

# Converting Colors

YUV(73.2900, 23.5210,  
-30.9493)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(73.2900, 23.5210,  
-30.9493)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	265279
RGB	38, 82, 121
RGB Percent	15%, 32%, 47%
CMY	0.8510, 0.6784, 0.5255
CMYK	0.69, 0.32, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	208°, 52%, 31%
HSV	208°, 69%, 47%
XYZ	7.2678, 7.8271, 19.2169
YIQ	73.2900, -38.7430, 2.8010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

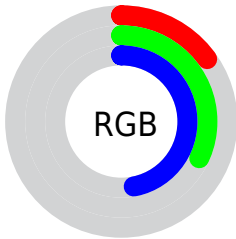
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	38, 67, 121
Decimal	2511481
CIE Lab	33.62, -1.66, -26.63
CIE LCh	34, 26.685, 266.438
Yxy	7.8271, 0.2118, 0.2281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280701561 (0xFF265279)
YUV	73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493
Hunter-Lab	27.9770, -2.5894, -21.1413

# Details

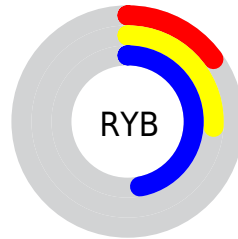
The YUV color **73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **85.7100, -23.5210, 30.9493**, and the grayscale version is **73.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.5400, 24.3838, -27.6606**, and **30.5140, 20.4526, -26.7608** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.1800, 27.0263, -35.2379**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.4000, 20.0158, -26.6608**.

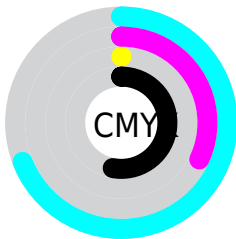
# Distribution



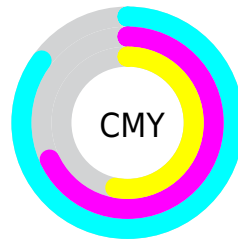
- Red (15%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



73.2900, 23.5210,  
-30.9493

73.2900, 23.5210,  
-30.9493

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

45.5770, 24.8585,  
-39.9710

124.5400, 24.3838,  
-27.6606

30.5140, 20.4526,  
-26.7608

150.6540, 24.8206,  
-27.7606

15.5650, 16.4835,  
-13.6505

178.0670, 25.1100,  
-27.2458

4.3660, 11.6516,  
-3.8290

205.5400, 24.3838,  
-27.6606

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

230.6470, 12.0060,  
-24.2464

247.8240, 3.5378,

-14.7546

■ 73.2900, 23.5210,  
-30.9493

■ 73.2900, 23.5210,  
-30.9493

■ 66.1800, 27.0263,  
-35.2379

■ 80.4000, 20.0158,  
-26.6608

■ 59.6570, 30.2421,  
-40.0412

■ 86.9230, 16.8000,  
-21.8575

■ 52.5470, 33.7473,  
-44.3297

■ 94.0330, 13.2947,  
-17.5689

■ 51.3620, 34.3315,  
-45.0445

■ 101.1430, 9.7895,  
-13.2804

■ 107.6660, 6.5737,  
-8.4771

■ 115.0750, 2.9210,  
-3.5738

■ 122.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 128.7080, -3.8000,  
5.5181

■ 135.8180, -7.3053,  
9.8066

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



64.0650, 24.6180, -56.1850



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



80.3860, 18.0507, -2.9695

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



79.5160, -9.1284, 34.6275



72.2780, -8.5181, -21.2918

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



85.7100, -23.5210, 30.9493

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.1080, -17.3082, -1.8487



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



78.4090, -16.9636, 27.7053

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



80.7250, 0.6286, 31.8132



77.4090, -20.4146, 14.5503



62.9890, 6.4144, -50.8564



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



81.5190, 13.0551, 12.6998



77.4090, -20.4146, 14.5503



73.6980, -12.1761, -14.6441

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



138.7410, 9.4947, -12.0509



91.1670, -6.9843, -46.6275



67.7370, 5.5527, -7.6623



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493



83.3230, 36.8158, -48.5183



49.2230, 35.3861, -9.8426



57.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



52.9920, 35.4999, -46.4740



107.3860, 71.2947, -94.1775



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.8330, 6.9843, 46.6275



74.7360, 10.9762, 73.0225



109.7770, -35.3861, 9.8426



57.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



44.8990, 10.4028, 70.2486



90.6240, 21.3844, 141.5268



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

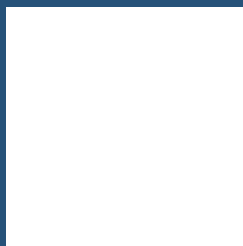
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493.



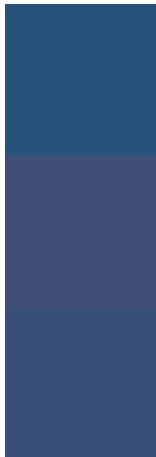
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 73.2900, 23.5210,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493

### Protanopia

78.5590, 18.9514, -11.8912

### Deuteranopia

77.3240, 22.0253, -17.8241



## Tritanopia

67.4660, 13.0813, -42.5047

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493

## Protanomaly

76.2700, 20.5729, -18.6538

## Deuteranomaly

75.8180, 22.7677, -22.6424

## Tritanomaly

69.5250, 16.9962, -38.1714

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493

## Achromatopsia

73.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

72.8120, 8.4737, -11.2361

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 82, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 82, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 82, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 82, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 82, 121) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 82, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(38, 82, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 82, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 82, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 82,  
121) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 73.2900, 23.5210, -30.9493 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 82, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 82,  
121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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