

# Converting Colors

YUV(76.8350, -23.0897,  
32.5937)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937)  
contains.

<b>YUV(76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(76.8350, -23.0897,  
32.5937)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	72431E
RGB	114, 67, 30
RGB Percent	45%, 26%, 12%
CMY	0.5529, 0.7373, 0.8824
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.74, 0.55
HSL	26°, 58%, 28%
HSV	26°, 74%, 45%
XYZ	9.1809, 7.6855, 2.2278
YIQ	76.8350, 39.8890, -1.5430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

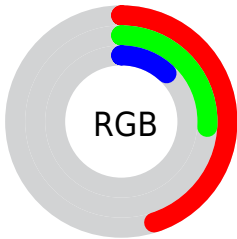
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	114, 96, 30
Decimal	7488286
CIE Lab	33.32, 16.83, 30.33
CIE LCh	33, 34.688, 60.972
Yxy	7.6855, 0.4808, 0.4025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285678366 (0xFF72431E)
YUV	76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937
Hunter-Lab	27.7227, 10.5993, 14.6412

# Details

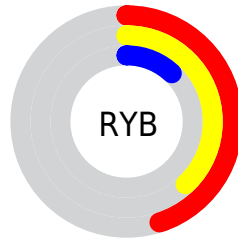
The YUV color **76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **67.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.7000, -24.9951, 37.0971**, and **32.0390, -15.7952, 26.2758** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.0590, -26.1581, 36.7823**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.6110, -20.0212, 28.4052**.

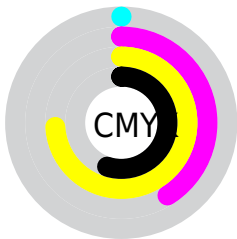
# Distribution



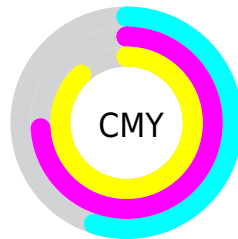
- Red (45%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 76.8350, -23.0897,  
32.5937

■ 76.8350, -23.0897,  
32.5937

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 52.6390, -22.5000,  
30.1346

■ 126.7000,  
-24.9951, 37.0971

■ 32.0390, -15.7952,  
26.2758

■ 153.3690,  
-26.3109, 39.1414

■ 11.3620, -5.6015,  
23.3615

■ 180.7390,  
-27.4793, 40.5709

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 208.0380,  
-27.6267, 41.1857

■ 227.4380,  
-24.3729, 24.1719

■ 247.0660,

-20.2455, 6.9581

252.6060, -9.1728,  
2.0995

76.8350, -23.0897,  
32.5937

76.8350, -23.0897,  
32.5937

72.0590, -26.1581,  
36.7823

81.6110, -20.0212,  
28.4052

66.5820, -29.3739,  
41.5856

87.0880, -16.8054,  
23.6018

63.4360, -31.2739,  
44.3446

91.8640, -13.7370,  
19.4133

97.3410, -10.5211,  
14.6099

102.1170, -7.4527,  
10.4214

■ 106.8930, -4.3842,  
6.2328

■ 112.3700, -1.1684,  
1.4295

■ 117.1460, 1.9000,  
-2.7590

■ 122.0360, 5.4053,  
-7.0476

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.3600, -12.5025, 43.5343



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



74.8730, -27.5454, 15.0204

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



62.8960, 7.4463, -55.1598



79.9610, 22.6972, 0.0342

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



67.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.5960, 32.7372, -47.0037



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



65.5010, 19.9660, -57.4444

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



66.1190, -7.4537, -36.0614



66.0200, 29.5701, -57.8995



80.6780, 11.9907, 27.4694



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



73.7680, -25.0286, 1.0805



66.0200, 29.5701, -57.8995



77.6930, 25.7874, -11.1318

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



133.6720, -9.2053, 12.5657



60.5880, 8.5841, 46.8423



65.3770, -5.1159, 7.5624



201.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



74.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937



90.3290, -35.6582, 50.5775



100.9020, -34.9547, 11.4869



53.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



66.9910, -33.0266, 46.4889



137.8360, -67.9531, 95.7368



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.1650, 23.0897, -32.5937



75.6710, 35.6582, -50.5775



43.0980, 34.9547, -11.4869



53.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591



53.0090, 33.0266, -46.4889



109.1640, 67.9531, -95.7368



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

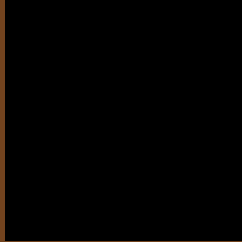
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.8350, -23.0897,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937

### Protanopia

76.4470, -21.4194, 10.1320

### Deuteranopia

76.8180, -24.0673, 19.4536



## Tritanopia

79.4170, -5.6286, 32.0833

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937

## Protanomaly

76.6760, -22.0253, 17.8241

## Deuteranomaly

76.6660, -23.4993, 23.9719

## Tritanomaly

78.1090, -11.8857, 32.3534

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937

## Achromatopsia

77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

76.6010, -8.1843, 11.7509

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(114, 67, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(114, 67, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 67, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(114, 67, 30) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(114, 67, 30) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(114, 67, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(114, 67, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(114, 67, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 67, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(114, 67,  
30) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 76.8350, -23.0897, 32.5937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(114, 67, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(114, 67,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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