

# Converting Colors

YUV(72.0650, 85.2570,  
-45.6610)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(72.0650, 85.2570,  
-45.6610)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	1441F5
RGB	20, 65, 245
RGB Percent	8%, 25%, 96%
CMY	0.9216, 0.7451, 0.0392
CMYK	0.92, 0.73, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	228°, 92%, 52%
HSV	228°, 92%, 96%
XYZ	18.6602, 10.5219, 87.4336
YIQ	72.0650, -84.6000, 46.4400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

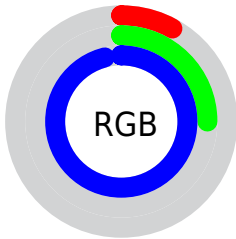
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	20, 58, 245
Decimal	1327605
CIE Lab	38.76, 54.55, -91.48
CIE LCh	39, 106.507, 300.810
Yxy	10.5219, 0.1600, 0.0902
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279517685 (0xFF1441F5)
YUV	72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610
Hunter-Lab	32.4375, 45.9197, -137.1071

# Details

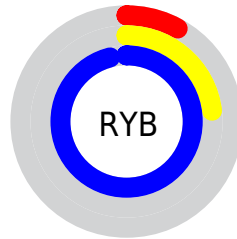
The YUV color **72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **192.9350, -85.2570, 45.6610**, and the grayscale version is **71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.2700, 60.9989, -11.6378**, and **33.0580, 75.8934, -28.9919** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56.6930, 92.8354, -49.7198**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.2800, 75.7840, -40.5876**.

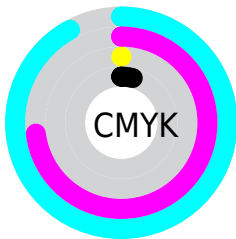
# Distribution



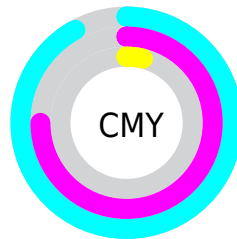
- Red (8%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 72.0650, 85.2570,  
-45.6610

■ 72.0650, 85.2570,  
-45.6610

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 49.2780, 82.1939,  
-43.2168

■ 131.2700, 60.9989,  
-11.6378

■ 33.0580, 75.8934,  
-28.9919

■ 156.6980, 48.4629,  
-4.1201

■ 19.8870, 68.5827,  
-17.4409

■ 182.4140, 35.7849,  
2.2679

■ 15.0480, 57.6573,  
-13.1971

■ 207.8310, 23.2543,  
8.0412

■ 19.6010, 42.1017,  
-17.1901

■ 233.8350, 10.4343,  
13.2997

■ 14.9900, 32.0499,  
-13.1462

■ 252.6520, 1.1576,

■ 9.3190, 23.0137,

2.0592

-8.1728

■ 5.0500, 14.2723,  
-4.4289

■ 0.9120, 3.4944,  
-0.7998

■ 72.0650, 85.2570,  
-45.6610

■ 72.0650, 85.2570,  
-45.6610

■ 56.6930, 92.8354,  
-49.7198

■ 91.2800, 75.7840,  
-40.5876

■ 109.6090, 66.7478,  
-35.6141

■ 128.8240, 57.2748,  
-30.5406

■ 147.1530, 48.2386,  
-25.5672

■ 166.3680, 38.7656,  
-20.4937

■ 185.2840, 29.4400,  
-16.0351

■ 203.9120, 20.2564,  
-10.4468

■ 222.8280, 10.9308,  
-5.9882

■ 241.4560, 1.7472,  
-0.3999

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.2920, 80.7080, -80.0631



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



76.5040, 50.0375, 97.7820

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



75.8050, -37.3719, 86.9940



80.9280, 5.4585, -70.9739

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



192.9350, -85.2570, 45.6610

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.0920, -33.5694, -59.7167



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



85.7200, -42.2600, 21.2936

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



66.0940, -28.6403, 133.2216



63.9830, -31.5436, -56.1131



92.1340, 43.3179, -80.8015



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



79.9870, 20.7124, 123.6684



63.9830, -31.5436, -56.1131



76.8070, -7.7929, -67.3597

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



200.3120, 26.9612, -14.3056



172.5950, 13.5107, -133.8258



94.2990, 16.6146, -9.0322



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610



59.0070, 96.6245, -51.7491



65.6830, 88.4033, 18.6950



113.1290, 4.3734, -2.7441



42.9230, 70.5370, -37.6435



13.7700, 22.2984, -12.0763



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.4050, -13.5107, 133.8258



82.0590, -15.3121, 151.6693



199.3170, -88.4033, -18.6950



113.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774



59.8320, -11.2562, 110.6493

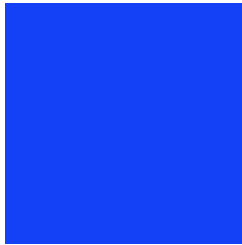


19.0090, -3.4554, 35.0721



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.0650, 85.2570,

-45.6610.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610

### Protanopia

71.9310, 54.7570, -63.0835

### Deuteranopia

72.3750, 41.2271, -63.4729



## **Tritanopia**

70.7840, 17.3615, -62.0776

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610

## Protanomaly

71.9500, 66.0867, -56.9611

## Deuteranomaly

72.2460, 57.0667, -57.2207

## Tritanomaly

71.0600, 42.3684, -56.1806

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610

## Achromatopsia

72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

71.7400, 31.1872, -16.4350

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 65, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 65, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 65, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 65, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 65, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 65, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 65, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 65, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 65, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 65,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 72.0650, 85.2570, -45.6610 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 65, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 65,  
245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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