

# Converting Colors

YUV(75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(75.9010, -9.8112,  
20.2578)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	634438
RGB	99, 68, 56
RGB Percent	39%, 27%, 22%
CMY	0.6118, 0.7333, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.43, 0.61
HSL	17°, 28%, 30%
HSV	17°, 43%, 39%
XYZ	7.9265, 7.0724, 4.6887
YIQ	75.9010, 22.3280, 2.8400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

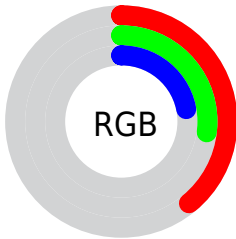
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	99, 73, 56
Decimal	6505528
CIELab	31.97, 11.68, 12.61
CIELCh	32, 17.184, 47.193
Yxy	7.0724, 0.4026, 0.3592
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284695608 (0xFF634438)
YUV	75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578
Hunter-Lab	26.5940, 6.6636, 8.1625

# Details

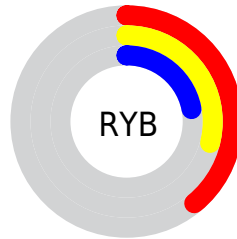
The YUV color **75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **79.0990, 9.8112, -20.2578**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.9830, -10.8376, 22.8169**, and **31.4060, -9.0742, 17.1839** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.6520, -12.1534, 24.8612**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.1500, -7.4690, 15.6544**.

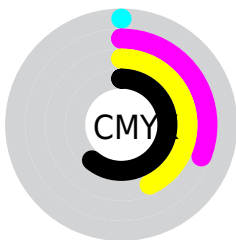
# Distribution



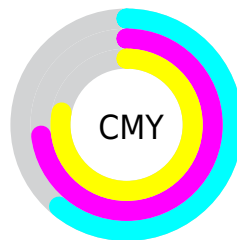
- Red (39%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (61%)




- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (78%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 75.9010, -9.8112,  
20.2578


 75.9010, -9.8112,  
20.2578


 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 53.0040, -9.3690,  
18.4135

 124.9830,  
-10.8376, 22.8169


 31.4060, -9.0742,  
17.1839


 151.1680,  
-11.4218, 23.5317

 8.6710, -4.2748,  
17.8285

 177.7660,  
-11.7166, 24.7612

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 205.9510,  
-12.3008, 25.4760

 231.4450,  
-11.5584, 20.6577

 251.1870, -6.9942,

■ 75.9010, -9.8112,  
20.2578

■ 75.9010, -9.8112,  
20.2578

■ 70.6520, -12.1534,  
24.8612

■ 81.1500, -7.4690,  
15.6544

■ 65.4030, -14.4957,  
29.4646

■ 86.3990, -5.1267,  
11.0511

■ 60.1540, -16.8379,  
34.0679

■ 91.6480, -2.7845,  
6.4477

■ 54.3180, -18.8908,  
39.1861

■ 97.4840, -0.7316,  
1.3295

■ 49.0690, -21.2330,  
43.7895

■ 102.7330, 1.6106,  
-3.2738

■ 46.0370, -22.6962,  
46.4486

■ 107.8680, 3.5161,  
-7.7772

■ 113.1170, 5.8583,  
-12.3806

■ 118.3660, 8.2006,  
-16.9840

■ 123.6150, 10.5428,  
-21.5874

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76.4050, -4.1437, 22.4468



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



74.7600, -12.6997, 13.3655

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



69.7540, -0.3717, -20.8323



75.5830, 12.5306, -5.7733

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



79.0990, 9.8112, -20.2578

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.9510, 14.3212, -20.1280



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



68.0500, 7.3704, -30.7388

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



71.6970, -7.2456, -9.3813



68.2440, 13.1907, -30.9090



77.2320, 8.2666, 8.5665



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



73.7160, -12.6780, 6.3881



68.2440, 13.1907, -30.9090



74.1910, 13.7098, -10.6915

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



119.0180, -3.9529, 7.8772



72.5050, 7.6390, 23.2361



58.1640, -2.0529, 5.1182



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



92.1860, -15.3747, 31.4089



88.2280, -15.8884, 9.4470



45.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443



51.6850, -25.4807, 52.8963



111.0890, -54.7669, 113.0549



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.0990, 9.8112, -20.2578



96.8140, 15.3747, -31.4089



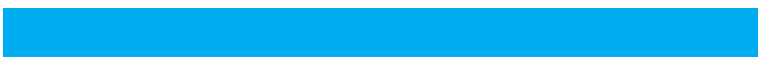
66.7720, 15.8884, -9.4470



46.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



60.3150, 25.4807, -52.8963



128.9110, 54.7669, -113.0549



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

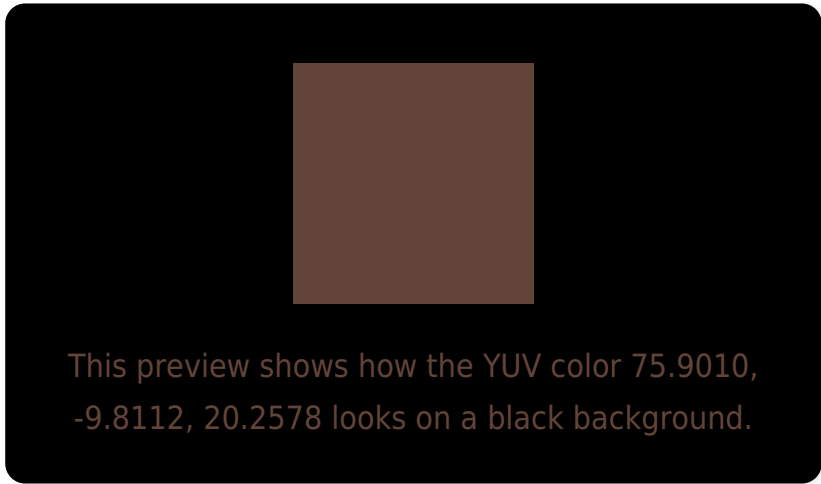
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578.



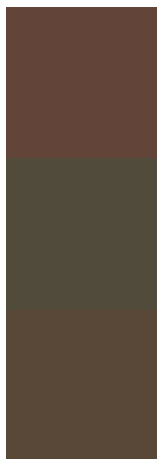
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.9010, -9.8112,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578

### Protanopia

74.6710, -7.7258, 4.6735

### Deuteranopia

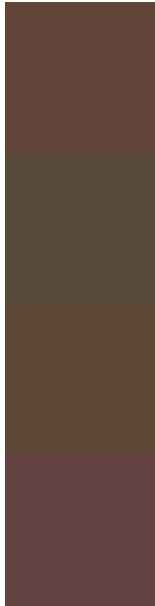
75.1450, -9.9315, 12.1508



## Tritanopia

76.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578

## Protanomaly

74.8890, -8.3263, 10.6213

## Deuteranomaly

75.7540, -10.2317, 15.1247

## Tritanomaly

76.7530, -5.3012, 20.3876

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578

## Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

75.8330, -3.3687, 7.1625

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 68, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 68, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 68, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 68, 56) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 68, 56) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 68, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 68, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 68, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 68, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 68, 56)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 75.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 68, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 68,  
56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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