

# Converting Colors

YUV(75.1670, -30.1553,  
12.1315)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(75.1670, -30.1553,  
12.1315)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	59500E
RGB	89, 80, 14
RGB Percent	35%, 31%, 5%
CMY	0.6510, 0.6863, 0.9451
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.84, 0.65
HSL	53°, 73%, 20%
HSV	53°, 84%, 35%
XYZ	7.0677, 7.8929, 1.5664
YIQ	75.1670, 26.5500, -18.6180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

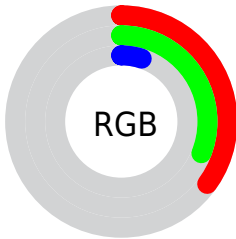
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>Y</sub>B</b>	24, 89, 14
Decimal	5853198
CIE Lab	33.76, -4.22, 37.15
CIE LCh	34, 37.388, 96.481
Yxy	7.8929, 0.4276, 0.4776
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284043278 (0xFF59500E)
YUV	75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315
Hunter-Lab	28.0943, -4.2592, 16.3602

# Details

The YUV color **75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **27.8330, 30.1553, -12.1315**, and the grayscale version is **75.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125.3630, -30.7450, 14.5906**, and **33.0920, -16.3144, 6.0583** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.5540, -33.7971, 13.5461**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **76.7800, -26.5135, 10.7169**.

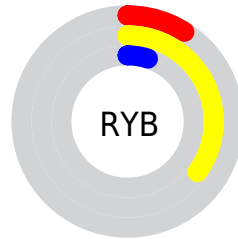
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (31%)

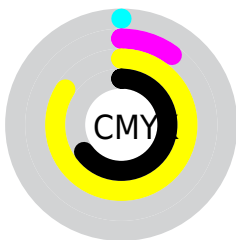
Blue (5%)



Red (9%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (5%)

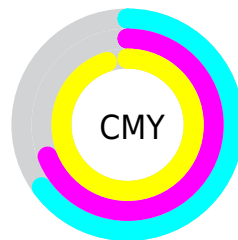


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (95%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



75.1670, -30.1553,  
12.1315

75.1670, -30.1553,  
12.1315

254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

52.5950, -25.9293,  
10.0022

125.3630,  
-30.7450, 14.5906

33.0920, -16.3144,  
6.0583

151.4340,  
-31.7660, 15.4054

11.7950, -5.8149,  
-1.5742

178.5050,  
-32.7870, 16.2201

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

205.9890,  
-33.5186, 17.5496

234.1740,  
-34.1028, 18.2644

247.9320,

-27.0815, 6.1986

■ 251.1240,  
-14.8511, 3.3993

■ 75.1670, -30.1553,  
12.1315

■ 75.1670, -30.1553,  
12.1315

■ 73.5540, -33.7971,  
13.5461

■ 76.7800, -26.5135,  
10.7169

■ 72.3970, -35.6917,  
14.5608

■ 78.3930, -22.8717,  
9.3023

■ 80.0060, -19.2300,  
7.8877

■ 81.6190, -15.5882,  
6.4731

■ 83.1180, -12.3832,  
5.1585

■ 84.7310, -8.7414,  
3.7439

■ 86.3440, -5.0996,  
2.3293

■ 88.5440, -1.7472,  
0.3999

■ 90.1570, 1.8946,  
-1.0147

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.2110, -26.7260, 32.2640



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



72.1900, -21.7857, -12.4446

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



67.5870, 22.8816, -59.2738



81.1950, 11.2429, 34.0320

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



27.8330, 30.1553, -12.1315

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5920, 22.3861, 6.4968



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



67.4050, 32.3383, -59.1142

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



64.8680, 9.9251, -56.8892



71.0530, 33.0049, -39.5115



78.7270, -2.3304, 47.5974



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



66.9190, -10.8061, -34.1320



71.0530, 33.0049, -39.5115



81.5900, 15.4851, 26.6696

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



109.3460, -11.5096, 4.9586



37.5650, -6.6875, 45.1085



55.7740, -7.2836, 2.8292



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315



93.6720, -46.1803, 18.7047



72.3770, -28.7799, -9.1006



42.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999



87.1710, -42.9753, 17.3900



191.1870, -94.2552, 38.4240



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.8330, 30.1553, -12.1315



21.3280, 46.1803, -18.7047



30.6230, 28.7799, 9.1006



40.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



19.8290, 42.9753, -17.3900



43.2260, 94.5446, -37.9092



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

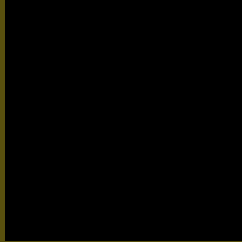
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.1670, -30.1553,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315

### Protanopia

75.4660, -30.3027, 12.7463

### Deuteranopia

75.8630, -29.0195, 21.1681



## Tritanopia

80.6640, -0.3274, 11.6957

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315

## Protanomaly

75.4660, -30.3027, 12.7463

## Deuteranomaly

75.7270, -29.4454, 17.7794

## Tritanomaly

78.5040, -11.0945, 11.8360

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315

## Achromatopsia

75.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

75.1610, -10.9254, 4.2438

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 80, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 80, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 80, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 80, 14) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 80, 14) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 80, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 80, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 80, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 80, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 80, 14)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 75.1670, -30.1553, 12.1315 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 80, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 80,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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