

# Converting Colors

YUV(74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(74.6450, 5.1050,  
-4.0737)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	464B55
RGB	70, 75, 85
RGB Percent	27%, 29%, 33%
CMY	0.7255, 0.7059, 0.6667
CMYK	0.18, 0.12, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	220°, 10%, 30%
HSV	220°, 18%, 33%
XYZ	6.6816, 6.9901, 9.5914
YIQ	74.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

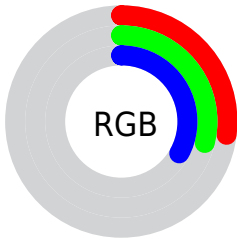
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	70, 74, 85
Decimal	4606805
CIE Lab	31.78, 0.39, -6.60
CIE LCh	32, 6.614, 273.367
Yxy	6.9901, 0.2872, 0.3005
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282796885 (0xFF464B55)
YUV	74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737
Hunter-Lab	26.4388, -1.1579, -3.0019

# Details

The YUV color **74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **80.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **123.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884**, and **30.5310, 4.6682, -3.9737** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.4320, 8.1680, -6.5179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.5590, 2.1894, -2.2442**.

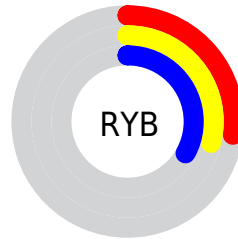
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (29%)

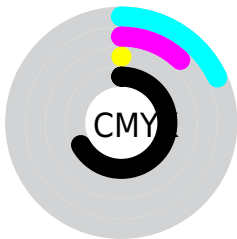
Blue (33%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (33%)

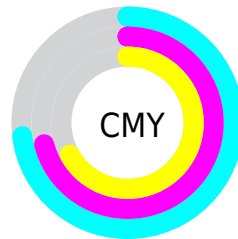


Cyan (18%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.6450, 5.1050,  
-4.0737

■ 74.6450, 5.1050,  
-4.0737

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.9440, 4.9576,  
-3.4589

■ 123.4600, 5.6892,  
-4.7884

■ 30.5310, 4.6682,  
-3.9737

■ 148.8730, 5.9786,  
-4.2736

■ 6.3890, 6.7102,  
-5.6032

■ 175.8730, 5.9786,  
-4.2736

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 203.5740, 6.1260,  
-4.8884

■ 231.5740, 6.1260,  
-4.8884

■ 74.6450, 5.1050,  
-4.0737

■ 74.6450, 5.1050,  
-4.0737

■ 68.4320, 8.1680,  
-6.5179

■ 80.5590, 2.1894,  
-2.2442

■ 63.1050, 10.7942,  
-8.8621

■ 86.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 57.1910, 13.7098,  
-10.6915

■ 92.3980, -3.6472,  
3.1590

■ 50.9780, 16.7728,  
-13.1357

■ 98.3120, -6.5628,  
4.9884

■ 45.6510, 19.3991,  
-15.4799

■ 103.9380, -9.3364,  
7.9474

■ 39.4380, 22.4621,  
-17.9241

■ 109.8520,  
-12.2520, 9.7768

■ 33.5240, 25.3777,  
-19.7535

■ 116.0650,  
-15.3150, 12.2210

■ 27.8980, 28.1513,

■ 121.3920,

-22.7125

-17.9413, 14.5652

■ 26.1260, 29.0249,  
-22.9125

■ 127.6050,  
-21.0043, 17.0094

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.9110, 4.9739, -8.6919



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



75.3360, 3.7784, 1.4593

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



75.8440, -3.3741, 8.9068



73.2120, -1.5835, -5.4479

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



80.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



73.9630, -3.9258, -0.8446



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



75.1920, -4.5317, 6.8476

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



75.5280, -0.7533, 8.3069



74.6430, -5.2470, 2.9441



73.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



75.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



74.6430, -5.2470, 2.9441



73.5820, -2.7519, -4.0184

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



105.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295



79.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218



53.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737



93.7310, 8.0206, -5.9031



72.3080, 6.2572, -0.2701



40.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



33.3300, 36.3193, -29.2304



72.5760, 80.0750, -63.6492



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218



94.6750, -0.3328, 13.4400



82.3930, -6.1097, -0.3447



40.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



36.0970, -0.0478, 62.1819

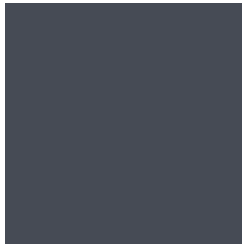


79.1570, -0.5704, 136.6743



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

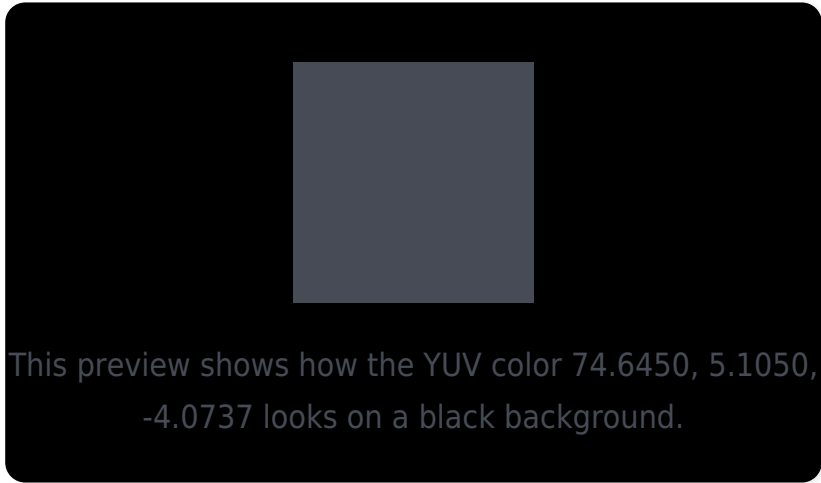
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

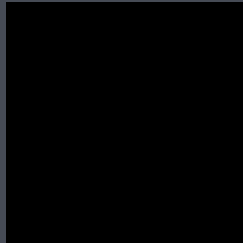
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

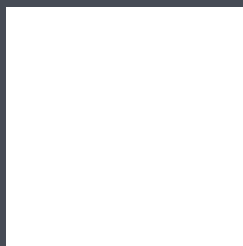
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737.



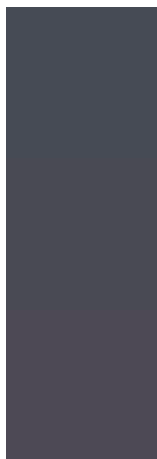
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737.

-4.0737.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737

### Protanopia

74.8410, 4.5154, -1.6146

### Deuteranopia

75.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594



## Tritanopia

74.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737

## Protanomaly

74.5420, 4.6628, -2.2293

## Deuteranomaly

75.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998

## Tritanomaly

74.7050, 4.0894, -5.0033

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737

## Achromatopsia

75.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

74.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 75, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 75, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 75, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 75, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 75, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 75, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(70, 75, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 75, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 75, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 75, 85)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 74.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 75, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 75,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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