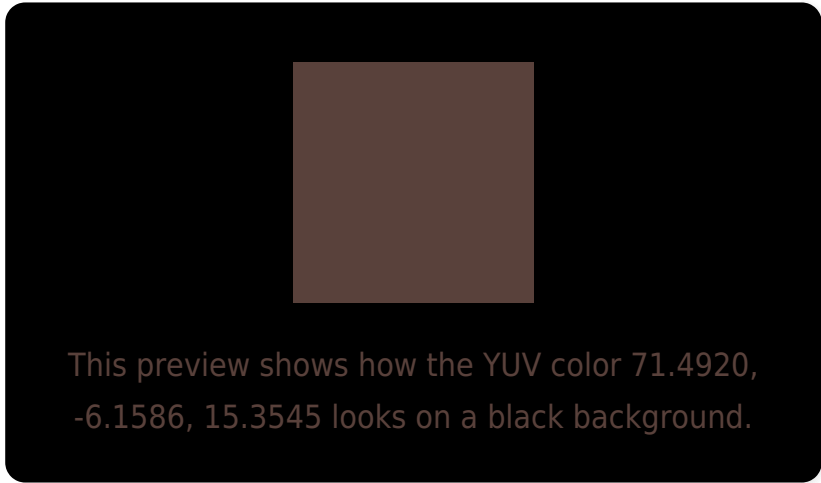
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

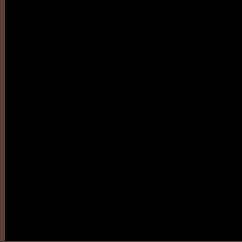
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545.

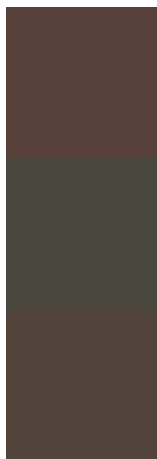


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.4920, -6.1586,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545

Protanopia

70.8710, -4.3734, 2.7441

Deuteranopia

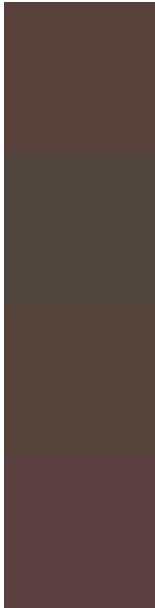
71.0460, -6.4317, 9.6067



Tritanopia

72.2300, -2.0854, 15.5843

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545

Protanomaly

71.0780, -4.9685, 6.9476

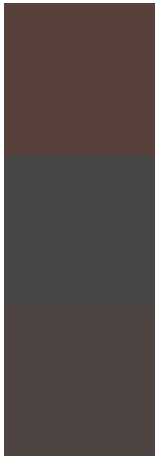
Deuteranomaly

71.3560, -6.5845, 11.9658

Tritanomaly

71.8880, -3.3958, 15.8842

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545

Achromatopsia

71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

71.4630, -2.2003, 5.7329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 65, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 65, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 65, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 65, 59) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 65, 59) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 65, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 65, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 65, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 65, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 65, 59)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 71.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 65, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 65,  
59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor