

Converting Colors

YUV(76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401)
contains.

YUV(76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(76.2450, 1.8512,
12.9401)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B4450
RGB	91, 68, 80
RGB Percent	36%, 27%, 31%
CMY	0.6431, 0.7333, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.12, 0.64
HSL	329°, 14%, 31%
HSV	329°, 25%, 36%
XYZ	7.8295, 6.9376, 8.5158
YIQ	76.2450, 9.8560, 8.6080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

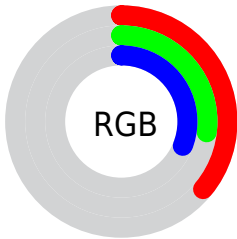
Format	Color
R_{YB}	91, 68, 80
Decimal	5981264
CIE Lab	31.66, 12.10, -3.35
CIE LCh	32, 12.560, 344.530
Yxy	6.9376, 0.3363, 0.2980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284171344 (0xFF5B4450)
YUV	76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401
Hunter-Lab	26.3393, 6.9662, -0.7318

Details

The YUV color **76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **82.7550, -1.8512, -12.9401**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **124.9570, 1.9932, 14.0697**, and **32.2340, 1.8566, 11.1958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.5060, 2.7085, 17.9732**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.9840, 0.9939, 7.9070**.

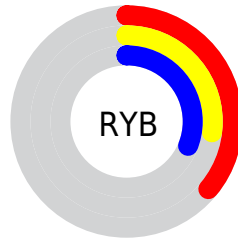
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (27%)

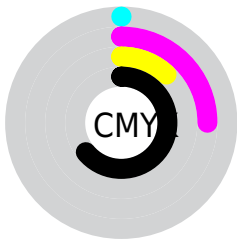
Blue (31%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (31%)

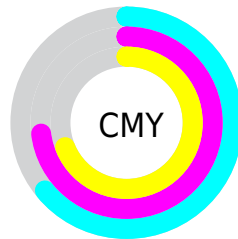


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.2450, 1.8512,
12.9401

■ 76.2450, 1.8512,
12.9401

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 53.5330, 1.7092,
11.8106

■ 124.9570, 1.9932,
14.0697

■ 32.2340, 1.8566,
11.1958

■ 151.2560, 1.8458,
14.6845

■ 9.3700, 2.2826,
14.5845

■ 177.6690, 2.1352,
15.1993

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 205.6690, 2.1352,
15.1993

■ 233.9680, 1.9878,
15.8141

■ 253.2390, 0.8682,

1.5444

■ 76.2450, 1.8512,
12.9401

■ 76.2450, 1.8512,
12.9401

■ 70.5060, 2.7085,
17.9732

■ 81.9840, 0.9939,
7.9070

■ 64.6530, 3.1291,
23.1063

■ 87.8370, 0.5734,
2.7740

■ 58.9140, 3.9864,
28.1394

■ 93.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 53.1750, 4.8437,
33.1725

■ 99.3150, -1.1413,
-7.2923

■ 46.7350, 5.5536,
38.8204

■ 105.7550, -1.8512,
-12.9401

■ 40.9960, 6.4110,
43.8535

■ 111.4940, -2.7085,
-17.9732

■ 35.2570, 7.2683,
48.8866

■ 117.2330, -3.5659,
-23.0063

■ 32.5670, 7.1155,
51.2457

■ 123.0860, -3.9864,
-28.1394

■ 128.8250, -4.8437,
-33.1725

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.7540, 6.5303, 5.4777



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



76.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



73.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



70.7570, 8.5008, -19.9579

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



82.7550, -1.8512, -12.9401

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70.3180, 4.2802, -19.5729



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



72.3600, -6.0935, -5.5777

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



74.6610, -9.1999, 10.8213



71.2710, -1.1196, -14.2697



72.5450, 10.0843, -14.5100

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



75.3180, -5.5798, 16.3841



71.2710, -1.1196, -14.2697



70.7030, 7.0484, -20.7875

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



111.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



73.9110, 8.4249, 4.4631



55.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



94.5170, 2.7031, 19.7176



74.9910, -2.9536, 14.0399



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



39.3880, 8.6827, 61.9267



84.9990, 19.2275, 133.3049

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



94.5170, 2.7031, 19.7176



84.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



39.3880, 8.6827, 61.9267



84.9990, 19.2275, 133.3049

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

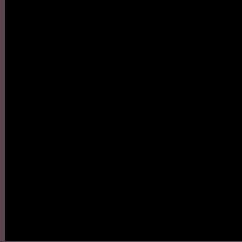
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

Protanopia

74.8410, 4.5154, -1.6146

Deuteranopia

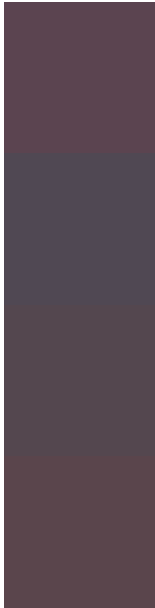
75.7770, 1.5889, 3.7036



Tritanopia

75.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

Protanomaly

75.6460, 3.6255, 3.8185

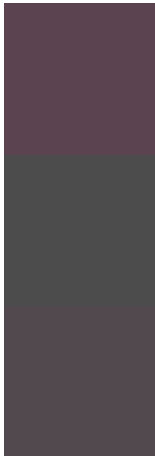
Deuteranomaly

75.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923

Tritanomaly

76.0770, -0.0380, 12.2105

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

75.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 68, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 68, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 68, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 68, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 68, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 68, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 68, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 68, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 68, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 68, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 76.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 68, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 68,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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