

# Converting Colors

YUV(72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(72.8270, -0.9007,  
8.9217)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	534447
RGB	83, 68, 71
RGB Percent	33%, 27%, 28%
CMY	0.6745, 0.7333, 0.7216
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.14, 0.67
HSL	348°, 10%, 30%
HSV	348°, 18%, 33%
XYZ	6.7717, 6.4282, 6.8451
YIQ	72.8270, 7.9770, 4.1130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

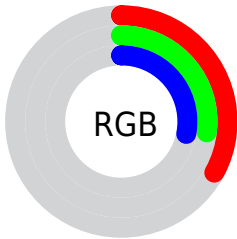
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	83, 68, 71
Decimal	5456967
CIELab	30.47, 6.99, 0.59
CIELCh	30, 7.012, 4.846
Yxy	6.4282, 0.3378, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283647047 (0xFF534447)
YUV	72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217
Hunter-Lab	25.3538, 3.3061, 1.7404

# Details

The YUV color **72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **78.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217**, and the grayscale version is **73.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **121.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513**, and **29.2290, -0.6059, 7.6922** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035**.

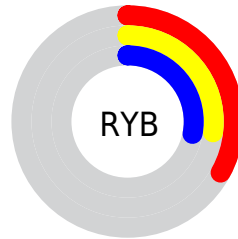
# Distribution



 Red (33%)

 Green (27%)

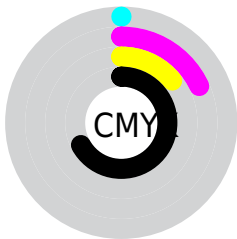
 Blue (28%)



 Red (33%)

 Yellow (27%)

 Blue (28%)

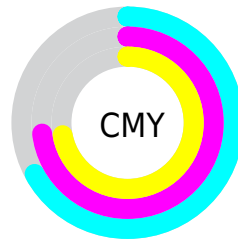


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (18%)

 Yellow (14%)

 Black (67%)



 Cyan (67%)

 Magenta (73%)

 Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 72.8270, -0.9007,  
8.9217

■ 72.8270, -0.9007,  
8.9217

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.5280, -0.7533,  
8.3069

■ 121.4250, -1.1955,  
10.1513

■ 29.2290, -0.6059,  
7.6922

■ 147.4250, -1.1955,  
10.1513

■ 5.4960, -2.2165,  
10.9660

■ 173.7240, -1.3429,  
10.7661

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 201.1370, -1.0535,  
11.2809

■ 229.1370, -1.0535,  
11.2809

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,

1.5444

■ 72.8270, -0.9007,  
8.9217

■ 72.8270, -0.9007,  
8.9217

■ 67.3330, -1.6432,  
13.7400

■ 78.3210, -0.1583,  
4.1035

■ 61.3660, -1.6594,  
18.9730

■ 84.2880, -0.1420,  
-1.1296

■ 55.8720, -2.4019,  
23.7913

■ 89.7820, 0.6005,  
-5.9478

■ 50.3780, -3.1444,  
28.6095

■ 95.2760, 1.3429,  
-10.7661

■ 44.4110, -3.1606,  
33.8426

■ 100.6560, 1.6486,  
-15.4843

■ 38.9170, -3.9031,  
38.6608

■ 106.7370, 2.1017,  
-20.8173

■ 33.5370, -4.2087,  
43.3791

■ 112.1170, 2.4073,  
-25.5356

■ 28.0430, -4.9512,  
48.1973

■ 117.6110, 3.1498,  
-30.3538

■ 26.7550, -4.8092,  
49.3269

■ 123.6920, 3.6028,  
-35.6869

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.0870, 1.4361, 6.0627



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



72.2570, -3.0847, 9.4216

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



70.6640, -3.7784, -1.4593



70.9110, 4.9739, -8.6919

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



78.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.2590, 3.8163, -10.7511



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



70.5000, -1.7255, -6.5775

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



71.6430, -5.2470, 2.9441



69.8740, 1.0481, -9.5365



71.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



72.2030, -4.5371, 8.5920



69.8740, 1.0481, -9.5365



70.4980, 4.6845, -9.2067

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



103.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



73.2980, 4.7831, 5.8777



51.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



91.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400



74.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625



38.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



33.7890, -6.3050, 62.4520



74.6120, -14.1057, 138.0293



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



91.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400



75.5800, 3.6581, -6.6477



38.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



33.7890, -6.3050, 62.4520



74.6120, -14.1057, 138.0293



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217.



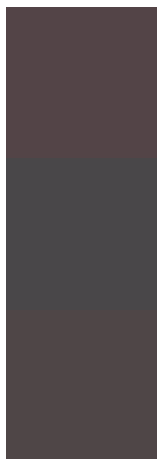
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 72.8270, -0.9007,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217

### Protanopia

71.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296

### Deuteranopia

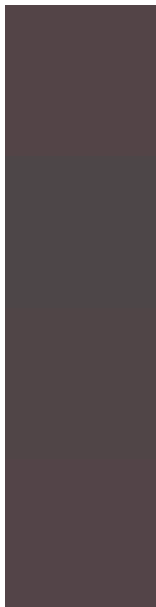
72.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



## Tritanopia

73.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217

## Protanomaly

72.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035

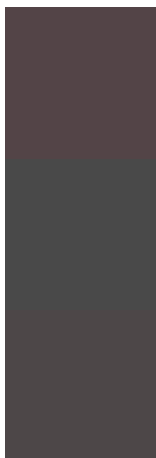
## Deuteranomaly

72.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626

## Tritanomaly

72.9410, -0.4639, 8.8217

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217

## Achromatopsia

73.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

72.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(83, 68, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(83, 68, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 68, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(83, 68, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(83, 68, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(83, 68, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(83, 68, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(83, 68, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 68, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(83, 68, 71)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 72.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(83, 68, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(83, 68,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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