

# Converting Colors

YUV(72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(72.5910, -9.6584,  
17.8987)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D4235
RGB	93, 66, 53
RGB Percent	36%, 26%, 21%
CMY	0.6353, 0.7412, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.43, 0.64
HSL	20°, 27%, 29%
HSV	20°, 43%, 36%
XYZ	7.1050, 6.4806, 4.2446
YIQ	72.5910, 20.2650, 1.6810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

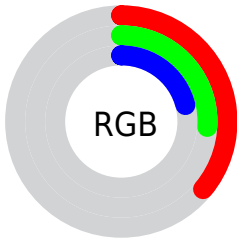
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	93, 72, 53
Decimal	6111797
CIELab	30.59, 9.79, 12.52
CIElCh	31, 15.893, 51.978
Yxy	6.4806, 0.3985, 0.3635
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284301877 (0xFF5D4235)
YUV	72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987
Hunter-Lab	25.4571, 5.2691, 7.9343




# Details

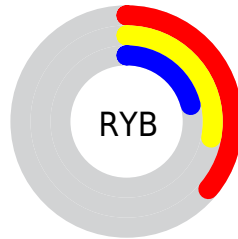
The YUV color **72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **73.4090, 9.6584, -17.8987**, and the grayscale version is **73.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.3740, -10.5374, 19.8430**, and **28.2810, -9.5055, 15.5396** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.0430, -11.8532, 21.8873**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **77.1390, -7.4635, 13.9101**.

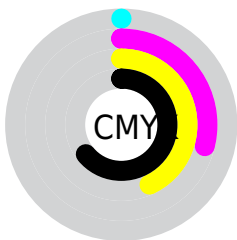
# Distribution







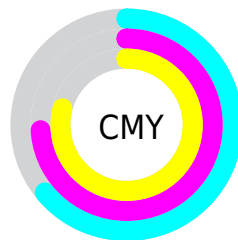
-  Red (36%)
-  Green (26%)
-  Blue (21%)






-  Red (36%)
-  Yellow (28%)
-  Blue (21%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (29%)
-  Yellow (43%)
-  Black (64%)



-  Cyan (64%)
-  Magenta (74%)
-  Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 72.5910, -9.6584,  
17.8987

■ 72.5910, -9.6584,  
17.8987

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.1070, -8.9268,  
16.5692

■ 121.3740,  
-10.5374, 19.8430

■ 28.2810, -9.5055,  
15.5396

■ 147.5590,  
-11.1216, 20.5578

■ 6.8770, -3.3904,  
14.1399

■ 174.0430,  
-11.8532, 21.8873

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 201.3420,  
-12.0006, 22.5021

■ 229.3420,  
-12.0006, 22.5021

■ 249.5570, -8.1626,

4.7735

■ 72.5910, -9.6584,  
17.8987

■ 72.5910, -9.6584,  
17.8987

■ 68.0430, -11.8532,  
21.8873

■ 77.1390, -7.4635,  
13.9101

■ 62.7940, -14.1954,  
26.4907

■ 82.3880, -5.1213,  
9.3067

■ 58.2460, -16.3903,  
30.4793

■ 86.9360, -2.9264,  
5.3181

■ 53.6980, -18.5851,  
34.4679

■ 91.4840, -0.7316,  
1.3295

■ 49.1500, -20.7799,  
38.4565

■ 96.0320, 1.4632,  
-2.6591

■ 45.4170, -22.3906,  
41.7303

■ 101.2810, 3.8055,  
-7.2624

■ 105.8290, 6.0003,  
-11.2510

■ 110.3770, 8.1951,  
-15.2396

■ 115.0390, 10.8268,  
-19.3282

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.1660, -5.0118, 20.9024



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



71.6780, -11.6733, 10.8064

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



66.9820, 0.5019, -21.0322



72.5510, 11.0674, -3.1142

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



73.4090, 9.6584, -17.8987

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



65.7730, 7.5069, -27.8649

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



68.6260, -6.2246, -10.1960



66.3370, 12.1589, -26.6055



74.0750, 6.3720, 9.5812



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



71.0470, -11.3622, 4.3438



66.3370, 12.1589, -26.6055



71.4580, 12.0992, -7.4177

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



111.7190, -3.8055, 7.2624



68.0380, 5.8973, 21.8917



56.3380, -2.6316, 4.0886



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987



88.2780, -14.9271, 27.8202



84.3310, -15.4462, 7.6027



43.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



54.0220, -26.6328, 49.0927



116.0620, -57.2186, 106.0626



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.4090, 9.6584, -17.8987



89.7220, 14.9271, -27.8202



61.6690, 15.4462, -7.6027



43.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443



55.9780, 26.6328, -49.0927



120.9380, 57.2186, -106.0626



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

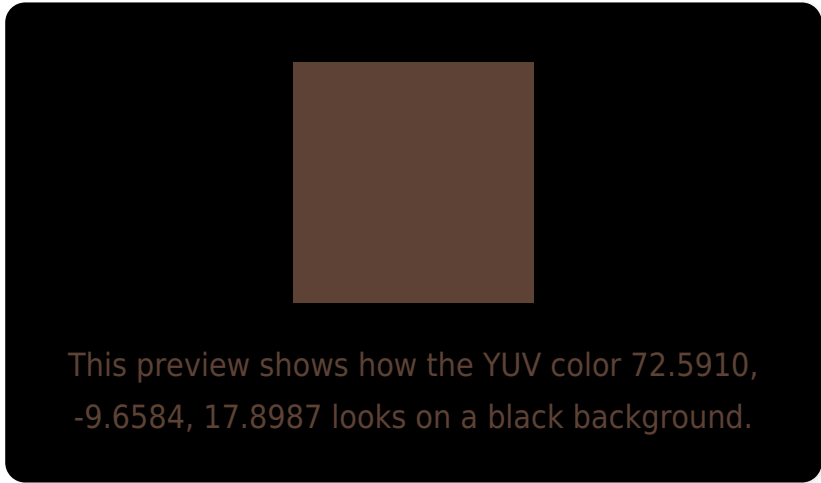
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

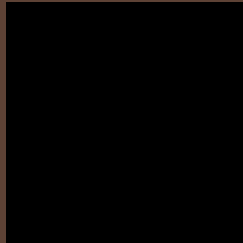
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987.



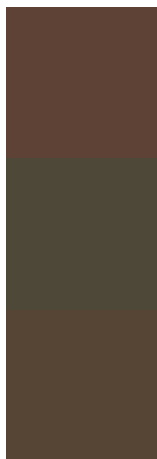
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.5910, -9.6584,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987

### Protanopia

71.6710, -7.7258, 4.6735

### Deuteranopia

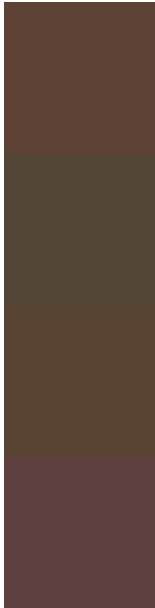
72.1450, -9.9315, 12.1508



## Tritanopia

73.5400, -2.2382, 17.9434

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987

## Protanomaly

72.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918

## Deuteranomaly

72.4550, -10.0843, 14.5100

## Tritanomaly

73.4430, -5.1484, 18.0285

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987

## Achromatopsia

73.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

72.5340, -3.2213, 6.5477

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 66, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 66, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 66, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 66, 53) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 66, 53) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 66, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 66, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 66, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 66, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 66, 53)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 72.5910, -9.6584, 17.8987 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 66, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 66,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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