

Converting Colors

YUV(72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(72.0940, -26.1753,
-4.4674)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	435513
RGB	67, 85, 19
RGB Percent	26%, 33%, 7%
CMY	0.7373, 0.6667, 0.9255
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.78, 0.67
HSL	76°, 63%, 20%
HSV	76°, 78%, 33%
XYZ	5.6808, 7.7373, 1.8101
YIQ	72.0940, 10.4580, -24.3420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

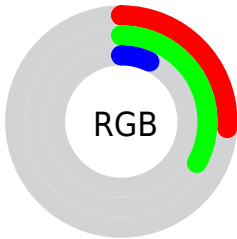
Format	Color
R_{YB}	19, 85, 37
Decimal	4412691
CIE _{Lab}	33.43, -17.57, 34.18
CIE _{LCh}	33, 38.430, 117.203
Yxy	7.7373, 0.3730, 0.5081
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282602771 (0xFF435513)
YUV	72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674
Hunter-Lab	27.8160, -12.2235, 15.6129

Details

The YUV color **72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **31.9060, 26.1753, 4.4674**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.8660, -27.0489, -4.2675**, and **29.4600, -14.5238, -8.2964** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.4700, -29.8117, -4.7972**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **73.7180, -22.5390, -4.1377**.

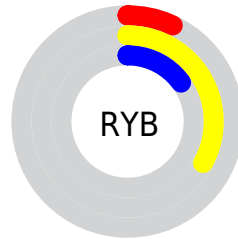
Distribution



 Red (26%)

 Green (33%)

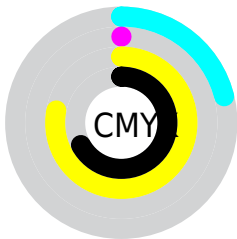
 Blue (7%)




 Red (7%)

 Yellow (33%)

 Blue (15%)

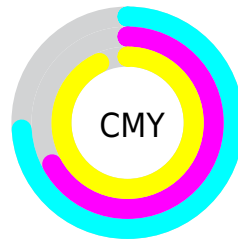


 Cyan (21%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (78%)

 Black (67%)



 Cyan (74%)

 Magenta (67%)

 Yellow (93%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 72.0940, -26.1753,
-4.4674

■ 72.0940, -26.1753,
-4.4674

■ 254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 49.2510, -24.2807,
-5.4821

■ 121.8660,
-27.0489, -4.2675

■ 29.4600, -14.5238,
-8.2964

■ 147.9370,
-28.0699, -3.4527

■ 11.7400, -5.7878,
-10.2960

■ 174.8230,
-28.5067, -3.3528

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 202.2960,
-29.2329, -3.7676

■ 230.3670,
-30.2539, -2.9529

■ 248.3880,

-25.3343, 5.7987

■ 251.5800,
-13.1039, 2.9993

■ 72.0940, -26.1753,
-4.4674

■ 72.0940, -26.1753,
-4.4674

■ 70.4700, -29.8117,
-4.7972

■ 73.7180, -22.5390,
-4.1377

■ 68.6610, -32.8639,
-5.8417

■ 75.5270, -19.4868,
-3.0932

■ 68.4330, -33.7375,
-5.6417

■ 77.1510, -15.8504,
-2.7634

■ 78.6610, -12.6509,
-2.3337

■ 80.4700, -9.5987,
-1.2892

■ 82.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594

■ 83.6040, -2.7628,
-0.5297

■ 85.5270, 0.7262,
0.4148

■ 87.0370, 3.9258,
0.8446

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.8690, -31.4874, 19.4089



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



64.7230, -10.2164, -36.5911

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



67.5360, 30.3018, -59.2291



77.9810, 2.4744, 46.4977

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



31.9060, 26.1753, 4.4674

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.1880, 15.1903, 27.8991



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



64.5670, 36.6955, -56.6253

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



66.6750, 19.3872, -58.4740



79.5520, 26.3499, -4.8691



76.6210, -11.6452, 48.5674

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



61.3000, 1.3311, -53.7601



79.5520, 26.3499, -4.8691



79.0990, 6.8532, 42.0092

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



104.9430, -10.3249, -1.7040



49.3000, -14.9379, 31.3089



52.9800, -6.3991, -0.8595



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674



90.0000, -40.4260, -7.0160



62.2270, -21.3109, -24.7551



42.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



86.1310, -42.4626, -7.1309



189.0740, -93.2135, -15.8509

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.9060, 26.1753, 4.4674



27.7010, 40.5734, 6.4012



41.7730, 21.3109, 24.7551



39.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149



20.8690, 42.4626, 7.1309



45.9260, 93.2135, 15.8509

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

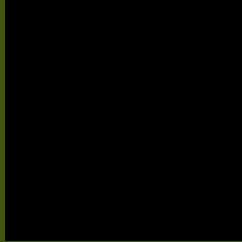
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.0940, -26.1753,

-4.4674.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674

Protanopia

74.6230, -28.4081, 11.7316

Deuteranopia

76.0630, -25.6671, 19.2387



Tritanopia

78.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738

Trichromacy



Original Color

72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674

Protanomaly

73.5190, -27.3709, 5.6838

Deuteranomaly

74.8940, -26.0767, 10.6170

Tritanomaly

75.7300, -7.2619, -4.1482

Monochromacy



Original Color

72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674

Achromatopsia

72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

72.1710, -9.4513, -1.9040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 85, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 85, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 85, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 85, 19) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 85, 19) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 85, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 85, 19)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 85, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 85, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 85, 19)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 72.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 85, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 85,  
19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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