

Converting Colors

YUV(75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(75.7420, -1.8448,
31.7983)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	703A48
RGB	112, 58, 72
RGB Percent	44%, 23%, 28%
CMY	0.5608, 0.7725, 0.7176
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.36, 0.56
HSL	344°, 32%, 33%
HSV	344°, 48%, 44%
XYZ	9.3648, 6.9387, 6.9766
YIQ	75.7420, 27.6900, 15.8020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

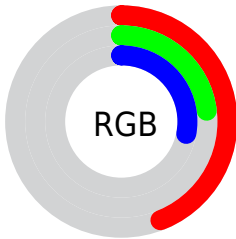
Format	Color
R _Y B	112, 58, 72
Decimal	7354952
CIE Lab	31.67, 25.47, 2.15
CIE LCh	32, 25.565, 4.832
Yxy	6.9387, 0.4023, 0.2981
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285545032 (0xFF703A48)
YUV	75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983
Hunter-Lab	26.3415, 17.3622, 2.7359




Details

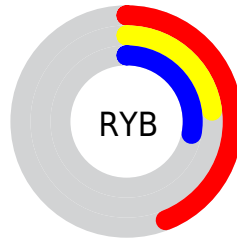
The YUV color **75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **94.2580, 1.8448, -31.7983**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.1230, -3.0186, 34.9721**, and **28.8880, 0.0552, 29.0392** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.3730, -2.1559, 38.2609**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.1110, -1.5337, 25.3357**.

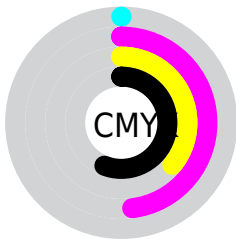
Distribution







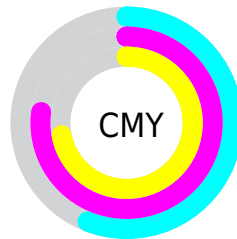
-  Red (44%)
-  Green (23%)
-  Blue (28%)






-  Red (44%)
-  Yellow (23%)
-  Blue (28%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (48%)
-  Yellow (36%)
-  Black (56%)



-  Cyan (56%)
-  Magenta (77%)
-  Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 75.7420, -1.8448,
31.7983

■ 75.7420, -1.8448,
31.7983

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 51.9590, -0.9658,
29.8540

■ 126.1230, -3.0186,
34.9721

■ 28.8880, 0.0552,
29.0392

■ 151.8350, -2.8767,
36.1017

■ 12.7860, -5.3175,
25.6207

■ 179.4330, -3.1715,
37.3313

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 207.0310, -3.4663,
38.5608

■ 227.8550, 0.0715,
23.8062

■ 247.3690, 3.7621,

6.6924

■ 75.7420, -1.8448,
31.7983

■ 75.7420, -1.8448,
31.7983

■ 68.3730, -2.1559,
38.2609

■ 83.1110, -1.5337,
25.3357

■ 60.8900, -2.9038,
44.8235

■ 90.5940, -0.7858,
18.7731

■ 52.9340, -2.9255,
51.8009

■ 98.5500, -0.7641,
11.7957

■ 45.5650, -3.2365,
58.2635

■ 105.9190, -0.4531,
5.3330

■ 38.1960, -3.5476,
64.7261

■ 113.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 36.7940, -3.8424,
65.9557

■ 120.7710, 0.6059,
-7.6922

■ 128.1400, 0.9170,
-14.1548

■ 136.0960, 0.9387,
-21.1322

■ 143.5790, 1.6866,
-27.6948

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.7930, 7.4971, 22.1065



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



75.0380, -10.8647, 31.5387

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



70.4710, -14.5292, -6.5521



60.0870, 24.6071, -52.6963

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



94.2580, 1.8448, -31.7983

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



60.3660, 18.0606, -52.9410



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



66.2820, -4.5760, -25.6803

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



72.4300, -18.9460, 10.1469



58.6730, 9.0352, -51.4562



71.3730, 21.0151, -20.4981

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



74.3380, -15.9426, 26.8906



58.6730, 9.0352, -51.4562



60.3320, 23.0073, -52.9112

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



131.5500, -0.7641, 11.7957



76.1160, 17.6908, 19.1923



65.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



88.6240, -2.7726, 49.4418



81.7770, -11.7221, 26.5056



52.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



39.4140, -4.1481, 70.6739



81.1490, -8.4545, 145.4513

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



88.6240, -2.7726, 49.4418



88.2230, 11.7221, -26.5056



52.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



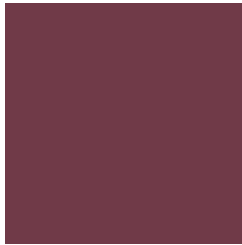
39.4140, -4.1481, 70.6739



81.1490, -8.4545, 145.4513

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

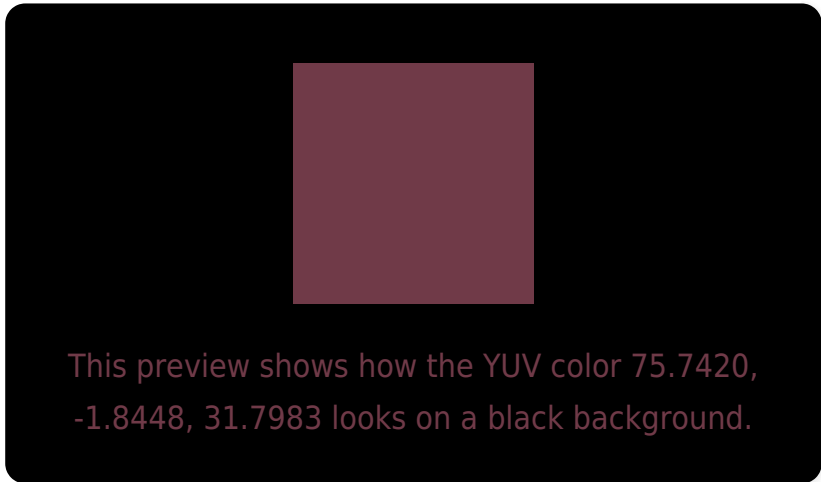
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.7420, -1.8448,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983

Protanopia

75.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998

Deuteranopia

75.3600, -2.6425, 7.5773



Tritanopia

75.1180, -5.4812, 31.4685

Trichromacy



Original Color

75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983

Protanomaly

75.7070, 1.1304, 10.7810

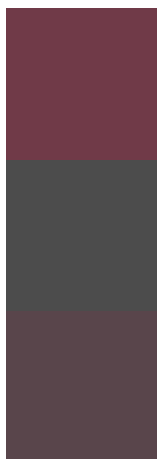
Deuteranomaly

75.5290, -2.2328, 16.1991

Tritanomaly

75.4600, -4.1708, 31.1686

Monochromacy



Original Color

75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983

Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

75.6640, -0.3274, 11.6957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 58, 72)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 58, 72)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 58, 72) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 58, 72) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 58, 72) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 58, 72) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 58, 72)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 58, 72); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 58, 72);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 58,  
72) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 75.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 58, 72) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112, 58,  
72) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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