

Converting Colors

YUV(75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(75.7360, -2.8278,
20.4025)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	634146
RGB	99, 65, 70
RGB Percent	39%, 25%, 27%
CMY	0.6118, 0.7451, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.29, 0.61
HSL	351°, 21%, 32%
HSV	351°, 34%, 39%
XYZ	8.1414, 6.8754, 6.6923
YIQ	75.7360, 18.6590, 8.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

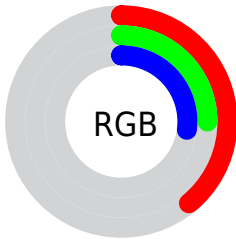
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 65, 70
Decimal	6504774
CIE _{Lab}	31.52, 15.57, 3.00
CIE _{LCh}	32, 15.859, 10.923
Yxy	6.8754, 0.3750, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284694854 (0xFF634146)
YUV	75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025
Hunter-Lab	26.2211, 9.5356, 3.2223




Details

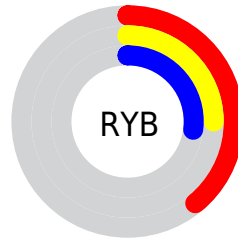
The YUV color $75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663333 . A complement of this color would be $88.2640, 2.8278, -20.4025$, and the grayscale version is $76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $124.9320, -3.4175, 22.8616$, and $30.6540, -1.8014, 17.8434$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $68.9540, -3.4283, 26.3503$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82.5180, -2.2274, 14.4547$.

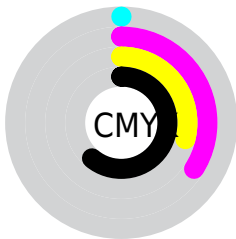
Distribution







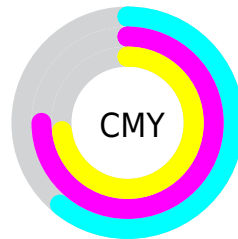
-  Red (39%)
-  Green (25%)
-  Blue (27%)






-  Red (39%)
-  Yellow (25%)
-  Blue (27%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (34%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Black (61%)



-  Cyan (61%)
-  Magenta (75%)
-  Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.7360, -2.8278,
20.4025

■ 75.7360, -2.8278,
20.4025

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 52.8390, -2.3856,
18.5582

■ 124.9320, -3.4175,
22.8616

■ 30.6540, -1.8014,
17.8434

■ 151.2310, -3.5649,
23.4764

■ 9.8670, -4.8644,
20.2876

■ 177.5300, -3.7123,
24.0912

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 205.2420, -3.5703,
25.2208

■ 231.1490, -2.5385,
20.9173

■ 251.3640, 1.2995,

3.1888

■ 75.7360, -2.8278,
20.4025

■ 75.7360, -2.8278,
20.4025

■ 68.9540, -3.4283,
26.3503

■ 82.5180, -2.2274,
14.4547

■ 62.0580, -4.4656,
32.3981

■ 89.4140, -1.1901,
8.4069

■ 55.2760, -5.0661,
38.3459

■ 96.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

■ 48.3800, -6.1033,
44.3937

■ 103.0920, 0.4476,
-3.5887

■ 41.5980, -6.7038,
50.3416

■ 109.8740, 1.0481,
-9.5365

■ 35.2890, -8.0305,
55.8745

■ 116.1830, 2.3748,
-15.0695

■ 31.3110, -8.0413,
59.3633

■ 122.9650, 2.9753,
-21.0173

■ 129.8610, 4.0125,
-27.0651

■ 136.6430, 4.6130,
-33.0129

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.3100, 3.2982, 15.5141



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



74.9440, -8.3534, 19.3431

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



71.4910, -8.1301, -5.6926



70.8970, 12.8688, -20.9577

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



88.2640, 2.8278, -20.4025

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



67.9840, 10.8539, -28.0500



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



69.4340, -1.6930, -17.0436

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



73.0470, -11.3622, 4.3438



67.8010, 5.0281, -26.1355



74.0450, 11.8098, -7.9325

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



74.3520, -10.5265, 16.3543



67.8010, 5.0281, -26.1355



69.7610, 12.4428, -24.3464

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



119.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921



77.5470, 10.5763, 14.4293



58.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



91.7590, -4.3182, 31.7834



82.2100, -8.4845, 14.7248



45.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



35.4260, -9.0840, 67.1554



75.7500, -20.0897, 144.0472

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025



91.7590, -4.3182, 31.7834



81.7900, 8.4845, -14.7248



45.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



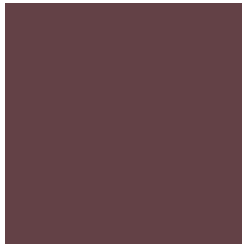
35.3120, -9.5208, 67.2554



75.7500, -20.0897, 144.0472

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

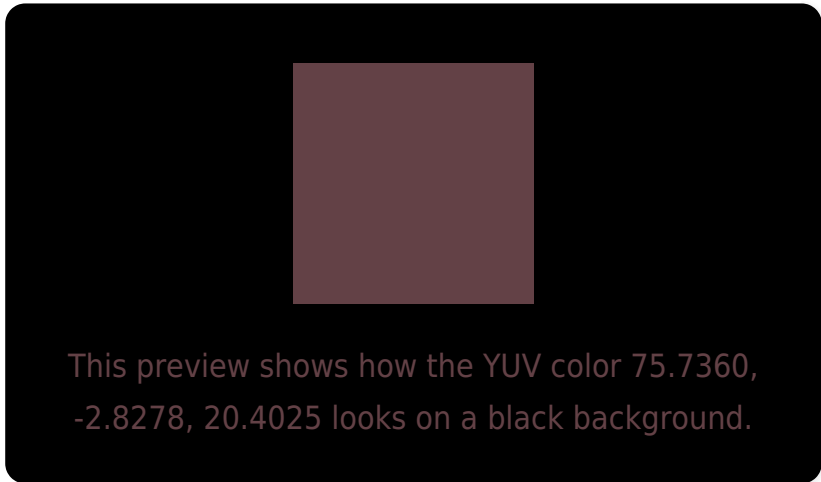
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

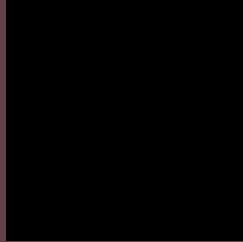
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025.

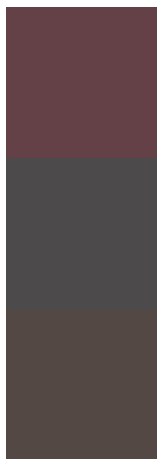


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.7360, -2.8278,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

Protanopia

74.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

Deuteranopia

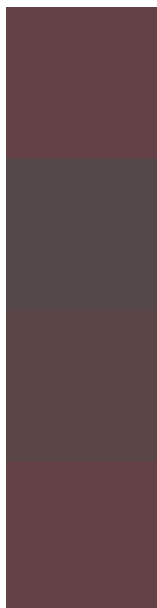
75.2460, -3.0793, 7.6773



Tritanopia

75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

Protanomaly

75.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921

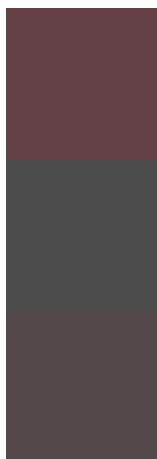
Deuteranomaly

74.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955

Tritanomaly

75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

75.8160, -0.8953, 7.1774

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 65, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 65, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 65, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 65, 70) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 65, 70) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 65, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 65, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 65, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 65, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 65, 70)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 75.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 65, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 65,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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