

# Converting Colors

YUV(71.8790, -26.5623,  
26.4161)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(71.8790, -26.5623,  
26.4161)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	664312
RGB	102, 67, 18
RGB Percent	40%, 26%, 7%
CMY	0.6000, 0.7373, 0.9294
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.82, 0.60
HSL	35°, 70%, 24%
HSV	35°, 82%, 40%
XYZ	7.5958, 6.8828, 1.5004
YIQ	71.8790, 36.5890, -7.8190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

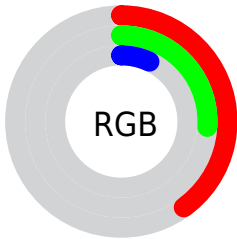
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	78, 102, 18
Decimal	6701842
CIE Lab	31.54, 10.46, 34.01
CIE LCh	32, 35.586, 72.904
Yxy	6.8828, 0.4754, 0.4307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284891922 (0xFF664312)
YUV	71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161
Hunter-Lab	26.2350, 5.7698, 14.9736

# Details

The YUV color **71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **48.1210, 26.5623, -26.4161**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.4450, -28.3204, 30.3047**, and **29.3370, -14.4631, 18.9985** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.3910, -29.7728, 29.4751**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **75.3670, -23.3519, 23.3571**.

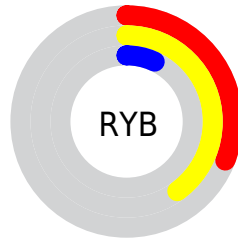
# Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (26%)

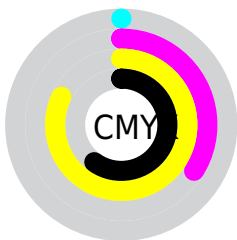
Blue (7%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (7%)

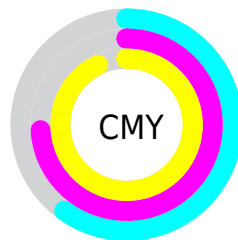


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (82%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 71.8790, -26.5623,  
26.4161

■ 71.8790, -26.5623,  
26.4161

■ 254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

■ 49.1390, -24.2255,  
23.5571

■ 121.4450,  
-28.3204, 30.3047

■ 29.3370, -14.4631,  
18.9985

■ 147.6410,  
-28.9100, 32.7638

■ 8.0730, -3.9800,  
16.5990

■ 174.7120,  
-29.9310, 33.5786


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


■ 202.3810,  
-31.2468, 35.6229


■ 225.4830,  
-29.3251, 25.8864


■ 244.9970,


-25.6345, 8.7726


 251.2380,  
-14.4143, 3.2993


 71.8790, -26.5623,  
26.4161


 71.8790, -26.5623,  
26.4161


 68.3910, -29.7728,  
29.4751


 75.3670, -23.3519,  
23.3571

 65.1310, -32.1096,  
32.3341

 78.8550, -20.1415,  
20.2982

 83.0440, -16.7837,  
16.6244

 86.5320, -13.5733,  
13.5654

 90.0200, -10.3629,  
10.5065

■ 94.0950, -7.4418,  
6.9327

■ 97.5830, -4.2314,  
3.8737

■ 101.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 104.6730, 2.6262,  
-2.3442

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.6710, -17.5858, 40.6305



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



70.1170, -27.6657, 6.9134

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



61.4600, 12.0982, -53.9004



76.7130, 18.8755, 12.5297

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



48.1210, 26.5623, -26.4161

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.4140, 28.8829, -24.0421



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



63.2500, 24.0338, -55.4703

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



57.5670, -0.2795, -50.4863



62.6120, 31.7433, -54.9107



75.2940, 7.7431, 36.5762



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



67.6250, -21.5071, -8.4411



62.6120, 31.7433, -54.9107



75.8580, 22.2550, 1.8785

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



120.9060, -10.7997, 10.6064



47.1060, 2.9057, 48.1420



59.0240, -6.4208, 6.1180



194.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



66.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161



85.6670, -41.7408, 41.5110



90.3310, -35.6592, 4.0947



49.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295



73.7140, -36.3410, 36.2078



155.1250, -76.4766, 76.1894



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.1210, 26.5623, -26.4161



48.3330, 41.7408, -41.5110



29.6690, 35.6592, -4.0947



47.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295



41.2860, 36.3410, -36.2078



86.8750, 76.4766, -76.1894



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

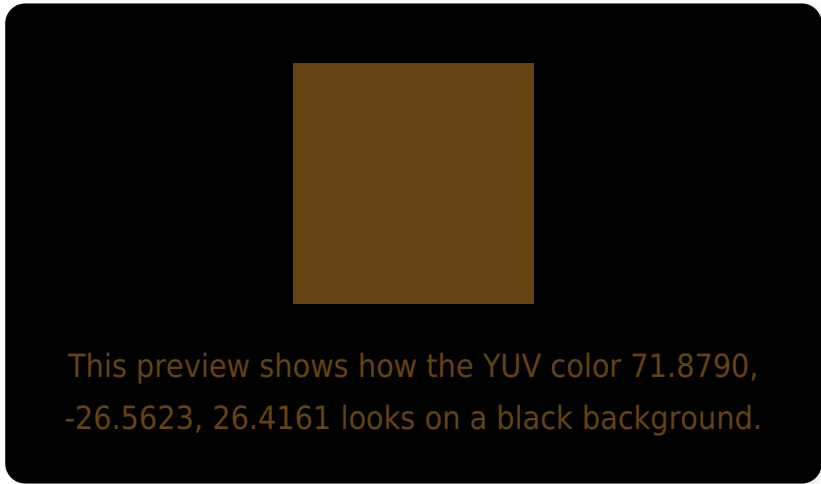
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

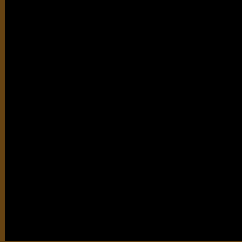
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 71.8790, -26.5623,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161

### Protanopia

71.4210, -25.3506, 11.0318

### Deuteranopia

71.6070, -27.4143, 19.6387



## Tritanopia

76.0140, -4.4439, 25.4207

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161

## Protanomaly

71.6390, -25.9510, 16.9796

## Deuteranomaly

72.0310, -27.1303, 21.8978

## Tritanomaly

74.2500, -12.4482, 26.0907

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161

## Achromatopsia

72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

71.8350, -9.7787, 9.7917

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 67, 18)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 67, 18)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 67, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 67, 18) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 67, 18) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 67, 18) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 67, 18) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 67, 18); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 67, 18);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 67,  
18) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 71.8790, -26.5623, 26.4161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 67, 18) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102, 67,  
18) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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