

Converting Colors

YUV(76.2900, 33.3810,
-66.9063)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(76.2900, 33.3810,
-66.9063)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006690
RGB	0, 102, 144
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 56%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6000, 0.4353
CMYK	1.00, 0.29, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	198°, 100%, 28%
HSV	198°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	9.7854, 11.5164, 28.0927
YIQ	76.2900, -74.2740, -8.5620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

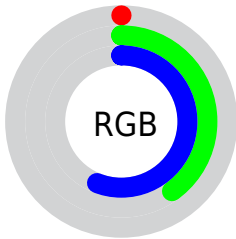
Format	Color
RYB	0, 60, 144
Decimal	26256
CIELab	40.44, -8.92, -30.02
CIELCh	40, 31.316, 253.450
Yxy	11.5164, 0.1981, 0.2332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216336 (0xFF006690)
YUV	76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063
Hunter-Lab	33.9358, -7.9169, -25.3264

Details

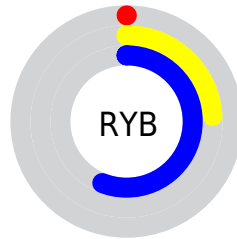
The YUV color **76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **67.7100, -33.3810, 66.9063**, and the grayscale version is **76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136.9010, 30.1218, -48.1482**, and **42.8870, 24.7057, -37.6119** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.8240, 30.1598, -60.3586**.

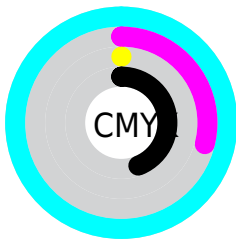
Distribution



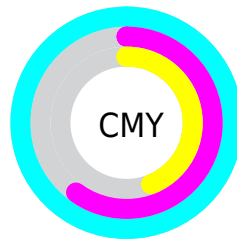
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 76.2900, 33.3810,
-66.9063

■ 76.2900, 33.3810,
-66.9063

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 59.2380, 28.9697,
-51.9517

■ 136.9010, 30.1218,
-48.1482

■ 42.8870, 24.7057,
-37.6119

■ 164.6130, 30.2638,
-47.0186

■ 27.8240, 20.2998,
-24.4016

■ 192.4390, 30.8426,
-45.9890

■ 9.4670, 18.5038,
-8.3026

■ 217.5460, 18.4648,
-42.5748

■ 3.4370, 10.6306,
-3.0142

■ 237.9570, 8.4022,
-35.0423

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 246.6280, 4.1274,

-17.2138

■ 76.2900, 33.3810,
-66.9063

■ 82.8240, 30.1598,
-60.3586

■ 89.6570, 26.7911,
-53.1962

■ 96.7780, 23.2804,
-47.1633

■ 103.6110, 19.9118,
-40.0008

■ 110.1450, 16.6905,
-33.4532

■ 116.6790, 13.4693,
-26.9055

■ 123.5120, 10.1006,
-19.7430

■ 130.6330, 6.5899,
-13.7101

■ 137.4660, 3.2213,
-6.5477

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.6290, 25.8189, -68.0806



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



93.8340, 25.2248, -17.3944

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



96.1840, -5.5137, 41.9346



88.7750, -15.6651, -15.5887

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



67.7100, -33.3810, 66.9063

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.4420, -23.8819, 6.6284



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



95.4750, -16.9962, 38.1714

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



97.9300, 6.4435, 33.3874



94.2640, -23.7942, 25.2015



81.7960, -0.8854, -42.7941

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



97.0000, 20.2130, 3.5080



94.2640, -23.7942, 25.2015



89.9070, -19.1812, -7.8114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



159.8640, 12.8850, -26.1907



89.2020, -23.7636, -78.2302



77.9640, 7.9057, -15.7544



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063



98.6880, 43.0448, -86.5494



34.6130, 53.9278, -30.3556



67.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



71.7420, 31.1862, -62.9177



3.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.6840, 23.3268, 78.3301



70.6620, 30.2396, 101.1514



109.3870, -53.9278, 30.3556



66.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035



51.3090, 22.0327, 73.3970



2.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

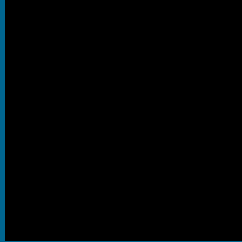
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063.

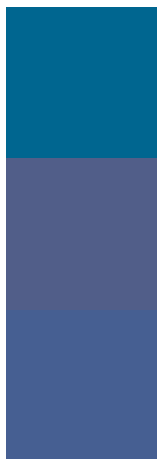


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.2900, 33.3810,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063

Protanopia

95.0150, 20.6986, -12.2912

Deuteranopia

93.3390, 25.9619, -20.4683



Tritanopia

75.2180, 19.1195, -65.9662

Trichromacy



Original Color

76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063

Protanomaly

88.4470, 25.4156, -31.9640

Deuteranomaly

87.5110, 28.3421, -37.2821

Tritanomaly

75.8850, 24.2137, -66.5511

Monochromacy



Original Color

76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063

Achromatopsia

76.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

75.7610, 12.4428, -24.3464

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 102, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 102, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 102, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 102, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 102, 144) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 102, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 102, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 102, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 102,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 76.2900, 33.3810, -66.9063 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 102, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 102,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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