

Converting Colors

YUV(76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(76.0860, 6.3666,
11.3256)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	594359
RGB	89, 67, 89
RGB Percent	35%, 26%, 35%
CMY	0.6510, 0.7373, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	300°, 14%, 31%
HSV	300°, 25%, 35%
XYZ	7.9302, 6.8594, 10.3572
YIQ	76.0860, 6.0500, 11.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

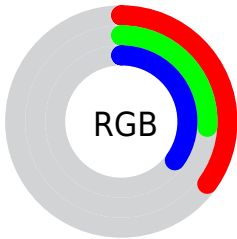
Format	Color
RYB	89, 67, 89
Decimal	5849945
CIELab	31.48, 13.81, -9.43
CIELCh	31, 16.719, 325.677
Yxy	6.8594, 0.3154, 0.2728
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284040025 (0xFF594359)
YUV	76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256
Hunter-Lab	26.1905, 8.2141, -5.1133




Details

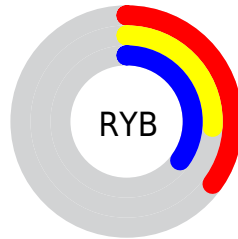
The YUV color **76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **79.9140, -6.3666, -11.3256**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552**, and **31.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.8030, 8.9711, 15.9588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924**.

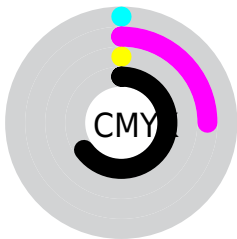
Distribution







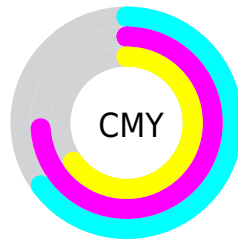
-  Red (35%)
-  Green (26%)
-  Blue (35%)






-  Red (35%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Blue (35%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (25%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (65%)



-  Cyan (65%)
-  Magenta (74%)
-  Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.0860, 6.3666,
11.3256

■ 76.0860, 6.3666,
11.3256

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 53.3740, 6.2246,
10.1960

■ 124.9120, 6.9454,
12.3552

■ 31.8470, 5.4984,
9.7812

■ 151.2110, 6.7980,
12.9700

■ 9.7980, 6.5086,
12.4552

■ 177.6240, 7.0874,
13.4848

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 205.6240, 7.0874,
13.4848

■ 233.4500, 7.6662,
14.5144

■ 252.6520, 1.1576,

2.0592

■ 76.0860, 6.3666,
11.3256

■ 76.0860, 6.3666,
11.3256

■ 70.8030, 8.9711,
15.9588

■ 81.3690, 3.7621,
6.6924

■ 65.5200, 11.5756,
20.5920

■ 86.6520, 1.1576,
2.0592

■ 60.2370, 14.1802,
25.2252

■ 91.9350, -1.4470,
-2.5740

■ 54.9540, 16.7847,
29.8583

■ 97.2180, -4.0515,
-7.2072

■ 50.2580, 19.0998,
33.9767

■ 102.5010, -6.6560,
-11.8404

■ 44.9750, 21.7043,
38.6099

■ 107.1970, -8.9711,
-15.9588

■ 39.6920, 24.3088,
43.2431

■ 112.4800,
-11.5756, -20.5920

■ 36.7570, 25.7558,
45.8171

■ 117.7630,
-14.1802, -25.2252

■ 123.0460,
-16.7847, -29.8583

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



74.6760, 11.4987, -1.4699



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



75.6480, 0.6665, 19.6027

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



73.7380, -12.6888, 9.8768



66.8050, 8.9701, -30.5240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



79.9140, -6.3666, -11.3256

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



68.3130, 1.8177, -23.0765



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



72.4270, -11.0565, -0.3745

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



74.3630, -10.5320, 18.0986



70.4300, -5.6350, -12.6551



68.2660, 13.1799, -27.4203

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



75.2200, -3.5595, 21.7321



70.4300, -5.6350, -12.6551



66.9470, 6.9281, -28.8945

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



110.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184



69.5080, 9.6096, -2.1995



56.0650, 1.4470, 2.5740



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



94.4550, 10.1287, 18.0180



74.8320, 1.5618, 12.4253



40.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



44.1910, 30.9648, 55.0835



97.0550, 68.0069, 120.9778

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256



94.4550, 10.1287, 18.0180



81.1680, -1.5618, -12.4253



40.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



44.1910, 30.9648, 55.0835



97.0550, 68.0069, 120.9778

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

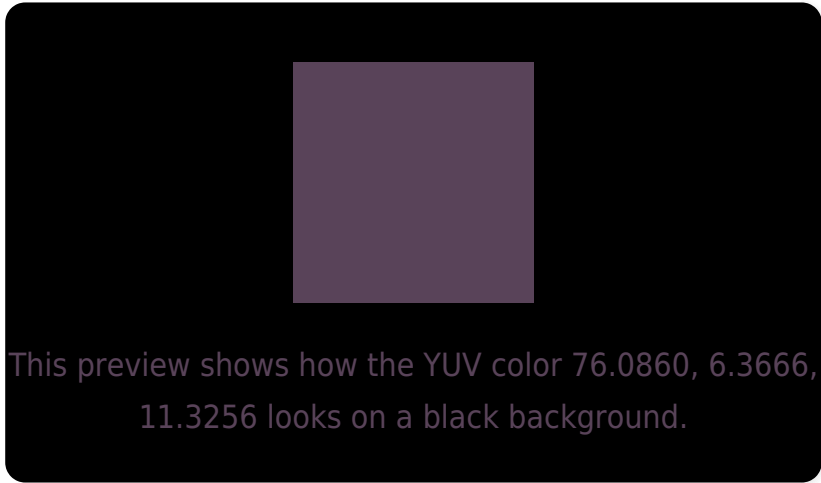
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256.

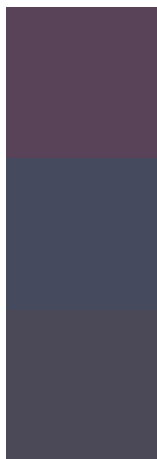


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256

Protanopia

74.7850, 9.4730, -5.0734

Deuteranopia

75.3080, 6.2572, -0.2701



Tritanopia

75.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256

Protanomaly

74.8890, 8.4357, 0.9743

Deuteranomaly

75.6290, 6.0989, 3.8334

Tritanomaly

75.9350, 2.0040, 10.5810

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256

Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

76.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 67, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 67, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 67, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 67, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 67, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 67, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 67, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 67, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 67, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 67, 89)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 76.0860, 6.3666, 11.3256 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 67, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 67,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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