

Converting Colors

YUV(76.1000, -11.3883,
59.5483)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(76.1000, -11.3883,
59.5483)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	902E35
RGB	144, 46, 53
RGB Percent	56%, 18%, 21%
CMY	0.4353, 0.8196, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 0.68, 0.63, 0.44
HSL	356°, 52%, 37%
HSV	356°, 68%, 56%
XYZ	13.1212, 8.1403, 4.2478
YIQ	76.1000, 56.1610, 22.9530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

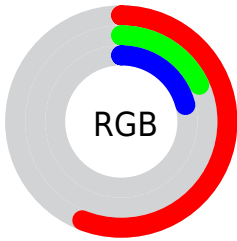
Format	Color
R _Y B	144, 46, 53
Decimal	9449013
CIE Lab	34.27, 41.72, 18.85
CIE LCh	34, 45.777, 24.312
Yxy	8.1403, 0.5144, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287639093 (0xFF902E35)
YUV	76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483
Hunter-Lab	28.5313, 32.1604, 11.1446

Details

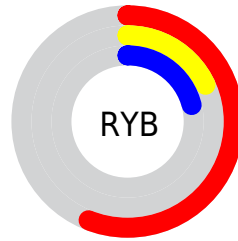
The YUV color **76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **113.9000, 11.3883, -59.5483**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129.5090, -15.0409, 64.4516**, and **27.3380, -9.0406, 53.2006** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.4000, -13.0152, 68.0552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.8000, -9.7614, 51.0414**.

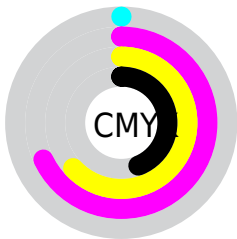
Distribution



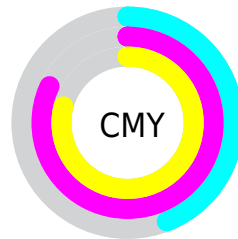
- Red (56%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.1000, -11.3883,
59.5483

■ 76.1000, -11.3883,
59.5483

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 48.0120, -7.8939,
58.7485

■ 129.5090,
-15.0409, 64.4516

■ 27.3380, -9.0406,
53.2006

■ 156.2920,
-15.9200, 66.3959

■ 17.9400, -8.8444,
36.8866

■ 181.9820,
-15.7671, 64.0368

■ 9.3830, -4.1328,
18.9581

■ 201.4960,
-12.0765, 46.9230

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 221.0100, -8.3859,
29.8092

■ 240.7520, -3.8217,

12.4955

■ 76.1000, -11.3883,
59.5483

■ 76.1000, -11.3883,
59.5483

■ 66.4000, -13.0152,
68.0552

■ 85.8000, -9.7614,
51.0414

■ 55.9990, -14.7895,
77.1769

■ 96.2010, -7.9871,
41.9197

■ 46.2990, -16.4164,
85.6838

■ 105.9010, -6.3602,
33.4128

■ 44.1960, -16.8586,
87.5281

■ 116.1880, -5.0227,
24.3911

■ 126.0020, -2.9590,
15.7842

■ 135.7020, -1.3321,
7.2773

■ 146.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 155.8030, 2.0691,
-10.3512

■ 166.0900, 3.4066,
-19.3729

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.5460, 5.6468, 55.6492



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



76.9570, -28.0798, 46.5187

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



61.8590, -13.2415, -46.3573



68.5110, 41.6531, -60.0841

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



113.9000, 11.3883, -59.5483

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.0240, 33.5122, -62.2880



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



65.1470, 3.3785, -57.1339

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



71.7000, -35.3481, -2.3679



69.4790, 19.9769, -60.9331



79.6310, 33.2129, -12.8314

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



76.0510, -37.4931, 32.4043



69.4790, 19.9769, -60.9331



70.0440, 39.9113, -61.4286

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



160.4050, -4.1437, 22.4468



84.0820, 29.5396, 45.5321



78.6920, -2.8062, 13.4251



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



80.5880, -18.0379, 92.4463



99.3690, -26.3109, 39.1414



66.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



41.5050, -15.5320, 81.9951



2.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483



80.5880, -18.0379, 92.4463



90.6310, 26.3109, -39.1414



66.2070, -0.5951, 4.2035



41.5050, -15.5320, 81.9951



2.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

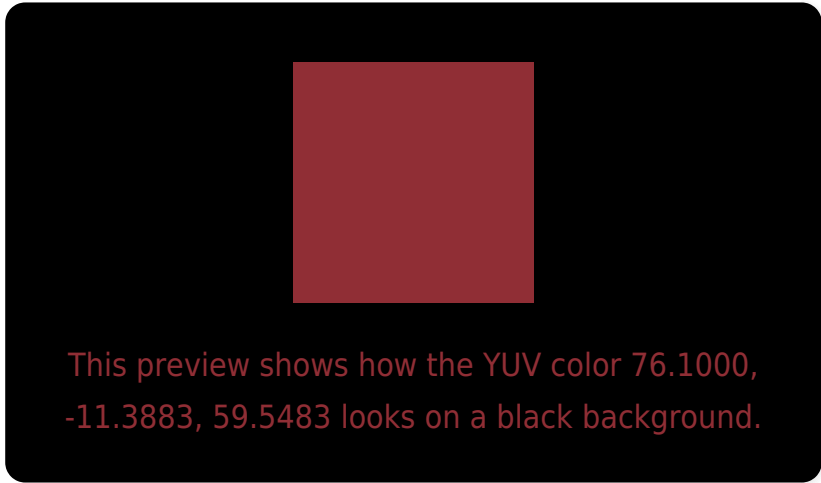
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

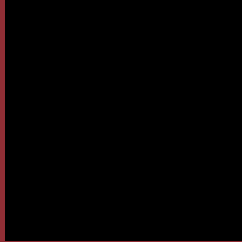
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.1000, -11.3883,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483

Protanopia

81.0130, -6.4154, 4.3736

Deuteranopia

80.8590, -16.1995, 15.9097



Tritanopia

76.2310, -13.4249, 59.4334

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483

Protanomaly

79.0910, -7.9329, 24.4762

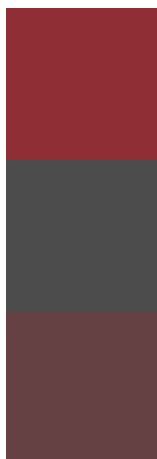
Deuteranomaly

78.8270, -14.2117, 31.7237

Tritanomaly

76.3450, -12.9881, 59.3334

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483

Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

76.1060, -3.9963, 21.8320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 46, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 46, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 46, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 46, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 46, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 46, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 46, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 46, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 46, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 46,  
53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 76.1000, -11.3883, 59.5483 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 46, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144, 46,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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