

# Converting Colors

YUV(74.9100, 26.6664,  
-13.0761)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(74.9100, 26.6664,  
-13.0761)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3C4881
RGB	60, 72, 129
RGB Percent	24%, 28%, 51%
CMY	0.7647, 0.7176, 0.4941
CMYK	0.53, 0.44, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	230°, 37%, 37%
HSV	230°, 53%, 51%
XYZ	8.1433, 7.1804, 21.7256
YIQ	74.9100, -25.4490, 15.1830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

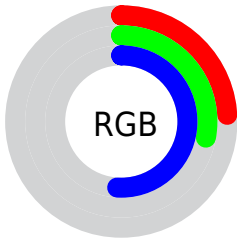
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	60, 70, 129
Decimal	3950721
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	32.21, 12.60, -33.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	32, 36.019, 290.483
Yxy	7.1804, 0.2198, 0.1938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282140801 (0xFF3C4881)
YUV	74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761
Hunter-Lab	26.7962, 7.3523, -29.3134

# Details

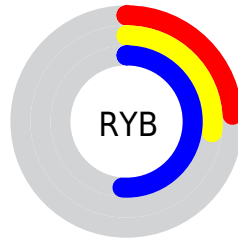
The YUV color **74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **114.0900, -26.6664, 13.0761**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.6760, 28.2607, -11.1169**, and **26.0290, 26.1147, -22.8274** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **64.5660, 31.7660, -15.4054**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.2540, 21.5668, -10.7468**.

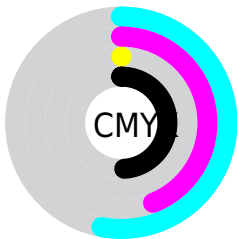
# Distribution



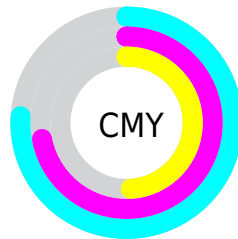
- Red (24%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 74.9100, 26.6664,  
-13.0761

■ 74.9100, 26.6664,  
-13.0761

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 51.0730, 26.0930,  
-15.8500

■ 124.6760, 28.2607,  
-11.1169

■ 26.0290, 26.1147,  
-22.8274

■ 151.2030, 28.9869,  
-10.7020

■ 8.1450, 23.5925,  
-7.1432

■ 177.8440, 30.1499,  
-10.3872

■ 5.0500, 14.2723,  
-4.4289

■ 204.4760, 24.9083,  
-9.1875

■ 0.7980, 3.0576,  
-0.6998

■ 229.5830, 12.5306,  
-5.7733

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 254.1030, 0.4422,

-1.8443

■ 74.9100, 26.6664,  
-13.0761

■ 74.9100, 26.6664,  
-13.0761

■ 64.5660, 31.7660,  
-15.4054

■ 85.2540, 21.5668,  
-10.7468

■ 54.8090, 36.5762,  
-18.2495

■ 95.0110, 16.7566,  
-7.9026

■ 44.4650, 41.6758,  
-20.5788

■ 105.3550, 11.6570,  
-5.5733

■ 34.1210, 46.7753,  
-22.9081

■ 115.6990, 6.5574,  
-3.2440

■ 27.6200, 49.9803,  
-24.2227

■ 125.4560, 1.7472,  
-0.3999

■ 135.5010, -3.2050,  
1.3146

■ 145.8450, -8.3046,  
3.6439

■ 155.6020,  
-13.1148, 6.4880

■ 165.9460,  
-18.2144, 8.8174

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



63.1820, 33.9273, -55.4106



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



78.1870, 16.6698, 20.0070

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



74.2640, -20.3432, 38.3565



59.6530, 2.6361, -52.3157

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



114.0900, -26.6664, 13.0761

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.8770, -13.7434, -25.3251



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



72.8030, -28.0039, 22.0978

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



74.5220, -8.1453, 46.0232



70.5400, -25.9022, 1.2804



63.0730, 15.7400, -55.3150



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



76.9240, 8.9115, 35.1467



70.5400, -25.9022, 1.2804



58.0400, -1.0057, -50.9011

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



147.0130, 10.3466, -5.2734



106.8870, 4.4927, -41.1199



71.5850, 6.1206, -3.1440



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761



83.7640, 41.5283, -19.9640



74.4440, 26.8961, 6.6266



58.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146



27.5060, 49.5435, -24.1228



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.9990, -4.9295, 41.2199



95.0450, -7.9102, 63.9815



114.5560, -26.8961, -6.6266



59.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



40.7800, -9.2585, 76.4919



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

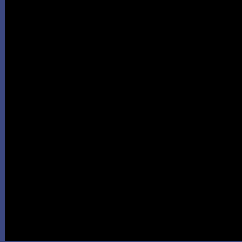
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 74.9100, 26.6664,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761

### Protanopia

73.3220, 28.4353, -20.4534

### Deuteranopia

70.5660, 28.3150, -28.5604



## Tritanopia

71.3330, 8.2168, -22.2170

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761

## Protanomaly

73.8170, 27.6982, -17.3795

## Deuteranomaly

72.3710, 27.4251, -23.1274

## Tritanomaly

72.7770, 14.8999, -19.0984

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761

## Achromatopsia

75.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

75.1980, 9.7624, -4.5586

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 72, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 72, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 72, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 72, 129) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 72, 129) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 72, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 72, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 72, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 72, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 72,  
129) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 74.9100, 26.6664, -13.0761 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 72, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 72,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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