

Converting Colors

YUV(71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(71.6210, -1.7852,
12.6104)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	564144
RGB	86, 65, 68
RGB Percent	34%, 25%, 27%
CMY	0.6627, 0.7451, 0.7333
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.21, 0.66
HSL	351°, 14%, 30%
HSV	351°, 24%, 34%
XYZ	6.7714, 6.1764, 6.3041
YIQ	71.6210, 11.5530, 5.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

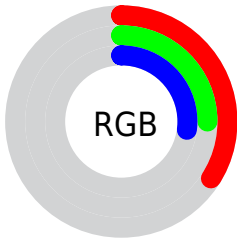
Format	Color
RYB	86, 65, 68
Decimal	5652804
CIELab	29.85, 9.63, 1.69
CIElCh	30, 9.780, 9.921
Yxy	6.1764, 0.3517, 0.3208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283842884 (0xFF564144)
YUV	71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104
Hunter-Lab	24.8523, 5.1438, 2.3570

Details

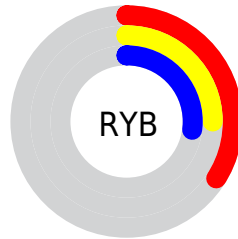
The YUV color **71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **79.3790, 1.7852, -12.6104**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **120.2190, -2.0800, 13.8399**, and **27.7240, -1.3429, 10.7661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **65.5400, -2.2382, 17.9434**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773**.

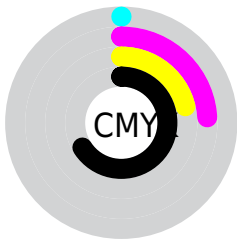
Distribution



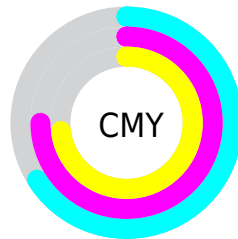
- Red (34%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 71.6210, -1.7852,
12.6104

■ 71.6210, -1.7852,
12.6104

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 49.0230, -1.4903,
11.3808

■ 120.2190, -2.0800,
13.8399

■ 27.7240, -1.3429,
10.7661

■ 145.9310, -1.9380,
14.9695

■ 5.9800, -2.9481,
12.2955

■ 172.8170, -2.3748,
15.0695

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 200.1160, -2.5222,
15.6843

■ 228.1160, -2.5222,
15.6843

■ 250.5490, 0.7153,

3.9035

■ 71.6210, -1.7852,
12.6104

■ 71.6210, -1.7852,
12.6104

■ 65.5400, -2.2382,
17.9434

■ 77.7020, -1.3321,
7.2773

■ 59.9320, -3.4175,
22.8616

■ 83.3100, -0.1528,
2.3591

■ 53.8510, -3.8705,
28.1947

■ 89.3910, 0.3002,
-2.9739

■ 48.3570, -4.6130,
33.0129

■ 94.8850, 1.0427,
-7.7921

■ 42.1620, -5.5029,
38.4459

■ 101.0800, 1.9326,
-13.2252

■ 36.0810, -5.9559,
43.7790

■ 107.1610, 2.3856,
-18.5582

■ 30.4730, -7.1352,
48.6972

■ 112.7690, 3.5649,
-23.4764

■ 27.0820, -7.4354,
51.6711

■ 118.8500, 4.0180,
-28.8094

■ 124.3440, 4.7604,
-33.6277

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.9240, 2.0095, 8.8367



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



71.1110, -4.9847, 12.1807

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



69.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



68.5840, 7.6001, -11.0362

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



79.3790, 1.7852, -12.6104

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.5080, 6.1586, -15.3545



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



67.8910, -1.4253, -9.5514

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



70.0730, -7.4310, 3.4440



67.5960, 2.6642, -14.5547



70.2150, 7.2890, -4.5736

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



70.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362



67.5960, 2.6642, -14.5547



68.1600, 7.3161, -13.2953

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



106.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



72.7760, 6.5194, 8.9664



53.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



90.0240, -2.9698, 19.2730



75.3880, -5.1213, 9.3067



40.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



33.7030, -9.2206, 64.2815



74.1410, -19.7895, 141.0733

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104



90.0240, -2.9698, 19.2730



75.6120, 5.1213, -9.3067



40.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



33.7030, -9.2206, 64.2815



74.1410, -19.7895, 141.0733

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

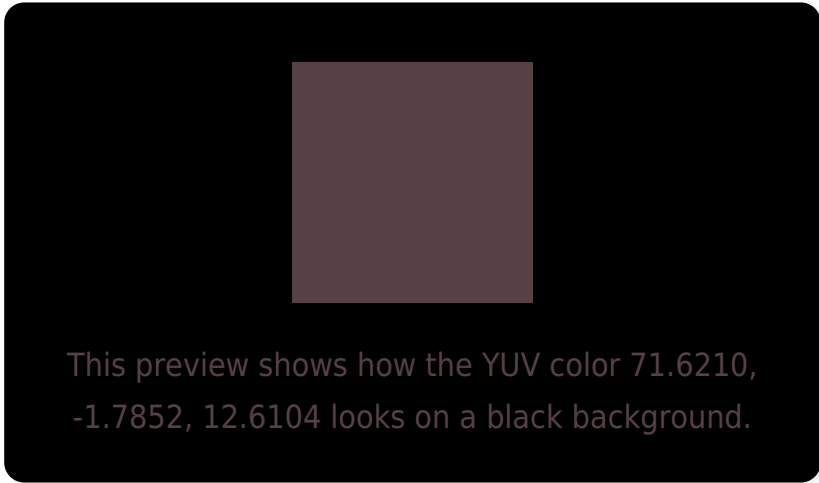
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

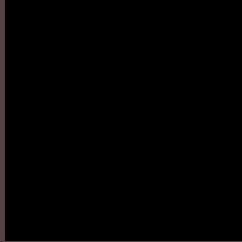
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104.

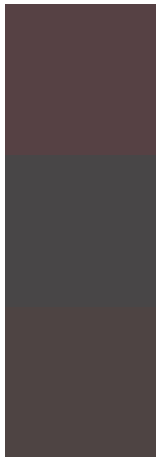


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.6210, -1.7852,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104

Protanopia

70.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

Deuteranopia

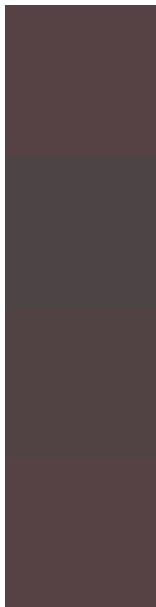
70.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



Tritanopia

71.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104

Trichromacy



Original Color

71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104

Protanomaly

70.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330

Deuteranomaly

71.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069

Tritanomaly

71.7350, -1.3484, 12.5104

Monochromacy



Original Color

71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104

Achromatopsia

72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

71.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 65, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 65, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 65, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 65, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 65, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 65, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 65, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 65, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 65, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 65, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 71.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 65, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 65,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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