

Converting Colors

YUV(71.5000, 45.1095,
-48.6735)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(71.5000, 45.1095,
-48.6735)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1052A3
RGB	16, 82, 163
RGB Percent	6%, 32%, 64%
CMY	0.9373, 0.6784, 0.3608
CMYK	0.90, 0.50, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	213°, 82%, 35%
HSV	213°, 90%, 64%
XYZ	9.8418, 8.7891, 35.8281
YIQ	71.5000, -65.3370, 11.1990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

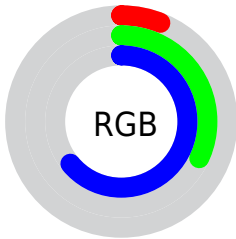
Format	Color
R_{YB}	16, 62, 163
Decimal	1069731
CIE _{Lab}	35.58, 12.49, -49.15
CIE _{LCh}	36, 50.714, 284.252
Yxy	8.7891, 0.1807, 0.1614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279259811 (0xFF1052A3)
YUV	71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735
Hunter-Lab	29.6464, 7.3762, -50.9003

Details

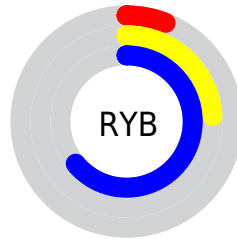
The YUV color **71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **107.5000, -45.1095, 48.6735**, and the grayscale version is **71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129.0720, 44.3345, -33.3891**, and **35.4330, 36.7615, -31.0747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.4330, 50.0725, -53.8767**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.5670, 40.1465, -43.4703**.

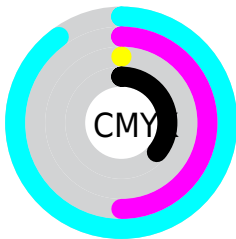
Distribution



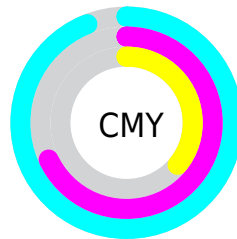
- Red (6%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



















- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735	 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735
 255.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000	 50.1370, 42.3305, -43.9701
 129.0720, 44.3345, -33.3891	 35.4330, 36.7615, -31.0747
 156.4960, 44.6185, -31.1300	 20.8430, 31.6294, -18.2793
 181.3410, 36.3139, -27.4861	 10.5900, 25.3451, -9.2874
 206.4480, 23.9361, -24.0719	 6.2070, 16.1669, -5.4435
 231.8540, 11.4110, -20.0430	 2.4110, 6.6994, -2.1144
 250.2160, 2.3585,	 0.0000, 0.0000,

-9.8364

0.0000

■ 71.5000, 45.1095,
-48.6735

■ 71.5000, 45.1095,
-48.6735

■ 61.4330, 50.0725,
-53.8767

■ 81.5670, 40.1465,
-43.4703

■ 91.9330, 35.0360,
-37.6522

■ 102.0000, 30.0730,
-32.4490

■ 112.0670, 25.1100,
-27.2458

■ 122.4330, 19.9995,
-21.4277

■ 132.5000, 15.0365,
-16.2245

■ 142.5670, 10.0735,
-11.0213

■ 152.6340, 5.1104,
-5.8180

■ 163.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.6460, 43.5585, -64.5875



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



85.7600, 27.7263, 20.3815

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



78.5330, -24.9128, 57.4146



66.1270, -3.0206, -57.9934

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



107.5000, -45.1095, 48.6735

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.4560, -25.3678, -30.2179



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



79.0190, -38.9564, 35.0633

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



76.7620, -5.3057, 68.6147



76.7720, -37.8486, 6.3390



71.6160, 15.4723, -62.8072

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



83.1070, 18.1882, 46.3872



76.7720, -37.8486, 6.3390



63.3570, -8.5570, -55.5641

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



176.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687



111.5230, -7.1598, -83.7737



85.6810, 10.5103, -11.1212



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735



79.9330, 65.1090, -70.1012



34.8510, 63.1775, -10.3933



76.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



54.6850, 44.5253, -47.9587



6.7480, 5.5472, -5.9180

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.4770, 7.1598, 83.7737



74.2180, 10.2455, 120.8348



144.1490, -63.1775, 10.3933



76.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



50.7650, 7.0179, 82.6441



6.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

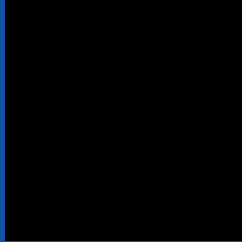
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.5000, 45.1095,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735

Protanopia

76.7790, 42.0140, -35.7632

Deuteranopia

66.8810, 40.4847, -58.6546



Tritanopia

65.8770, 16.3296, -57.7741

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735

Protanomaly

74.6860, 43.0458, -40.0666

Deuteranomaly

68.6580, 42.0736, -54.9511

Tritanomaly

67.9450, 26.6491, -54.3258

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735

Achromatopsia

72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

72.1300, 16.2049, -17.6540

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(16, 82, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(16, 82, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(16, 82, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(16, 82, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(16, 82, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(16, 82, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(16, 82, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(16, 82, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 82, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(16, 82,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 71.5000, 45.1095, -48.6735 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(16, 82, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(16, 82,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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