

# Converting Colors

YUV(75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(75.9260, 9.4035,  
64.0859)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	95235F
RGB	149, 35, 95
RGB Percent	58%, 14%, 37%
CMY	0.4157, 0.8627, 0.6275
CMYK	0.00, 0.77, 0.36, 0.42
HSL	328°, 62%, 36%
HSV	328°, 77%, 58%
XYZ	15.0610, 8.4178, 11.6575
YIQ	75.9260, 48.6840, 42.8280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

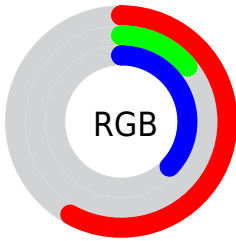
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	149, 35, 95
Decimal	9773919
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	34.84, 51.44, -7.32
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	35, 51.954, 351.905
Yxy	8.4178, 0.4286, 0.2396
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287963999 (0xFF95235F)
YUV	75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859
Hunter-Lab	29.0135, 41.8863, -3.5129

# Details

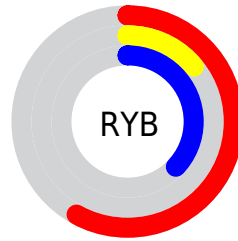
The YUV color **75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **108.0740, -9.4035, -64.0859**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.8400, 6.4879, 65.9153**, and **33.3930, 7.6943, 52.2753** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.3230, 10.6868, 72.5077**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.5290, 8.1202, 55.6641**.

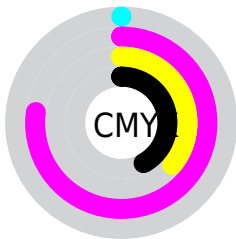
# Distribution



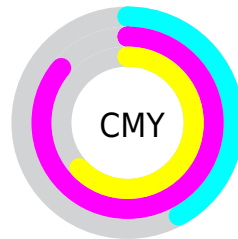
- Red (58%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (63%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 75.9260, 9.4035,  
64.0859


 75.9260, 9.4035,  
64.0859

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 44.2730, 13.1764,  
67.2896


 131.8400, 6.4879,  
65.9153


 33.3930, 7.6943,  
52.2753

 159.4380, 6.1931,  
67.1449


 23.2250, 2.3541,  
38.3907

 184.0460, 7.3723,  
62.2267

 12.6720, -5.7543,  
25.7207

 203.6740, 11.4997,  
45.0129

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 223.8890, 15.3377,  
27.2843

 240.9120, 6.9454,

12.3552

■ 75.9260, 9.4035,  
64.0859

■ 75.9260, 9.4035,  
64.0859

■ 66.3230, 10.6868,  
72.5077

■ 85.5290, 8.1202,  
55.6641

■ 56.7200, 11.9700,  
80.9296

■ 95.1320, 6.8369,  
47.2422

■ 53.4430, 12.1066,  
83.8035

■ 104.7350, 5.5536,  
38.8204

■ 114.3380, 4.2704,  
30.3986

■ 123.9410, 2.9871,  
21.9767

■ 132.9570, 1.9932,  
14.0697

■ 142.5600, 0.7099,  
5.6479

■ 152.1630, -0.5734,  
-2.7740

■ 161.8800, -1.4198,  
-11.2958

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.4410, 24.9256, 32.0622



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



74.2090, -9.9630, 69.0997

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



73.4720, -36.2217, -2.1679



74.2840, 35.8490, -65.1471

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



108.0740, -9.4035, -64.0859

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.4680, 19.9823, -62.6774



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



59.2020, -16.8616, -51.9202

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



77.2030, -38.0611, 27.8860



65.9790, 1.4894, -57.8636



71.6400, 46.0265, -62.8283



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



76.4840, -23.9026, 60.0885



65.9790, 1.4894, -57.8636



73.7310, 31.1916, -64.6621

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



165.1910, 3.8498, 25.2655



63.8430, 41.9824, 21.1857



79.6690, 2.1352, 15.1993



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



79.8240, 14.3838, 100.1324



69.5420, -15.0572, 69.6847



69.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



49.4700, 11.1073, 77.6408



3.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859



79.8240, 14.3838, 100.1324



114.4580, 15.0572, -69.6847



69.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



49.4700, 11.1073, 77.6408

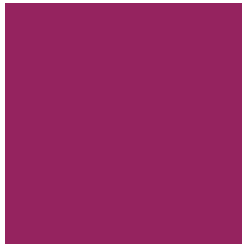


3.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

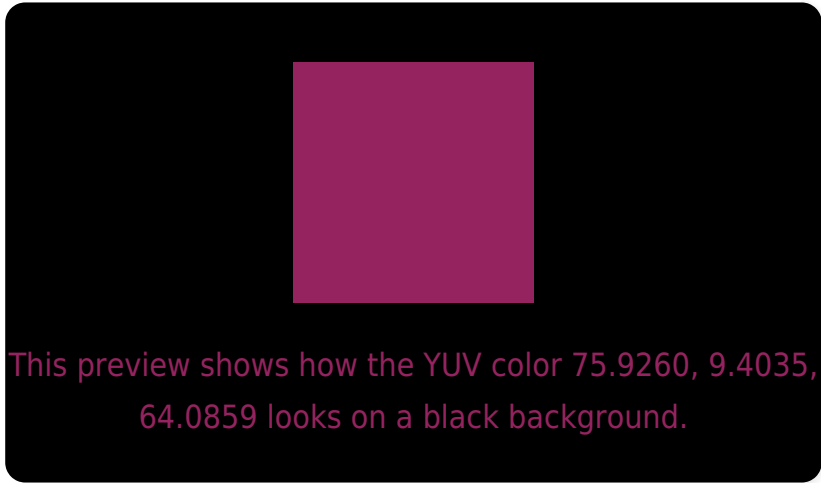
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

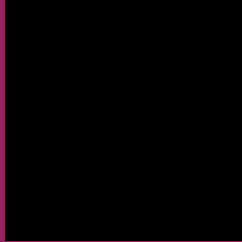
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 75.9260, 9.4035,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859

### Protanopia

82.8300, 21.2828, -13.0059

### Deuteranopia

84.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184



## Tritanopia

77.6440, -13.1355, 59.9482

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859

## Protanomaly

80.2680, 17.1229, 14.6740

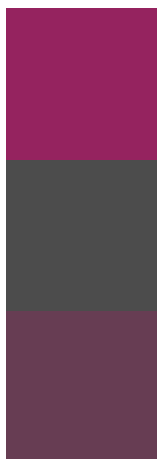
## Deuteranomaly

81.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951

## Tritanomaly

76.8320, -4.8472, 61.5373

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859

## Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

76.0660, 3.4185, 23.6211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 35, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 35, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 35, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 35, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 35, 95) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 35, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 35, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 35, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 35, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 35,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 75.9260, 9.4035, 64.0859 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 35, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149, 35,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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