

# Converting Colors

YUV(74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(74.2550, 43.7513,  
13.8084)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A31A3
RGB	90, 49, 163
RGB Percent	35%, 19%, 64%
CMY	0.6471, 0.8078, 0.3608
CMYK	0.45, 0.70, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	262°, 54%, 42%
HSV	262°, 70%, 64%
XYZ	11.9256, 7.0146, 35.3757
YIQ	74.2550, -12.1580, 44.1460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

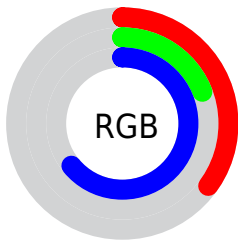
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	90, 49, 163
Decimal	5910947
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	31.84, 44.11, -55.01
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	32, 70.508, 308.722
Yxy	7.0146, 0.2196, 0.1291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284101027 (0xFF5A31A3)
YUV	74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084
Hunter-Lab	26.4851, 34.0252, -60.6530

# Details

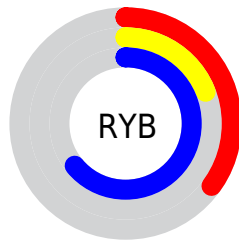
The YUV color **74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **137.7450, -43.7513, -13.8084**, and the grayscale version is **74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.1460, 45.7770, 17.4120**, and **21.8090, 43.4782, 8.0605** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **61.8730, 49.8556, 15.8974**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.6370, 37.6470, 11.7194**.

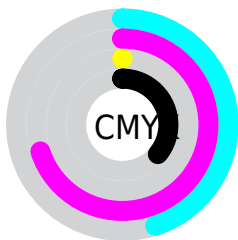
# Distribution



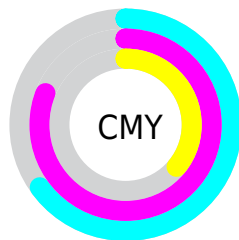
- Red (35%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.2550, 43.7513,  
13.8084

■ 74.2550, 43.7513,  
13.8084

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 48.1300, 43.3199,  
12.1640

■ 126.1460, 45.7770,  
17.4120

■ 21.8090, 43.4782,  
8.0605

■ 153.0860, 46.7926,  
18.3416

■ 9.6900, 37.1278,  
-8.4981

■ 178.4040, 37.7618,  
21.5707

■ 6.9540, 26.6447,  
-6.0987

■ 202.9240, 25.6735,  
25.4997

■ 6.0930, 15.7302,  
-5.3436

■ 226.2370, 14.1802,  
25.2252

■ 2.2970, 6.2626,  
-2.0145

■ 242.6730, 6.0772,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

10.8108

0.0000

■ 74.2550, 43.7513,  
13.8084

■ 74.2550, 43.7513,  
13.8084

■ 61.8730, 49.8556,  
15.8974

■ 86.6370, 37.6470,  
11.7194

■ 48.6050, 56.3967,  
17.8864

■ 99.9050, 31.1058,  
9.7303

■ 36.2230, 62.5011,  
19.9754

■ 112.2870, 25.0015,  
7.6413

■ 124.9680, 18.7498,  
6.1671

■ 137.9370, 12.3561,  
3.5633

■ 150.6180, 6.1043,  
2.0890

■ 163.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 175.6810, -6.2517,  
-1.4742

■ 188.6500,  
-12.6454, -4.0780

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67.1040, 59.1087, -58.8502



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



57.7750, 28.7049, 80.0043

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



69.6490, -34.3370, 46.7888



66.6120, 11.5303, -58.4187

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



137.7450, -43.7513, -13.8084

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



58.7120, -13.6620, -51.4904



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



69.1080, -34.0702, 7.7983

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



47.9750, -21.6797, 93.8609



52.2430, -25.7558, -45.8171



72.7680, 35.1174, -63.8175



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



58.4550, 10.6217, 93.4400



52.2430, -25.7558, -45.8171



64.4460, 3.2311, -56.5191

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



176.9140, 17.2974, 5.3374



105.4340, 28.3800, -49.4926



86.0680, 10.3195, 3.4484



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084



73.4280, 68.3160, 21.5496



90.9990, 35.4965, 48.2359



74.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445



32.0780, 55.6705, 17.4716



3.8460, 6.9779, 1.8891



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.4080, 15.0819, 62.7862



100.2180, 23.5565, 98.0328



121.0010, -35.4965, -48.2359



76.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



53.9570, 19.2482, 79.8447



6.6360, 2.1515, 9.9662



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

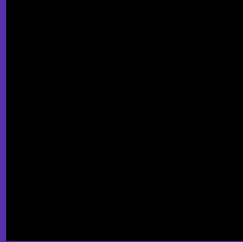
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 74.2550, 43.7513,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084

### Protanopia

60.2930, 45.7046, -52.8770

### Deuteranopia

60.3610, 35.8110, -52.9366



## Tritanopia

74.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084

## Protanomaly

65.3330, 45.1918, -28.3560

## Deuteranomaly

65.6120, 38.6453, -28.6007

## Tritanomaly

74.4190, 18.0344, 2.2635

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084

## Achromatopsia

74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

74.1590, 15.6976, 5.1226

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 49, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 49, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 49, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 49, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 49, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 49, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 49, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 49, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 49, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 49,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 74.2550, 43.7513, 13.8084 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 49, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 49,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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