

# Converting Colors

YUV(72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(72.2910, -11.4825,  
-3.7632)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	444F31
RGB	68, 79, 49
RGB Percent	27%, 31%, 19%
CMY	0.7333, 0.6902, 0.8078
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.38, 0.69
HSL	82°, 23%, 25%
HSV	82°, 38%, 31%
XYZ	5.7343, 7.0427, 3.9629
YIQ	72.2910, 3.0740, -11.6620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

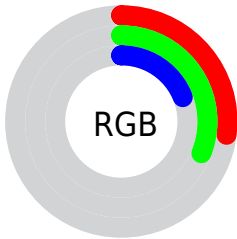
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">49, 79, 60</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4476721</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">31.90, -10.38, 16.31</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">32, 19.335, 122.467</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">7.0427, 0.3426, 0.4207</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282666801 (0xFF444F31)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">26.5380, -7.8718, 9.7229</a>

# Details

The YUV color **72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **55.7090, 11.4825, 3.7632**, and the grayscale version is **72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.0630, -12.3561, -3.5633**, and **28.3620, -12.5035, -2.9485** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.4820, -14.5346, -4.8077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **74.1000, -8.4303, -2.7187**.

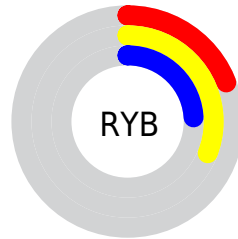
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (31%)

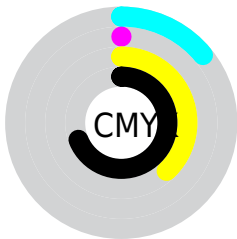
Blue (19%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (24%)

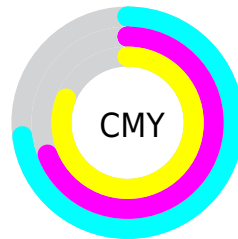


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



72.2910, -11.4825,  
-3.7632

72.2910, -11.4825,  
-3.7632

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

49.5190, -10.6089,  
-3.9632

121.0630,  
-12.3561, -3.5633

28.3620, -12.5035,  
-2.9485

146.5360,  
-13.0822, -3.9781

7.6310, -3.7621,  
-6.6924

173.4220,  
-13.5190, -3.8781

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

200.4220,  
-13.5190, -3.8781

228.8950,  
-14.2452, -4.2929

251.3240,

-11.4987, 1.4699

■ 72.2910, -11.4825,  
-3.7632

■ 72.2910, -11.4825,  
-3.7632

■ 70.4820, -14.5346,  
-4.8077

■ 74.1000, -8.4303,  
-2.7187

■ 68.6730, -17.5868,  
-5.8522

■ 75.9090, -5.3781,  
-1.6742

■ 66.8640, -20.6390,  
-6.8967

■ 77.7180, -2.3260,  
-0.6297

■ 65.0550, -23.6911,  
-7.9412

■ 79.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 63.6590, -26.4539,  
-8.4709

■ 81.0370, 3.9258,  
0.8446

■ 61.8500, -29.5061,  
-9.5155

■ 82.7320, 6.5411,  
1.9890

■ 61.3230, -30.2322,  
-9.9303

■ 84.5410, 9.5933,  
3.0335

■ 86.3500, 12.6455,  
4.0781

■ 88.1590, 15.6976,  
5.1226

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.2710, -14.4306, 8.5323



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



70.0380, -4.4557, -17.5733

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



68.1560, 16.6851, -31.7088



76.5130, -1.2389, 24.1061

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



55.7090, 11.4825, 3.7632

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.2930, 5.7716, 15.5290



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



73.3260, 15.6153, -15.1949

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



64.7760, 12.9284, -40.1456



76.8120, 11.9247, 1.9189



76.0910, -7.9329, 24.4762



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



67.8780, 1.5391, -27.0800



76.8120, 11.9247, 1.9189



77.1860, 1.3873, 21.7619

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



99.5500, -4.2151, -1.3593



64.4270, -7.6055, 12.7805



49.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



51.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632



91.5590, -18.0236, -5.7522



67.8060, -9.2714, -12.9849



37.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



79.3090, -39.0993, -12.5490



178.3650, -87.9339, -29.2611



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.7090, 11.4825, 3.7632



65.4410, 18.0236, 5.7522



60.1940, 9.2714, 12.9849



35.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



22.6910, 39.0993, 12.5490



51.3360, 88.0814, 28.6463



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

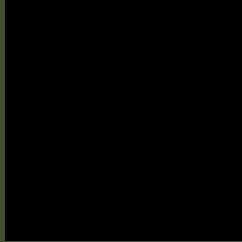
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.2910, -11.4825,

-3.7632.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632

### Protanopia

73.9010, -13.2622, 7.1028

### Deuteranopia

74.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655



**Tritanopia**

74.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632

## Protanomaly

73.1070, -12.3778, 3.4142

## Deuteranomaly

74.2430, -11.9518, 6.8029

## Tritanomaly

73.7070, -2.3206, -2.3740

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632

## Achromatopsia

72.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

72.5500, -4.2151, -1.3593

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 79, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 79, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 79, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 79, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 79, 49) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 79, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(68, 79, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 79, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 79, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 79, 49)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 72.2910, -11.4825, -3.7632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 79, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 79,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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