

Converting Colors

YUV(76.0260, 30.5532,
-46.5038)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(76.0260, 30.5532,
-46.5038)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	175B8A
RGB	23, 91, 138
RGB Percent	9%, 36%, 54%
CMY	0.9098, 0.6431, 0.4588
CMYK	0.83, 0.34, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	205°, 71%, 32%
HSV	205°, 83%, 54%
XYZ	8.6819, 9.4993, 25.4207
YIQ	76.0260, -55.6150, 0.2010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

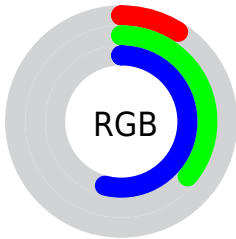
Format	Color
R_{YB}	23, 66, 138
Decimal	1530762
CIE Lab	36.93, -2.96, -31.90
CIE LCh	37, 32.033, 264.697
Yxy	9.4993, 0.1991, 0.2179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279720842 (0xFF175B8A)
YUV	76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038
Hunter-Lab	30.8209, -3.6554, -27.3270

Details

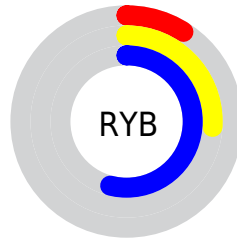
The YUV color **76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **84.9740, -30.5532, 46.5038**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130.6680, 30.2367, -38.2968**, and **37.0340, 25.1262, -32.4788** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.3180, 34.3532, -52.0219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7340, 26.7531, -40.9857**.

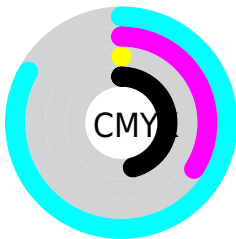
Distribution



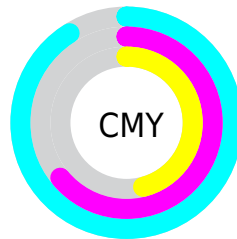
- Red (9%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.0260, 30.5532,
-46.5038

■ 76.0260, 30.5532,
-46.5038

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 52.6840, 29.2428,
-46.2039

■ 130.6680, 30.2367,
-38.2968

■ 37.0340, 25.1262,
-32.4788

■ 157.7930, 30.6681,
-36.6525

■ 22.5580, 20.4309,
-19.7834

■ 185.2060, 30.9574,
-36.1377

■ 6.5490, 17.4773,
-5.7435

■ 210.8120, 21.7847,
-34.0381

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,
-2.5144

■ 236.5060, 9.1175,
-31.1388

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 247.5250, 3.6852,

-15.3694

■ 76.0260, 30.5532,
-46.5038

■ 76.0260, 30.5532,
-46.5038

■ 68.3180, 34.3532,
-52.0219

■ 83.7340, 26.7531,
-40.9857

■ 63.8660, 36.5481,
-56.0105

■ 90.8550, 23.2425,
-34.9528

■ 98.2640, 19.5898,
-30.0495

■ 105.9720, 15.7898,
-24.5314

■ 113.0930, 12.2792,
-18.4986

■ 120.8010, 8.4791,
-12.9805

■ 127.9220, 4.9685,
-6.9476

■ 135.3310, 1.3158,
-2.0443

■ 143.0390, -2.4842,
3.4738

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



71.5310, 27.8392, -62.7327



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



87.6290, 22.8609, -5.8136

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



87.3320, -10.0237, 41.8048



77.9740, -10.8332, -25.4102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



84.9740, -30.5532, 46.5038

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.5550, -21.9656, -1.3637



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



85.9430, -20.1849, 34.2530

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



88.2250, 2.3541, 38.3907



84.8780, -25.0829, 18.5240



67.9340, 6.4415, -59.5781

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



89.5560, 16.9809, 13.5444



84.8780, -25.0829, 18.5240



80.1770, -15.3703, -16.8182

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



154.3920, 12.1317, -17.8838



95.7490, -13.1873, -63.8009



74.4700, 7.1633, -10.9362



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038



82.6280, 47.5114, -72.4648



42.5670, 47.0485, -17.1603



65.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590



60.9480, 35.5216, -53.4514



2.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.1370, 12.7505, 63.9009



65.6050, 19.9147, 99.4474



117.8460, -46.7591, 17.6751



64.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035



48.6590, 14.4651, 73.9671



1.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

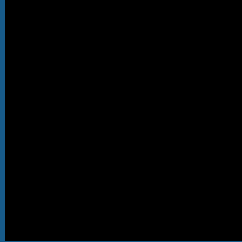
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.0260, 30.5532,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038

Protanopia

85.9870, 23.1774, -14.0206

Deuteranopia

83.6590, 27.2831, -24.2569



Tritanopia

68.2080, 17.6455, -59.8184

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038

Protanomaly

82.3060, 25.9781, -25.7014

Deuteranomaly

80.6580, 28.7626, -32.1491

Tritanomaly

70.7940, 22.2866, -55.0703

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038

Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

75.8760, 11.4001, -16.5543

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(23, 91, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(23, 91, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(23, 91, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(23, 91, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(23, 91, 138) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(23, 91, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(23, 91, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(23, 91, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 91, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(23, 91,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 76.0260, 30.5532, -46.5038 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(23, 91, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(23, 91,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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