

# Converting Colors

YUV(75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(75.5830, -0.7804,  
17.0287)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5F424A
RGB	95, 66, 74
RGB Percent	37%, 26%, 29%
CMY	0.6275, 0.7412, 0.7098
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.22, 0.63
HSL	343°, 18%, 32%
HSV	343°, 31%, 37%
XYZ	7.9036, 6.8237, 7.3791
YIQ	75.5830, 14.7160, 8.6360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

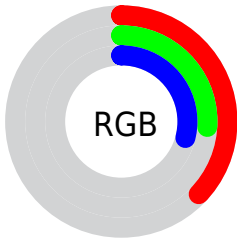
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	95, 66, 74
Decimal	6242890
CIE Lab	31.40, 13.92, 0.19
CIE LCh	31, 13.920, 0.768
Yxy	6.8237, 0.3575, 0.3087
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284432970 (0xFF5F424A)
YUV	75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287
Hunter-Lab	26.1223, 8.2930, 1.5372




# Details

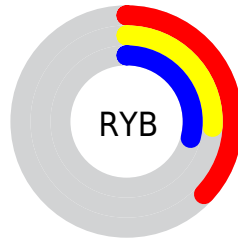
The YUV color **75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **85.4170, 0.7804, -17.0287**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.5940, -0.7858, 18.7731**, and **31.2730, -0.6276, 14.6696** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.5020, -1.2335, 22.3617**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.2510, -0.6167, 11.1809**.

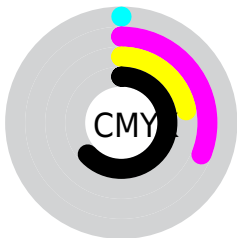
# Distribution







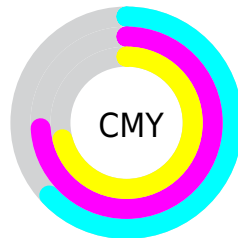
-  Red (37%)
-  Green (26%)
-  Blue (29%)






-  Red (37%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Blue (29%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (31%)
-  Yellow (22%)
-  Black (63%)



-  Cyan (63%)
-  Magenta (74%)
-  Yellow (71%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 75.5830, -0.7804,  
17.0287

■ 75.5830, -0.7804,  
17.0287

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.8710, -0.9224,  
15.8991

■ 124.5940, -0.7858,  
18.7731

■ 31.2730, -0.6276,  
14.6696

■ 150.7790, -1.3700,  
19.4878

■ 9.2410, -2.0908,  
17.3286

■ 177.1920, -1.0807,  
20.0026

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.7900, -1.3755,  
21.2322

■ 232.1920, -1.0807,  
20.0026

■ 252.0650, 1.4470,

2.5740

■ 75.5830, -0.7804,  
17.0287

■ 75.5830, -0.7804,  
17.0287

■ 69.5020, -1.2335,  
22.3617

■ 82.2510, -0.6167,  
11.1809

■ 62.8340, -1.3972,  
28.2096

■ 88.3320, -0.1637,  
5.8478

■ 56.7530, -1.8502,  
33.5426

■ 95.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.0850, -2.0139,  
39.3905

■ 101.0810, 0.4531,  
-5.3330

■ 44.1180, -2.0302,  
44.6235

■ 107.6350, 0.1799,  
-11.0809

■ 37.4500, -2.1938,  
50.4714

■ 113.7160, 0.6330,  
-16.4139

■ 31.3690, -2.6469,  
55.8044

■ 120.3840, 0.7967,  
-22.2618

■ 126.4650, 1.2498,  
-27.5948

■ 133.1330, 1.4134,  
-33.4426

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.9180, 4.4774, 10.5959



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



75.2150, -6.0220, 18.2284

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



72.3990, -8.5777, -2.1039



70.4410, 11.1216, -20.5578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



85.4170, 0.7804, -17.0287

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.2080, 7.7855, -23.8614



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



70.5980, -3.7458, -11.9254

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



73.2970, -10.4994, 7.6325



69.4490, 2.2436, -19.6878



73.0940, 10.7997, -10.6064



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



74.8080, -8.7793, 15.9544



69.4490, 2.2436, -19.6878



69.7890, 9.9640, -22.6170

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



114.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626



75.5850, 9.5716, 10.0110



56.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



91.9370, -0.9549, 26.3653



78.1930, -6.0111, 14.7397



45.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



37.0220, -2.9688, 65.7557



79.2840, -6.5490, 140.9479



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287



91.9370, -0.9549, 26.3653



82.8070, 6.0111, -14.7397



45.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



37.0220, -2.9688, 65.7557

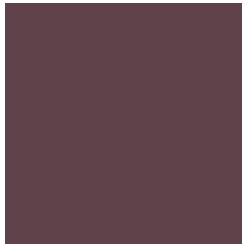


79.2840, -6.5490, 140.9479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

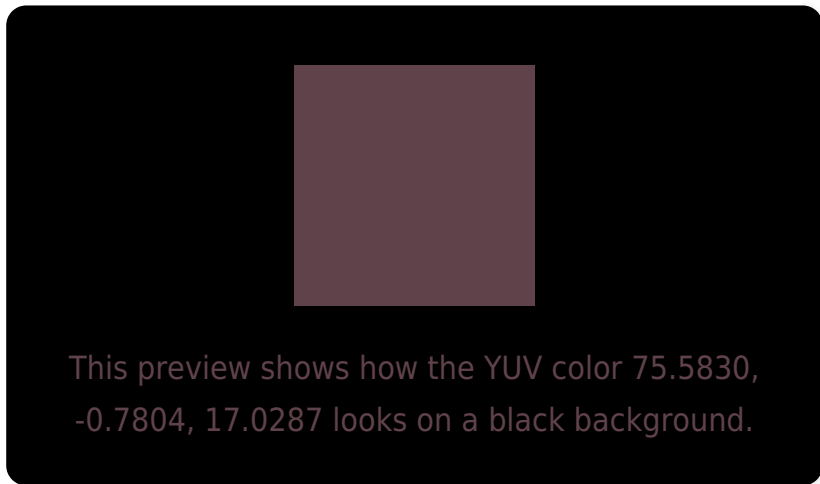
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

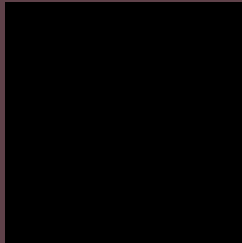
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.5830, -0.7804,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287

### Protanopia

74.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999

### Deuteranopia

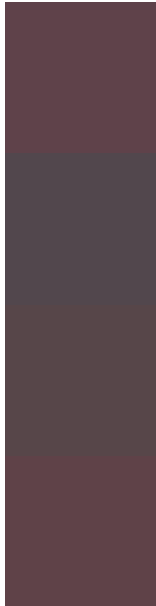
75.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478



## Tritanopia

75.2410, -2.0908, 17.3286

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287

## Protanomaly

74.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627

## Deuteranomaly

75.4250, -1.1955, 10.1513

## Tritanomaly

75.3550, -1.6540, 17.2287

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287

## Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

75.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(95, 66, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(95, 66, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 66, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(95, 66, 74) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(95, 66, 74) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(95, 66, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(95, 66, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(95, 66, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 66, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(95, 66, 74)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 75.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(95, 66, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(95, 66,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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